

# Search for flavor-changing neutral-current couplings between the top quark and the Z boson with proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector

G. Aad *et al.*<sup>\*</sup>  
(ATLAS Collaboration)



(Received 30 January 2023; accepted 22 June 2023; published 30 August 2023)

A search for flavor-changing neutral-current couplings between a top quark, an up or charm quark, and a Z boson is presented, using proton–proton collision data at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV collected by the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider. The analyzed data set corresponds to an integrated luminosity of  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . The search targets both single-top-quark events produced as  $q\bar{q} \rightarrow tZ$  (with  $q = u, c$ ) and top-quark-pair events, with one top quark decaying through the  $t \rightarrow Zq$  channel. The analysis considers events with three leptons (electrons or muons), a  $b$ -tagged jet, possible additional jets, and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the background-only hypothesis and 95% confidence-level limits on the  $t \rightarrow Zq$  branching ratios, assuming only tensor operators of the Standard Model effective field theory framework contribute to the  $tZq$  vertices. These are  $6.2 \times 10^{-5}$  ( $13 \times 10^{-5}$ ) for  $t \rightarrow Zu$  ( $t \rightarrow Zc$ ) for a left-handed  $tZq$  coupling, and  $6.6 \times 10^{-5}$  ( $12 \times 10^{-5}$ ) in the case of a right-handed coupling. These results are interpreted as 95% CL upper limits on the strength of the corresponding couplings, yielding limits for  $|C_{uW}^{(13)*}|$  and  $|C_{uB}^{(13)*}|$  ( $|C_{uW}^{(31)}|$  and  $|C_{uB}^{(31)}|$ ) of 0.15 (0.16), and limits for  $|C_{uW}^{(23)*}|$  and  $|C_{uB}^{(23)*}|$  ( $|C_{uW}^{(32)}|$  and  $|C_{uB}^{(32)}|$ ) of 0.22 (0.21), assuming a new-physics energy scale  $\Lambda_{\text{NP}}$  of 1 TeV.

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.108.032019

## I. INTRODUCTION

The top quark is the heaviest elementary particle known, and it decays almost exclusively into  $Wb$  [1]. In the Standard Model of particle physics (SM), flavor-changing neutral-current (FCNC) processes involving a top quark, an up-type quark, and a Z boson are forbidden at tree level and are strongly suppressed by the GIM mechanism [2] at higher orders, leading to branching ratios for top-quark decays via FCNC processes of the order of  $10^{-14}$  [3]. However, several SM extensions predict such branching ratios to be between  $10^{-4}$  and  $10^{-7}$ . Examples of SM extensions are the quark-singlet model [4], the two-Higgs-doublet model [5], the Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (MSSM) [6], the MSSM with R-parity violation [7], models with warped extra dimensions [8], and extended mirror fermion models [9].

FCNC couplings can be described by an effective field theory (EFT) [10,11] that extends the SM Lagrangian  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}$  with higher-dimensional operators suppressed by the scale

of new physics,  $\Lambda_{\text{NP}}$ , as shown in Eq. (1). At order  $\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^{-2}$  the strength of the anomalous couplings is given by the Wilson coefficients  $C_k$  that multiply dimension-six operators  $\mathcal{O}_k$ ,

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{NP}}^2} \sum_k C_k \mathcal{O}_k. \quad (1)$$

The relevant operators for a FCNC process with a top quark and a Z boson, following the notation in Ref. [12], are the operators  $\mathcal{O}_{uB}^{(ij)}$  and  $\mathcal{O}_{uW}^{(ij)}$  with  $i \neq j$ . The indices  $i$  and  $j$  of the operators refer to the flavor indices of the quark generations. One index is always equal to 3, as a top quark must be involved, while the other one is either 1 or 2, corresponding to an up or charm quark. The FCNC  $tZq$  interactions can be introduced by vector and tensor couplings, but only the latter are considered in this analysis because they would produce most of the “FCNC-in-single-top-production” signal [11]. The FCNC operators can be left-handed (LH) or right-handed (RH). The order of the indices  $i$  and  $j$  in Eq. (1) defines the chirality of the FCNC operators. A linear combination of the  $C_{uB}^{(13)}$  and  $C_{uW}^{(13)}$  coefficients corresponds to the  $tZu$  LH coupling, while a linear combination of the  $C_{uB}^{(31)}$  and  $C_{uW}^{(31)}$  coefficients defines the  $tZu$  RH coupling. Similarly, the  $tZc$  couplings are defined by the  $C_{uB}^{(23)}$  and  $C_{uW}^{(23)}$  coefficients for the LH case, while the  $C_{uB}^{(32)}$  and  $C_{uW}^{(32)}$  coefficients describe the RH

\*Full author list given at the end of the article.

Published by the American Physical Society under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license. Further distribution of this work must maintain attribution to the author(s) and the published article’s title, journal citation, and DOI. Funded by SCOAP<sup>3</sup>.

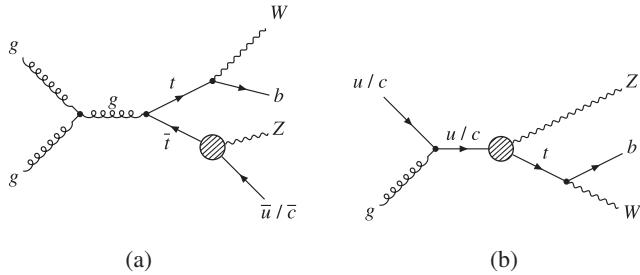


FIG. 1. Examples of the lowest-order Feynman diagrams for (a)  $t\bar{t}$  production, with one top quark decaying through the dominant mode in the SM and the other via a FCNC process and for (b) single-top-quark production via a FCNC process in the  $s$  channel.

case. For each linear combination, the two coefficients assume the same value with an opposite sign [11].

Experimental limits on the branching ratio of FCNC  $t \rightarrow Zq$  decays were previously established by experiments at the Large Electron–Positron Collider (LEP) [13–16], the Hadron–Electron Ring Accelerator (HERA) [17], the Tevatron [18,19], and the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) [20–23]. The most stringent observed limits,  $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zu) < 17 \times 10^{-5}$  and  $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zc) < 24 \times 10^{-5}$  [21], were set by ATLAS in a search for FCNC processes in  $t\bar{t}$  decays only, using  $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collision data at  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . The quoted limits apply to both the left- and right-handed couplings, as the analysis is not sensitive to the chirality.

This paper presents a search for FCNC  $tZq$  couplings, using  $pp$  collision data at  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$  collected by the ATLAS experiment at the LHC and corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $\mathcal{L}$ . The search is performed by analyzing the top-quark decays in  $t\bar{t}$  events as well as the production of single top quarks, as illustrated in Fig. 1. In the former channel, one of the top quarks decays through a FCNC process ( $t \rightarrow Zq$ ) and the other through the dominant mode ( $t \rightarrow Wb$ ). In contrast, in the latter channel the production of a single top quark proceeds through a FCNC process ( $gq \rightarrow tZ$ ). Single top production with FCNC decay contributes negligibly and is not considered in this analysis. While single-top-quark production gives the analysis more sensitivity to the FCNC  $tZu$  coupling, the  $t\bar{t}$  decay mode provides almost equal sensitivity to the FCNC  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  couplings. Since the FCNC production and decay processes are induced by the same couplings, the production cross section and decay branching ratio are connected. Therefore, the FCNC single-top-production cross section can be interpreted as the branching ratio of the corresponding FCNC decay. Thus, the analysis results for the numbers of production and decay signal events are translated into branching ratios for  $t \rightarrow Zq$ . For both of the considered channels, only the trileptonic final state is selected, in which the  $Z$  boson decays into charged leptons and the  $W$  boson from the top quark decays leptonically. The final states where either the  $Z$  boson or the  $W$  boson

decays hadronically are not considered because of the larger backgrounds. Therefore, the analysis selects events with three leptons (electrons or muons), a  $b$ -tagged jet, possible additional jets, and missing transverse momentum. After the selection, the main background sources are diboson events and the production of a single top quark in the  $t$  channel or a  $t\bar{t}$  pair in association with a  $Z$  boson. To improve the separation of signal from background events, a multivariate technique is used, which was not employed in the previous analysis. The statistical analysis uses a binned profile likelihood fit to the data.

## II. ATLAS DETECTOR

The ATLAS experiment [24] at the LHC is a multipurpose particle detector with a forward-backward symmetric cylindrical geometry and a near  $4\pi$  coverage in solid angle.<sup>1</sup> It consists of an inner tracking detector surrounded by a thin superconducting solenoid providing a 2 T axial magnetic field, electromagnetic and hadron calorimeters, and a muon spectrometer. The inner tracking detector (ID) covers the pseudorapidity range  $|\eta| < 2.5$ . It consists of silicon pixel, silicon microstrip, and transition radiation tracking detectors. Lead/liquid-argon (LAr) sampling calorimeters provide electromagnetic (EM) energy measurements with high granularity. A steel/scintillator tile hadron calorimeter covers the central pseudorapidity range ( $|\eta| < 1.7$ ). The end-cap and forward regions are instrumented with LAr calorimeters for both the EM and hadronic energy measurements up to  $|\eta| = 4.9$ . The muon spectrometer surrounds the calorimeters and is based on three large superconducting air-core toroidal magnets with eight coils each. The field integral of the toroids ranges between 2.0 and 6.0 T m across most of the detector. The muon spectrometer includes a system of precision tracking chambers and fast detectors for triggering. A two-level trigger system [25] is used to select events. The first-level trigger is implemented in hardware and uses a subset of the detector information to accept events at a rate below 100 kHz. This is followed by a software-based trigger that reduces the accepted event rate to 1 kHz on average depending on the data-taking conditions. An extensive software suite [26] is used in data simulation, in the reconstruction and analysis of real and simulated data, in detector operations, and in the trigger and data acquisition systems of the experiment.

<sup>1</sup>ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the center of the detector and the  $z$  axis along the beam pipe. The  $x$  axis points from the IP to the center of the LHC ring, and the  $y$  axis points upwards. Cylindrical coordinates  $(r, \phi)$  are used in the transverse plane,  $\phi$  being the azimuthal angle around the  $z$  axis. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle  $\theta$  as  $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$ . Distances in the  $\eta$ – $\phi$  plane are measured in units of  $\Delta R \equiv \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$ .

### III. DATA AND SAMPLES OF SIMULATED EVENTS

The data sample used in this analysis corresponds to  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$  collected by the ATLAS detector from 2015–2018, after requiring stable LHC beams and that all detector subsystems were operational [27].

Candidate events were required to satisfy one of the single-electron triggers or one of the single-muon triggers [25,28,29]. Single-lepton triggers with low transverse momentum ( $p_T$ ) thresholds and isolation requirements were combined in a logical OR with higher-threshold triggers that had a looser identification criterion and did not have any isolation requirement. The lowest  $p_T$  threshold used for electrons was 24 GeV (26 GeV) in 2015 (2016–2018), while for muons the corresponding threshold was 20 GeV (26 GeV).

To evaluate the effects of the detector resolution and acceptance on the signal and background, and to estimate the SM backgrounds, simulated event samples were produced using a Geant4-based Monte Carlo (MC) detector simulation [30,31]. Some of the samples used for evaluating systematic uncertainties did not use the full Geant4 simulation but instead relied on parametrized showers in the calorimeter [31]. The top-quark mass in the event generators described below was set to  $m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$ . In all samples, the decays of bottom and charm hadrons were performed by EvtGen 1.2.0 [32], unless stated otherwise.

The simulated data must account for the fact that significantly more than one inelastic  $pp$  collision occurs per bunch crossing. The average number of collisions per bunch crossing ranged from 13 to 38 for the 2015–2018 data-taking periods. Inelastic collisions were simulated using PYTHIA 8.186 [33] with the A3 set of tuned parameters [34] and the NNPDF2.3LO [35] set of parton distribution functions (PDFs), and overlaid on the signal and background MC samples. These simulated events were reweighted to match the conditions of the collision data, specifically the number of additional  $pp$  interactions in the same and neighboring bunch crossings (pile-up).

Several MC signal event samples were generated at next-to-leading order (NLO) in QCD with MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO 2.7.2 [36], using the NNPDF3.0NLO [37] PDF set. Parton showering and hadronization were modeled with PYTHIA 8.302 with the NNPDF2.3LO PDF set and the A14 set of tuned parameters [38]. Only events with leptonic decays (including  $\tau$  leptons) of the  $W$  and  $Z$  bosons were generated. The TopFCNC Universal FeynRules Output (UFO) model [11,39,40] was used for the computation of top-quark FCNC production and decay processes at NLO in QCD. Since FCNC processes in both production and decay are considered in this analysis, separate samples for each mode and for  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  couplings were generated. In order to study the chirality of these couplings, separate samples with LH and RH couplings were produced.

Additional signal samples generated with the same version of MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO were interfaced with Herwig 7.1.6 [41,42] instead of PYTHIA 8.302 to assess the uncertainty related to the choice of parton-shower model. The Herwig 7.1 default set of tuned parameters [42,43] was used together with the MMHT2014LO PDF set [44]. The decays of bottom and charm hadrons were performed by EvtGen 1.7.0.

For the normalization, the branching ratios are set to the best observed limits reported in Sec. I, constraining  $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow q'W) = 1 - \mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow uZ/cZ)$ , with  $q' = d, s, b$ . The FCNC  $t\bar{t}$  decay signal is normalized using the  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section prediction at next-to-next-to-leading order (NNLO) in QCD including the resummation of next-to-next-to-leading logarithmic (NNLL) soft-gluon terms calculated using Top++ 2.0 [45–51]. The FCNC single-top-quark production signal normalization cross section is calculated at NLO using the TopFCNC model as implemented in MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO.

The background is estimated using simulated samples that contain at least two leptons and at least two jets. These samples include the production of  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $t\bar{t}H$ ,  $t\bar{t}Z$ ,  $t\bar{t}W$ ,  $tZ$ ,  $tW$ ,  $tWZ$ ,  $Z + \text{jets}$ , diboson, triboson,  $t\bar{t}t$ ,  $t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}$ ,  $t\bar{t}WW$ ,  $ZH$ , and  $WH$  events.

The production of  $t\bar{t}$  and  $t\bar{t}H$  events is modeled using the POWHEG BOX v2 [52–56] generator at NLO with the NNPDF3.0NLO PDF set and the  $h_{\text{damp}}$  parameter<sup>2</sup> set to  $1.5 m_t$  for  $t\bar{t}$  [57] and to  $0.75 \times (2m_t + m_H)$  for  $t\bar{t}H$ , with  $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$ . The events are interfaced with PYTHIA 8.230 [58] to model the parton shower, hadronization, and underlying event, with parameters set according to the A14 tune and using the NNPDF2.3LO set of PDFs. The decays of bottom and charm hadrons are performed by EvtGen 1.6.0.

Additional  $t\bar{t}$  simulated samples are used to assess modeling uncertainties [59]. The impact of using a different parton-shower and hadronization model is evaluated by comparing the nominal “POWHEG+PYTHIA”  $t\bar{t}$  sample with another event sample produced with the POWHEG BOX v2 generator but interfaced with Herwig 7.1.3, using the Herwig 7.1 default set of tuned parameters and the MMHT2014LO PDF set. To estimate the systematic uncertainty in the choice of the  $h_{\text{damp}}$  parameter, a sample generated in the same way as the nominal one but with the  $h_{\text{damp}}$  parameter set to  $3.0 m_t$  is produced.

The production of  $t\bar{t}Z$  and  $t\bar{t}W$  events is modeled using the MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO 2.3.3 generator at NLO with the NNPDF3.0NLO PDF set. The events are interfaced with PYTHIA 8.210, which uses the A14 tune and the NNPDF2.3LO PDF set.

<sup>2</sup>The  $h_{\text{damp}}$  parameter is a resummation damping factor and one of the parameters that controls the matching of POWHEG matrix elements to the parton shower and thus effectively regulates the high- $p_T$  radiation against which the  $t\bar{t}$  system recoils.

Additional  $t\bar{t}Z$  simulated samples are used to assess modeling uncertainties. The impact of using a different parton-shower and hadronization model is evaluated by comparing the nominal  $t\bar{t}Z$  sample with an event sample produced with the MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO 2.6.2 generator interfaced with Herwig 7.0.4, which used the HERWIG 7.0 default set of tuned parameters and the MMHT2014LO PDF set. The decays of bottom and charm hadrons are performed by EvtGen 1.6.0. The uncertainty due to initial-state radiation (ISR) is estimated by comparing the nominal event sample with two samples where the Var3c [38] up and down variations of the A14 tune are employed.

The SM production of a single top quark in the  $t$  channel in association with a  $Z$  boson ( $tZ$ ) is modeled using the MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO 2.3.3 generator at NLO with the NNPDF3.0NLO PDF set. The events are interfaced with PYTHIA 8.230, which uses the A14 tune and the NNPDF2.3LO PDF set.

Similarly to  $t\bar{t}Z$ , additional  $tZ$  simulated samples are used to assess modeling uncertainties. The impact of using a different parton-shower and hadronization model is evaluated by comparing the nominal  $tZ$  sample with an event sample produced with the MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO 2.8.1 generator interfaced with Herwig 7.2.1, which uses the Herwig 7.1 default set of tuned parameters and the MMHT2014LO PDF set. The decays of bottom and charm hadrons are performed by EvtGen 1.7.0. The uncertainty due to ISR is estimated by comparing the nominal  $tZ$  sample with two additional samples, which have the same settings as the nominal one but employ the Var3c up and down variations of the A14 tune.

The associated production of a single top quark with a  $W$  boson ( $tW$ ) is modeled by the POWHEG BOX V2 [60] generator at NLO in QCD using the five-flavor scheme and the NNPDF3.0NLO set of PDFs. The diagram removal (DR) scheme [61] is used to remove interference and overlap with  $t\bar{t}$  production. The events are interfaced with PYTHIA 8.230, which uses the A14 tune and the NNPDF2.3LO set of PDFs.

The production of  $tWZ$  events is modeled using the MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO 2.3.3 generator at NLO with the NNPDF3.0NLO PDF set. The events are interfaced with PYTHIA 8.212, which uses the A14 tune and the NNPDF2.3LO PDF set. The DR scheme is employed to handle the interference between the  $tWZ$  and  $t\bar{t}Z$  processes. A sample with an alternative scheme described in Ref. [62] is produced to assess the associated systematic uncertainty.

The POWHEG BOX v1 MC generator [63] is used to simulate at NLO accuracy the hard-scattering processes of  $Z$  boson production and decay in the electron, muon, and  $\tau$ -lepton channels. It is interfaced with PYTHIA 8.186 for the modeling of the parton shower, hadronization, and underlying event, with parameters set according to the AZNLO tune [64]. The CT10NLO [65] PDF set is used for the hard-scattering processes, whereas the CTEQ6L1 [66] PDF set is used for the parton shower. The effect of QED final-state radiation is simulated with PHOTOS++ 3.52 [67,68].

Samples of diboson final states ( $VV$ , with  $V = W, Z$ ) are simulated with the Sherpa 2.2.1 or 2.2.2 [69] generator depending on the process, including off-shell effects and Higgs boson contributions where appropriate. Fully leptonic final states and semileptonic final states, where one boson decays leptonically and the other hadronically, are generated using matrix elements at NLO accuracy in QCD for up to one additional parton and at LO accuracy for up to three additional parton emissions. Samples for the loop-induced processes  $gg \rightarrow VV$  are generated using LO-accurate matrix elements for up to one additional parton emission for both the cases of fully leptonic and semi-leptonic final states. The matrix element calculations are matched and merged with the Sherpa parton shower based on Catani-Seymour dipole factorization [70,71] using the MEPS@NLO prescription [72–75]. The virtual QCD corrections are provided by the OpenLoops library [76–78]. The NNPDF3.0NNLO set of PDFs is used, along with the dedicated set of tuned parton-shower parameters developed by the Sherpa authors. Electroweak production of a diboson in association with two jets ( $VVjj$ ) is simulated with the Sherpa 2.2.2 generator. The LO-accurate matrix elements are matched to a parton shower based on Catani-Seymour dipole factorization using the MEPS@LO prescription. Samples are generated using the NNPDF3.0NNLO PDF set, along with the dedicated set of tuned parton-shower parameters developed by the Sherpa authors. The decays of bottom and charm hadrons are performed with built-in Sherpa features. An invariant mass of  $m_{\ell\ell} > 4$  GeV is required at matrix-element level for any pair of same-flavor charged leptons.

To assess the uncertainty that the generator contributes to the simulation of diboson final states, alternative samples are employed. For these, the POWHEG BOX V2 [79] generator is used instead of Sherpa. The effect of singly resonant amplitudes and interference effects due to  $Z/\gamma^*$  and same-flavor lepton combinations in the final state are included where appropriate. Interference effects between  $WW$  and  $ZZ$  for same-flavor charged leptons and neutrinos are ignored. Events are interfaced with PYTHIA 8.186 for the modeling of the parton shower, hadronization, and underlying event, with parameters set according to the AZNLO tune. The CT10 PDF set is used for the hard-scattering processes, whereas the CTEQ6L1 PDF set is used for the parton shower. The factorization and renormalization scales are set to the invariant mass of the boson pair. The same invariant mass selection as for the Sherpa samples is applied.

The production of triboson ( $VVV$ , with  $V = W, Z$ ) events is simulated with the Sherpa 2.2.2 generator. Matrix elements, accurate to NLO for the inclusive process and to LO for up to two additional parton emissions, are matched and merged with the Sherpa parton shower based on Catani-Seymour dipole factorization using the MEPS@NLO prescription. The virtual QCD corrections for matrix elements at NLO accuracy are provided by the OpenLoops library.

Samples are generated using the NNPDF3.0NNLO PDF set, along with the dedicated set of tuned parton-shower parameters developed by the Sherpa authors. The decays of bottom and charm hadrons are performed with built-in Sherpa features.

The production of  $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  events is modeled using the MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO 2.6.2 generator at NLO with the NNPDF3.1NLO [37] PDF set. The events are interfaced with PYTHIA 8.230, which uses the A14 tune and the NNPDF2.3LO PDF set. The decays of bottom and charm hadrons are simulated using the EvtGen 1.6.0 program.

Other rare top-quark processes, namely, the production of  $t\bar{t}WW$  and  $t\bar{t}t$  events, are modeled using the MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO generator at LO interfaced with PYTHIA 8, which uses the A14 tune. The associated production of a Higgs boson with a  $W$  or  $Z$  boson,  $VH$ , is modeled using PYTHIA 8.186 with the A14 tune and the NNPDF2.3LO PDF set.

Throughout the paper the various MC samples are merged or split as follows. The  $t\bar{t}Z$  and  $tWZ$  backgrounds are combined. The diboson contribution is split according to the origin of the associated jets using generator-level information. Their origin is determined by matching, within a cone of size  $\Delta R = 0.3$ , jets to hadrons with  $p_T > 5$  GeV. If one of the jets contains a  $b$  or  $c$  hadron, then it is classified as diboson + heavy flavor ( $VV + HF$ ); otherwise, the event is classified as diboson + light flavor ( $VV + LF$ ). The  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $tW$ ,  $Z + \text{jets}$ ,  $VV$ , and  $t\bar{t}V$  processes with two prompt<sup>3</sup> leptons and one nonprompt or fake lepton (a jet misidentified as a lepton) are shown together and called “Fakes.” The other minor backgrounds, namely,  $t\bar{t}W$ ,  $t\bar{t}H$ ,  $VH$ ,  $t\bar{t}WW$ , triboson,  $t\bar{t}t$ , and  $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ , are merged and called “Other bkg.”

#### IV. OBJECT RECONSTRUCTION

The reconstruction of the basic objects used in the analysis is described in the following. The primary vertex [80] is selected as the  $pp$  vertex candidate with the highest sum of the squared transverse momenta of all associated tracks with  $p_T > 500$  MeV.

Electron candidates are reconstructed from energy clusters in the EM calorimeter that match a reconstructed track [81]. The clusters are required to be within the range  $|\eta| < 2.47$ , excluding the transition region between the barrel and end-cap calorimeters at  $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$ . Each electron candidate’s transverse impact parameter relative to the beam axis,  $d_0$ , divided by its estimated uncertainty must satisfy  $|d_0|/\sigma(d_0) < 5$ , while the longitudinal distance  $z_0$  from the reconstructed primary vertex to the point where  $d_0$  is measured must satisfy  $|z_0 \sin(\theta)| < 0.5$  mm. Electron candidates must also satisfy a transverse momentum

requirement of  $p_T > 15$  GeV. A likelihood-based discriminant is constructed from a set of variables that enhance the electron selection while rejecting photon conversions and hadrons misidentified as electrons. An  $\eta$ - and  $p_T$ -dependent selection on the likelihood discriminant is applied, and the “Medium” identification [81] is used. Electrons are also required to be isolated using criteria based on ID tracks. Nonprompt leptons are rejected using a boosted decision tree (BDT) discriminant based on isolation and  $b$ -tagging variables, referred to as the nonprompt-lepton BDT [82]. The efficiency at the chosen working point for electrons satisfying the isolation criteria is about 70% for a  $p_T$  of 20 GeV and reaches a plateau of 95% at a  $p_T$  of 100 GeV. The corresponding rejection factor for leptons from the decay of  $b$  hadrons is about 50, estimated from a simulated  $t\bar{t}$  sample. Correction factors are applied to simulated electrons to take into account the small differences in trigger, reconstruction, identification, and isolation efficiencies between data and MC simulation.

Muon candidates are reconstructed by combining a reconstructed track from the inner detector with one from the muon spectrometer and are required to have  $p_T > 15$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.5$  and to meet the “Medium” identification [83] criteria. Similarly to electrons, muon candidates must have  $|d_0|/\sigma(d_0) < 3$  and  $|z_0 \sin(\theta)| < 0.5$  mm. To reject misidentified muon candidates, several quality requirements are imposed on the muon candidate. An isolation requirement based on ID tracks is imposed, and a threshold is set for the nonprompt-lepton BDT output. The efficiency at the chosen working point for muons satisfying the isolation criteria is about 80% for a  $p_T$  of 20 GeV and reaches a plateau of 99% at a  $p_T$  of 100 GeV. The corresponding rejection factor for leptons from the decay of  $b$  hadrons is about 20, estimated from a simulated  $t\bar{t}$  sample. Like for electrons, correction factors are applied to simulated muons to account for the small differences between data and simulation.

Jets are reconstructed from the particle-flow objects [84] using the anti- $k_t$  algorithm [85,86] with the radius parameter set to  $R = 0.4$ . Their calibration follows the methodology described in Ref. [87]. Jets are required to have  $p_T > 25$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.5$ . To suppress jets arising from pile-up, a discriminant called the “jet vertex tagger” (JVT) is constructed using a two-dimensional likelihood method [88]. The jet energy scale and resolution are corrected with  $\eta$ - and  $p_T$ -dependent scale factors.

To identify jets containing a  $b$  hadron ( $b$  jets), the “DL1r” multivariate algorithm is employed [89]. It uses the impact parameter and secondary and tertiary vertex information from tracks contained in the jet as input. Operating points are defined by a threshold value for the  $b$ -tagging discriminant output and are chosen to provide a specific  $b$ -jet efficiency in an inclusive  $t\bar{t}$  sample. Candidate  $b$  jets must have a  $b$ -tagging discriminant value that exceeds a threshold corresponding to a 70%  $b$ -jet selection

<sup>3</sup>Prompt leptons are leptons from the decay of  $W$  or  $Z$  bosons, either directly or through an intermediate  $\tau \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu$  decay, or from the semileptonic decay of top quarks.

efficiency. With this criterion, 0.25% of light jets, containing neither a  $b$  nor a  $c$  hadron, are misidentified as  $b$  jets, as are 10% of jets initiated by  $c$  quarks. Correction factors are derived and applied to correct for differences in  $b$ -jet selection efficiency and the mistagging rates between data and MC simulation [89].

The missing transverse momentum, with magnitude  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ , is calculated as the negative of the vector sum of the transverse momenta of all reconstructed objects. To account for soft hadronic activity, a term including tracks associated with the primary vertex but not with any of the reconstructed objects is added to the  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  calculation [90,91].

To avoid cases where the detector response to a single physical object is reconstructed as two separate final-state objects, an overlap removal procedure is used. If electron and muon candidates share a track, the electron candidate is removed. After that, if the  $\Delta R_{y,\phi}$  distance<sup>4</sup> between a jet and an electron candidate is less than 0.2, the jet is discarded. If multiple jets satisfy this requirement, only the closest jet is removed. For jet-electron distances between 0.2 and 0.4, the electron candidate is removed. If the distance between a jet and a muon candidate is less than 0.2, and the jet has less than three associated tracks, the jet is removed. Any muon subsequently found at a distance of less than 0.4 from a jet is removed.

## V. EVENT RECONSTRUCTION AND SELECTION

The analysis searches for effects of FCNC  $tZq$  couplings both in  $t\bar{t}$  decay and in single-top-quark production processes. In the first process, one of the top quarks decays through the dominant mode into a  $W$  boson and a  $b$  quark (hereafter called the “SM top quark,” denoted by  $t_{\text{SM}}$ ), while the other top quark (hereafter called the “FCNC top quark,” denoted by  $t_{\text{FCNC}}$ ) is assumed to decay into a  $Z$  boson and a  $u$  or  $c$  quark. In the second process, the production of a single top quark is assumed to proceed through a FCNC interaction in association with a  $Z$  boson, while its decay is through the dominant mode. In each channel, only the trilepton final state is targeted, in which the  $Z$  and  $W$  bosons decay leptonically. Therefore, the final state of the FCNC process in  $t\bar{t}$  decays is characterized by the presence of three leptons, at least two jets, one of which is a  $b$  jet, and missing transverse momentum from the escaping neutrino. The final state of the FCNC process in single-top-quark production is instead characterized by the presence of three leptons, a  $b$  jet, up to one additional jet, and missing transverse momentum. Due to the different final states, two separate signal regions (SRs) are defined, targeting the two processes: SR1 targets FCNC processes in

$t\bar{t}$  decays, while SR2 targets FCNC processes in single-top-quark production. The SRs share common selections for the leptons, and they differ in their top-quark reconstruction and jet multiplicity requirements.

In both SRs, exactly three leptons (electrons or muons) that do not all have the same charge are required. One of the leptons must have  $p_T > 27 \text{ GeV}$ , because of the trigger thresholds, and must be matched, with  $\Delta R < 0.15$ , to the lepton reconstructed by the trigger. Events with a fourth reconstructed lepton with  $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$  are vetoed. At least one opposite-sign same-flavor lepton pair (OSSF) with an invariant mass in the range  $|m_{\ell\ell} - 91.2 \text{ GeV}| < 15 \text{ GeV}$  is required. In the  $\mu ee$  and  $e\mu\mu$  channels the pair is uniquely identified, whereas in the  $eee$  and  $\mu\mu\mu$  channels both of the possible combinations are considered and the pair with the invariant mass closer to the  $Z$ -boson mass is chosen. The lepton not used to reconstruct the  $Z$  boson is assumed to be the one coming from the  $W$  boson,  $\ell_W$ . In SR2, to help reject background sources with a third nonprompt lepton, events are required to have  $m_T(\ell_W, \nu) > 40 \text{ GeV}$ .<sup>5</sup>

In SR1 the selected events have at least two jets, with exactly one  $b$  tagged. In SR2 the selected events have one or two jets, with exactly one  $b$  tagged. For events with exactly two jets, orthogonality between SR1 and SR2 is ensured by using an invariant mass cut on reconstructed top-quark candidates, as defined in the following. An additional SR targeting the FCNC  $tZc$  coupling in  $t\bar{t}$  decay, based on the presence of a  $c$  jet, is considered. The  $c$  tagging is done using the soft-muon tagging technique employed in Ref. [92]. With the current data set, this SR is found to bring only marginal improvements to the final limits.

In the events having at least two jets with one of them being  $b$  tagged, the reconstruction of FCNC and SM top-quark candidates is based on the “FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay” signal hypothesis. The kinematics of the top-quark candidates are reconstructed from the corresponding decay particles by minimizing the following expression:

$$\chi^2_{t\bar{t}} = \frac{(m_{j_a\ell\ell}^{\text{reco}} - m_{t_{\text{FCNC}}})^2}{\sigma_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}^2} + \frac{(m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_{t_{\text{SM}}})^2}{\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}^2} + \frac{(m_{\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_W)^2}{\sigma_W^2}, \quad (2)$$

where  $m_{j_a\ell\ell}^{\text{reco}}$ ,  $m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}}$ , and  $m_{\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}}$  are the reconstructed masses of the  $Zq$ ,  $Wb$ , and  $\ell_W\nu$  systems, respectively. The minimization has two independent parts. The first is the jet permutation, where any non- $b$ -tagged jet can be assigned to  $j_a$ , while  $j_b$  must correspond to a  $b$ -tagged jet. The second is the minimization of the  $\chi^2_{t\bar{t}}$  for each permutation by varying the longitudinal component of the

<sup>4</sup>Here,  $\Delta R_{y,\phi}$  is the Lorentz-invariant distance in the rapidity–azimuthal-angle plane, defined as  $\Delta R_{y,\phi} = \sqrt{(\Delta y)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$ , where  $y$  is the rapidity, defined as  $y = (1/2)\ln[(E + p_z)/(E - p_z)]$ .

<sup>5</sup>The transverse mass is calculated using the momentum of the lepton associated with the  $W$  boson, the  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ , and the azimuthal angle  $\phi$  between them:  $m_T(\ell_W, \nu) = \sqrt{2p_T^\ell E_T^{\text{miss}}(1 - \cos \Delta\phi)}$ .

TABLE I. Summary of the mean values and standard deviations of the invariant mass distributions for the top-quark candidates and the  $W$  boson. These values are obtained from the Bukin fits using the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal samples with the LH coupling. The two FCNC  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  coupling samples are combined.

	FCNC top quark		SM top quark		W boson	
	$m_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$ [GeV]	$\sigma_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$ [GeV]	$m_{t_{\text{SM}}}$ [GeV]	$\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$ [GeV]	$m_W$ [GeV]	$\sigma_W$ [GeV]
FCNC in $t\bar{t}$ decay (LH)	171.0	11.1	166.5	23.2	80.5	15.4

TABLE II. Overview of the requirements applied to select the events in the signal regions. OSSF is an opposite-sign same-flavor lepton pair,  $m_Z = 91.2$  GeV and  $m_t = 172.5$  GeV.

Common selections		
Exactly 3 leptons with $p_T(\ell_1) > 27$ GeV $\geq 1$ OSSF pair, with $ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z  < 15$ GeV		
SR1		SR2
$\geq 2$ jets	1 jet	2 jets
1 $b$ jet	1 $b$ jet	1 $b$ jet
$ m_{j_a\ell\ell}^{\text{reco}} - m_t  < 2\sigma_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$	$m_T(\ell_W, \nu) > 40$ GeV	$m_T(\ell_W, \nu) > 40$ GeV
	$ m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_t  < 2\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$	$ m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_t  < 2\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$

neutrino momentum,  $p_z^\nu$ , to determine the most probable value while its transverse component is set to the missing transverse momentum in the event.

This procedure assigns a reconstructed jet to the  $q$  quark from the decay of the FCNC top quark and determines the  $p_z^\nu$  value to reconstruct the four-momenta of the two top-quark candidates.

In Eq. (2), the central values ( $m_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$ ,  $m_{t_{\text{SM}}}$ , and  $m_W$ ) and the widths ( $\sigma_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$ ,  $\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$ , and  $\sigma_W$ ) of the distributions of the reconstructed masses of the top quark and  $W$  boson candidates are taken from reconstructed simulated FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal events that undergo the common object selection procedure just described. This is done by matching the true  $q$  and  $b$  quarks in the simulated events to the reconstructed jets, setting the longitudinal momentum of the neutrino to the  $p_z$  of the true generated neutrino, and the transverse component to the missing transverse momentum in the event, and then performing a likelihood fit with a Bukin function<sup>6</sup> [93] to the masses of the reconstructed top quarks and  $W$  boson. The mass values for the LH coupling are reported in Table I. Compatible mass values are obtained for the RH coupling. The fraction of reconstructed top-quark candidates that are matched to the true simulated particles within a cone of size  $\Delta R = 0.4$  is  $\epsilon_{t_{\text{FCNC}}} = 75\%$  for the FCNC top-quark candidates and  $\epsilon_{t_{\text{SM}}} = 54\%$  for the SM

<sup>6</sup>These fits use a generalization of the Gaussian function to allow for asymmetric tails in the distribution. The overall normalization is fixed to the yield, and the shape of the function is determined by five parameters: the peak position, the width of the core, the asymmetry, the size of the lower tail, and the size of the higher tail. From these parameters, only the peak position and the width enter the  $\chi^2$ .

top-quark candidates, where the difference comes from the fact that for the SM top-quark decay the match of the missing transverse momentum with the generated neutrino is less efficient.

Under the FCNC-in-single-top-quark-production signal hypothesis, the SM top-quark candidate is instead reconstructed in events having one or two jets, with exactly one  $b$  tagged. The missing transverse momentum is assumed to be the transverse component of the neutrino momentum, while the most probable value of  $p_z^\nu$  is determined by minimizing the following expression:

$$\chi_{tZ}^2 = \frac{(m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_{t_{\text{SM}}})^2}{\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}^2} + \frac{(m_{\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_W)^2}{\sigma_W^2}, \quad (3)$$

where  $m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}}$  and  $m_{\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}}$  are the reconstructed masses of the  $Wb$  and  $\ell_W\nu$  systems, respectively. In Eq. (3), the central values for the masses and widths of the top quark and  $W$  boson are taken from reconstructed simulated FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal events, as is done in Eq. (2).<sup>7</sup> Therefore, in the events with two jets, the four-momentum of the SM top-quark candidate reconstructed under the FCNC-in-single-top-quark-production signal hypothesis is the same as that reconstructed under the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal hypothesis. In this case, the fraction of reconstructed top-quark candidates that are matched to the true simulated particles within a cone of size  $\Delta R = 0.4$  is  $\epsilon_{t_{\text{SM}}} = 71\%$ .

<sup>7</sup>Using the central values for the masses and widths extracted from the FCNC single-top production signal sample does not have a significant effect on the final results.

In SR1, the mass of the FCNC top-quark candidate,  $m_{j_a \ell \ell}^{\text{reco}}$ , is required to be within  $2\sigma_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$  of 172.5 GeV, while no requirement is placed on the mass of the SM top-quark candidate,  $m_{j_b \ell W\nu}^{\text{reco}}$ . In SR2, the mass of the SM top-quark

candidate is required to be within  $2\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$  of 172.5 GeV. In addition, to ensure orthogonality with SR1, for events with exactly two jets, the mass of the FCNC top-quark candidate is required to be more than  $2\sigma_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$  from 172.5 GeV. Table II

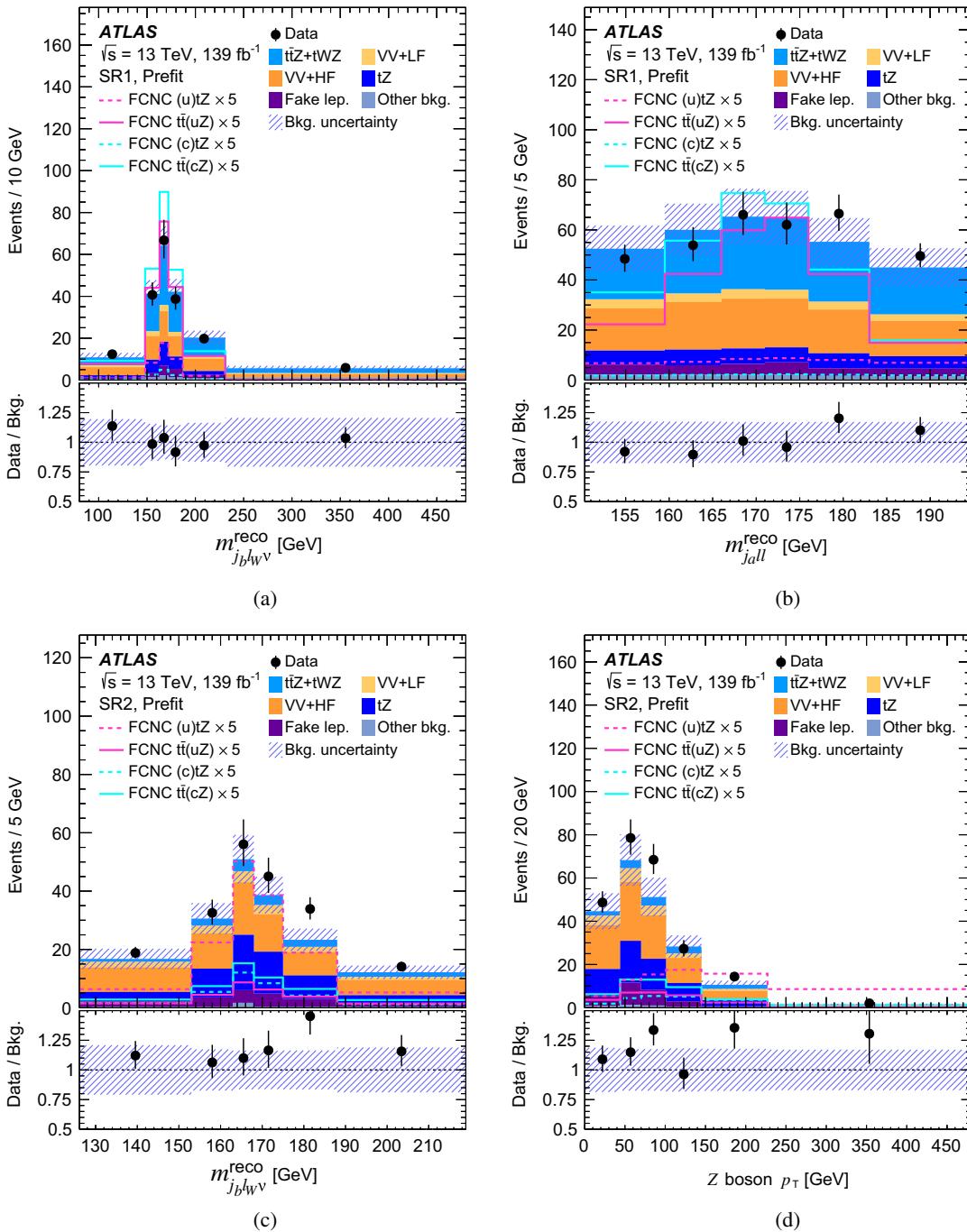


FIG. 2. Comparison between the data and background prediction before the fit (“Prefit”) for some kinematic distributions in the SRs. The distributions are as follows: (a) the mass of the SM top-quark candidate in SR1, (b) the mass of the FCNC top-quark candidate in SR1, (c) the mass of the SM top-quark candidate in SR2, and (d) the transverse momentum of the Z- boson candidate in SR2. The uncertainty band includes both the statistical and systematic uncertainties in the background prediction. The four FCNC LH signals are also shown separately, normalized to 5 times the cross section corresponding to the most stringent observed branching ratio limits [21]. The first (last) bin in all distributions includes the underflow (overflow). The lower panels show the ratios of the data (“Data”) to the background prediction (“Bkg.”).

summarizes the selection criteria applied to the signal regions considered. With these criteria, 496 data events are selected in SR1, and 460 are selected in SR2.

Figure 2 shows the distributions of the masses of the two top-quark candidates in SR1, and the mass of the top-quark candidate and the  $p_T$  of the reconstructed  $Z$  boson in SR2. These kinematic distributions are some of the key features that distinguish signal events from the backgrounds, and they are utilized in the multivariate analysis described in Sec. VI. In SR1, the dominant signal is the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay event (shown with solid lines in Fig. 2 separately for the  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  couplings), while the FCNC-in-single-top-quark-production contribution (shown with dashed lines) is smaller. In contrast, SR2 is more sensitive to the  $tZu$  FCNC-in-single-top-quark-production signal, with similar smaller contributions from the other three signals. After the event selection the main background sources are  $t\bar{t}Z$ ,  $tZ$ , and diboson production.

## VI. BACKGROUND ESTIMATION AND SEPARATION FROM SIGNAL

Two classes of backgrounds are considered: processes in which three or more prompt leptons are produced, such as diboson production or the associated production of top quarks ( $t\bar{t}Z$ ,  $tWZ$ ,  $tZ$ ,  $t\bar{t}W$ ,  $t\bar{t}H$ ) and processes with two prompt leptons in the final state along with one additional nonprompt or fake lepton that satisfies the selection criteria, such as  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $tW$ , and  $Z + \text{jets}$ . Such nonprompt or fake leptons can originate from decays of bottom or charm hadrons, jets misidentified as electrons, leptons from kaon or pion decays, or electrons from photon conversions.

All background contributions are estimated by using MC samples that are normalized to their respective SM predicted cross sections calculated at NLO in QCD. The cross section of the  $t\bar{t}H$  background includes NLO + NLL soft-gluon resummation [94]. For the  $t\bar{t} + tW$  nonprompt lepton backgrounds the normalization is extracted from data, as described later.

After applying the event selection requirements, diboson,  $t\bar{t}Z$ , and  $tZ$  production constitute the largest backgrounds. For SR1, the dominant backgrounds are  $t\bar{t}Z$  and  $VV + \text{HF}$  production. Monte Carlo simulation indicates that these represent more than 65% of the total number of selected background events in this region, with the two processes contributing equally. For SR2,  $VV + \text{HF}$  and  $tZ$  are the dominant backgrounds, giving 70% of background events. The processes with nonprompt leptons constitute a minor background, with their contribution being at most 10% of the total selected events.

Four control regions (CRs) are defined and used in the fit that is described in Sec. VIII. The CRs are used to adjust the normalization and to reduce the associated systematic uncertainties in the main backgrounds. The selections applied to define the CRs are summarized in Table III and described in the following.

A  $t\bar{t}$  CR is designed to control the  $t\bar{t}$  background. The  $t\bar{t}$  CR is constructed by requiring the presence of three leptons, with one of the possible pairs having opposite charge, as in the SRs. To veto the presence of a  $Z$  boson, the opposite-sign lepton pair is also required to consist of different flavors. Events with at least one jet, with exactly one  $b$  tagged, are considered. This region is dominated by  $t\bar{t}$  events with 40% contamination from other backgrounds, mainly  $t\bar{t}W$  and  $t\bar{t}H$ . A total of 157 data events are selected for the  $t\bar{t}$  CR.

To control the  $t\bar{t}Z$  background, a  $t\bar{t}Z$  CR is defined. The requirements on the leptons are the same as for the SRs, while at least four jets, with exactly two  $b$  tagged, are required. This region is dominated by  $t\bar{t}Z$  events with 25% contamination from other backgrounds, mainly  $tZ$  and  $VV + \text{HF}$ . A total of 286 data events are selected for the  $t\bar{t}Z$  CR.

Two mass sideband CRs are also included. These CRs are designed to contain a mixture of the main background sources ( $t\bar{t}Z$  and diboson). The mass sideband CR1 is defined with almost the same event selection as SR1, with the differences being that the mass of the FCNC top-quark

TABLE III. Overview of the requirements applied to select the events in the control regions. OSSF is an opposite-sign same-flavor lepton pair,  $m_Z = 91.2$  GeV and  $m_t = 172.5$  GeV.

Common selections			
Exactly 3 leptons with $p_T(\ell_1) > 27$ GeV			
$t\bar{t}$ CR	$t\bar{t}Z$ CR	Sideband CR1	Sideband CR2
$\geq 1$ OS pair, no OSSF	$\geq 1$ OSSF pair with $ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z  < 15$ GeV	$\geq 1$ OSSF pair with $ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z  < 15$ GeV	$\geq 1$ OSSF pair with $ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z  < 15$ GeV $m_T(\ell_W, \nu) > 40$ GeV
$\geq 1$ jet $1 b$ jet	$\geq 4$ jets $2 b$ jets	$\geq 2$ jets $1 b$ jet	$1$ jet $1 b$ jet
		$ m_{j_a\ell\ell}^{\text{reco}} - m_t  > 2\sigma_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$ $ m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_t  > 2\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$	$ m_{j_b\ell_W\nu}^{\text{reco}} - m_t  > 2\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$

candidate must be more than  $2\sigma_{t_{\text{FCNC}}}$  from 172.5 GeV, and the mass of the SM top-quark candidate must also be more than  $2\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$  from 172.5 GeV. The mass sideband CR2 is defined with almost the same event selection as SR2, with the differences being that only events with one jet are considered and that the mass of the SM top-quark candidate must be more than  $2\sigma_{t_{\text{SM}}}$  from 172.5 GeV. Totals of 343 and 104 data events are selected for the mass sidebands CR1 and CR2, respectively.

To better separate the signal from the backgrounds, a multivariate analysis (MVA) technique is used. The chosen MVA is the gradient boosted decision tree (GBDT) method implemented with TMVA [95,96]. Decision trees [97] recursively partition the parameter space into regions where signal or background purities are enhanced. Gradient boosting is a method which improves the performance and stability of decision trees and involves the combination of many trees into a single final discriminant. After boosting, the final score undergoes a transformation to map the scores onto the interval  $-1$  to  $+1$ . The most signal-like events have scores near  $+1$  while the most background-like events have scores near  $-1$ . A  $k$ -fold cross validation is employed.

The GBDT training is done separately for the LH and RH samples and in each SR as follows. In SR1, for both the FCNC  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  coupling searches, the expected contribution from FCNC processes in  $t\bar{t}$  decay is significantly higher than the one from single-top-quark production. Therefore, the GBDT is trained with only the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal against all backgrounds. Since the kinematics of FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay events for  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  couplings are similar, the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal samples with the two couplings are combined to train the GBDT. Therefore, in SR1 a single MVA discriminant  $D_1$  is built for both the FCNC  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  coupling searches. In contrast, SR2 is particularly sensitive to the FCNC  $tZu$  coupling in single-top-production events. Thus, the corresponding MVA discriminant  $D_2^u$  is built by training the GBDT with the  $tZu$ -coupling FCNC-in-single-top-production sample against all backgrounds. Despite the lower sensitivity to the FCNC  $tZc$  coupling in SR2, this region is used in combination with SR1 in the search for a FCNC  $tZc$  coupling signal. In the total expected FCNC  $tZc$  signal yield, the contribution from the FCNC processes in  $t\bar{t}$  decay events is comparable to the one from the single-top-quark-production events. Therefore, in SR2 the MVA discriminant for the search for a FCNC  $tZc$  coupling signal,  $D_2^c$ , is built using both the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay and FCNC-in-single-top-production samples against all backgrounds.

For the training of each of the three discriminants, a total of six variables is used. Only variables that provide good separation and are well modeled are used in the final training. For the  $D_1$  discriminant, the six variables are as follows: the reconstructed masses of the SM and FCNC top-quark candidates, the  $\Delta R$  separation between them, the

$\Delta R$  separation between the lepton from the SM top-quark decay and the reconstructed  $Z$  boson, the number of jets, and the transverse momentum of the jets associated with the  $u/c$  quark from the FCNC top-quark candidate's decay. For both the  $D_2^u$  and  $D_2^c$  discriminants, the following six variables are used: the  $p_T$  of the  $Z$  boson and of the  $b$ -tagged jet, the  $\Delta R$  separation between them, the SM top-quark candidate's mass, the  $\Delta R$  separation between the lepton from the SM top-quark candidate decay and the reconstructed  $Z$  boson, and the  $\chi^2$  from the kinematic fit under the signal hypothesis of a FCNC process in single-top-quark production.

In order to check the stability of the fit that will be presented in Sec. VIII, two validation regions (VRs) are defined. The events selected by the VRs are a subset of the SRs previously described, and they are obtained by applying a selection on the GBDT discriminants. VR1 is defined by selecting events with  $D_1 < -0.6$  from the SR1, while VR2 contains events from SR2 with  $D_2^u < -0.7$  and  $D_2^c < -0.4$ . With the given normalization of the signal samples, the fraction of signal events that is selected from the SRs to enter the VRs ranges from 2% to 5%, depending on the SR. The signal contamination in the VRs is at most 2%.

## VII. SYSTEMATIC UNCERTAINTIES

Systematic uncertainties in the signal acceptance and in the normalization of the individual backgrounds, as well as uncertainties in the shape of the fitted distributions, are taken into account. These are treated as being correlated among the different regions, unless stated otherwise. The uncertainties are classified into the following categories:

*Reconstruction efficiency and calibration uncertainties:* Systematic uncertainties affecting the reconstruction efficiency and energy calibration of electrons, muons, jets, and  $b$  jets are propagated through the analysis.

The differences between the electron (muon) trigger, reconstruction, selection, and isolation efficiencies in data and those in MC simulation are corrected for by scale factors derived from dedicated  $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$  ( $Z \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ ) enriched control samples using a tag-and-probe method [81,83]. Uncertainties in these scale factors are taken into account. Moreover, uncertainties are included for the electron (muon) energy (momentum) scale and resolution [81,83].

For the jets, an uncertainty for the JVT requirement is considered. The jet energy scale is derived using information from test-beam data, LHC collision data, and simulation, as described in Ref. [98]. The impact of the uncertainty in the jet energy resolution is also evaluated.

The  $b$ -tagging efficiencies and mistagging rates are measured in data using the same methods as described in Refs. [99–101], with the systematic uncertainties due to  $b$ -tagging efficiency and the mistagging rates calculated separately. The impact of the uncertainties on the  $b$ -tagging

calibration is evaluated separately for  $b$ ,  $c$ , and light jets in the MC samples.

The uncertainty in  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  due to a possible miscalibration of the soft-track component of the  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  is derived from data-MC comparisons of the  $p_T$  balance between the hard and soft  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  components [90]. The uncertainty associated with the leptons and jets is propagated from the corresponding uncertainties in the energy-momentum scales and resolutions, and is classified together with the uncertainty associated with the corresponding objects.

*Signal and background modeling:* The systematic uncertainties due to MC modeling of the signal and the main backgrounds are estimated by comparing samples from different MC generators and PDF sets and by varying the parameters associated with the renormalization and factorization scales, and additional radiation. For some processes, some of these uncertainties are found to be negligible, and therefore they are not mentioned in the following.

For the signal, the effects of the systematic uncertainty in the renormalization and factorization scales,  $\mu_r$  and  $\mu_f$ , are taken into account by varying these parameters by factors of 2 and 0.5 with respect to their default values and comparing the results of these variations with the nominal prediction. The uncertainty in the modeling of the parton shower is estimated by comparing the nominal signal sample with one generated with Herwig 7 instead of PYTHIA 8. PDF uncertainties are found to be negligible and are not included for the signal.

For the  $t\bar{t}Z$  and  $tZ$  backgrounds, the following uncertainties are included. The effect of changing the parton shower is considered as an uncertainty, following the same strategy used for the signal. The uncertainty due to ISR is estimated by comparing the nominal event sample with two samples where the Var3c up and down variations of the A14 tune are employed. Uncertainties from the variation of  $\mu_r$  and  $\mu_f$  are also included.

For the  $tWZ$  background, the effect of changing the modeling of the interference with  $t\bar{t}Z$  is included by comparing two different diagram removal predictions.

The effect of changing the MC generator for the modeling of the diboson background is considered as an uncertainty. It is evaluated by comparing the nominal Sherpa sample with one generated with POWHEG BOX. This uncertainty is split into the two light- and heavy-flavor components and evaluated separately for each jet multiplicity. Uncertainties in the  $\mu_r$  and  $\mu_f$  scales, as well as in the PDF and in  $\alpha_s$ , are also included for the diboson background.

For the  $t\bar{t}$  background, several sources of uncertainty are taken into account. The effect of changing the parton shower is included as an uncertainty. The Var3c A14 tune variations, as well as variations of  $\mu_r$  and  $\mu_f$ , are also included. Additionally, the uncertainty associated with the  $h_{\text{damp}}$  parameter is evaluated by using the alternative sample

with the  $h_{\text{damp}}$  value increased to  $3 m_t$ . The NNPDF3.0LO replicas are used to evaluate the PDF uncertainties for the nominal PDF. Finally, an uncertainty is added to take into account the differences in  $t\bar{t}$  background composition between the SRs and the  $t\bar{t}$  CR, which is used to control the  $t\bar{t}$  background in the fit to data. In particular, the fractions of nonprompt leptons originating from each source are computed, separately for photon conversions and  $b$ -hadron decays, in the SRs and in the  $t\bar{t}$  CR, for each jet multiplicity. Then the maximum variation of the fractions between the control region and the signal regions is taken as an uncertainty.

*Signal and background rate uncertainty:* The  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section uncertainties due to the PDF and  $\alpha_s$  are calculated using the PDF4LHC 15 prescription [102] with the MSTW2008NNLO [103,104], CT10NNLO [65,105], and NNPDF2.3LO PDF sets, and are added in quadrature to the effect of the scale uncertainty, resulting in a total uncertainty of 5.5% that is assigned to the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal.

For the  $t\bar{t}Z$  background, a 12% rate uncertainty is included [106], and for the  $t\bar{t}H$  process, the normalization uncertainty is 15% [106], while for  $t\bar{t}W$  a more conservative 50% is used [107]. For the  $tZ$  process, an uncertainty of 15% in the normalization is applied [108,109], while for the  $tWZ$  process a more conservative 30% is used. For  $VV + \text{LF}$  production, the normalization uncertainty is taken to be 20% [110], and for  $VV + \text{HF}$  production, it is 30% [111]. Concerning the  $Z + \text{jets}$  process, a rate uncertainty of 100% is applied, due to the presence of a nonprompt lepton. A conservative overall normalization uncertainty of 50% is applied to the remaining minor backgrounds ( $t\bar{t}t$ ,  $t\bar{t}\bar{t}$ ,  $VVV$ ,  $VH$ , and  $t\bar{t}WW$ ). These background components are typically well below 1% in the SRs.

*Luminosity:* The uncertainty in the combined 2015–2018 integrated luminosity is 1.7% [112], obtained using the LUCID-2 detector [113] for the primary luminosity measurements.

*Uncertainty in pile-up modeling:* The uncertainty in pile-up modeling is accounted for by varying the reweighting of the MC samples to the data pile-up conditions, using the uncertainty in the average number of interactions per bunch crossing.

## VIII. RESULTS

A simultaneous binned profile likelihood fit to the data in the SRs and the CRs is performed using MC distributions of both the signal and background predictions. Four separate fits are performed to extract LH and RH results for the FCNC  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  couplings. Only the relevant signal templates are used in each fit. In the fit to extract limits on the FCNC  $tZu$  coupling, the templates are binned distributions of the  $D_1$  discriminant in SR1 and in the mass sideband CR1, the  $D_2^u$  discriminant in SR2 and in the mass

sideband CR2, and the total event yields in the  $t\bar{t}$  CR and the  $t\bar{t}Z$  CR. When fitting to extract limits on the FCNC  $tZc$  coupling, the  $D_2^c$  discriminant is used instead of  $D_2^u$ .

The fitted SRs are defined from the SRs described in Sec. V after removing events that constitute VRs described in Sec. VI that are not included in the fit, but the fit results are propagated to those regions. The signal selection efficiency for the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal in SR1 ranges between 4% and 5%, while that for the FCNC-in-single-top-production signal in SR2 ranges between 3% and 4%. In contrast, the signal selection efficiency for the FCNC-in- $t\bar{t}$ -decay signal in SR2 and the FCNC-in-single-top-production signal in SR1 is around 1%.

The statistical analysis used to extract the signal is based on a binned likelihood function  $\mathcal{L}(\mu, \vec{\theta})$  constructed as a product of Poisson probability terms over all bins in each considered distribution, and Gaussian constraint terms for  $\vec{\theta}$ , a set of nuisance parameters that parametrize effects of MC statistical and systematic uncertainties in the signal and background expectations. The signal strength parameter  $\mu$  is a multiplicative factor applied to the number of signal events normalized to a reference branching ratio. For that, the most stringent limits mentioned in Sec. I are used. The nuisance parameters are allowed to vary in the combined fit to adjust the expectations for signal and background according to the corresponding systematic uncertainties, and their final values are the adjustment that best fits the data. The normalization of the  $t\bar{t} + tW$  backgrounds is unconstrained in the fit.

A test statistic  $\tilde{q}_\mu$  is constructed according to the profile likelihood ratio:

$$\tilde{q}_\mu = \begin{cases} -2 \ln \left( \frac{\hat{\mathcal{L}}(\mu, \hat{\vec{\theta}}(\mu))}{\hat{\mathcal{L}}(0, \hat{\vec{\theta}}(0))} \right) & \text{if } \hat{\mu} < 0, \\ -2 \ln \left( \frac{\hat{\mathcal{L}}(\mu, \hat{\vec{\theta}}(\mu))}{\hat{\mathcal{L}}(\hat{\mu}, \hat{\vec{\theta}})} \right) & \text{if } 0 \leq \hat{\mu} \leq \mu, \\ 0 & \text{if } \hat{\mu} > \mu, \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

where  $\hat{\mu}$  and  $\hat{\vec{\theta}}$  are the parameters that maximize the likelihood, and  $\hat{\vec{\theta}}$  are the nuisance parameter values that maximize the likelihood for a given  $\mu$  hypothesis. This test statistic is used to determine the probability for accepting the background-only hypothesis for the observed data.

Table IV shows the prefit and postfit predictions for the signal and background event yields along with the observed numbers of events in the VRs. The postfit yields refer to the fit for the FCNC  $tZu$  LH coupling extraction. The data and background expectation are in better agreement after the fit, with an increase of the  $VV + HF$  background normalization within its prefit uncertainty. The postfit level of agreement between data and the background prediction in the VRs shows no significant mismodeling.

Tables V and VI show the observed number of events in data and the postfit predictions for the signal and background event yields in the SRs and CRs. The yields refer to the fit for the FCNC  $tZu$  LH coupling extraction. Good agreement between data and the SM expectation is observed. The normalization factor for the  $t\bar{t} + tW$  backgrounds, which is an unconstrained fit parameter, agrees with unity within uncertainties. The variations of the postfit background normalizations are within prefit uncertainties. All postfit values of the nuisance parameters are less than 1

TABLE IV. Predicted and observed yields in the two VRs considered in the fit. The signal and background predictions are shown before (“Prefit”) and after (“Postfit”) the fit to data for the FCNC  $tZu$  LH coupling extraction. The quoted uncertainties include the statistical and systematic uncertainties of the yields. For the postfit predictions, they are computed taking into account correlations among nuisance parameters and among processes. For the backgrounds with a nonprompt or fake lepton, the contribution from  $t\bar{t} + tW$  is shown separately from “Other fakes.” For the minor backgrounds, the contributions from  $t\bar{t}W$  and  $t\bar{t}H$  are shown separately from “Other bkg.”

	Prefit		Postfit	
	VR1	VR2	VR1	VR2
$t\bar{t}Z + tWZ$	$70 \pm 10$	$2.2 \pm 0.6$	$70 \pm 7$	$2.4 \pm 0.6$
$VV + LF$	$10 \pm 5$	$9.8 \pm 3.4$	$10 \pm 5$	$9.7 \pm 3.0$
$VV + HF$	$56 \pm 28$	$36 \pm 14$	$60 \pm 14$	$47 \pm 8$
$tZ$	$6.5 \pm 1.6$	$13.5 \pm 2.7$	$6.6 \pm 1.5$	$14.7 \pm 2.6$
$t\bar{t} + tW$ fakes	$5.4 \pm 2.6$	$4.5 \pm 1.7$	$4.8 \pm 2.1$	$3.8 \pm 1.4$
Other fakes	$0.0 \pm 0.6$	$1.4 \pm 1.9$	$0.03 \pm 0.24$	$0.8 \pm 1.1$
$t\bar{t}W$	$2.3 \pm 1.2$	$0.48 \pm 0.26$	$2.3 \pm 1.2$	$0.48 \pm 0.25$
$t\bar{t}H$	$3.0 \pm 0.5$	$0.101 \pm 0.032$	$3.0 \pm 0.5$	$0.108 \pm 0.033$
Other bkg.	$0.8 \pm 0.4$	$0.5 \pm 0.7$	$0.8 \pm 0.4$	$0.5 \pm 0.6$
Total background	$154 \pm 31$	$69 \pm 15$	$158 \pm 13$	$79 \pm 7$
Data	151	80	151	80
Data/Background	$0.98 \pm 0.22$	$1.16 \pm 0.29$	$0.96 \pm 0.11$	$1.01 \pm 0.15$

TABLE V. Predicted and observed yields in the two SRs considered in the fit. The signal and background predictions are shown after the fit to data for the FCNC  $tZu$  LH coupling extraction. The quoted uncertainties include the statistical and systematic uncertainties of the yields, computed taking into account correlations among nuisance parameters and among processes. For the backgrounds with a nonprompt or fake lepton, the contribution from  $t\bar{t} + tW$  is shown separately from “Other fakes.” For the minor backgrounds, the contributions from  $t\bar{t}W$  and  $t\bar{t}H$  are shown separately from “Other bkg.”

	SR1 ( $D_1 > -0.6$ )	SR2 ( $D_2^u > -0.7$ or $D_2^c > -0.4$ )
$t\bar{t}Z + tWZ$	$137 \pm 12$	$36 \pm 6$
$VV + LF$	$18 \pm 7$	$24 \pm 8$
$VV + HF$	$114 \pm 19$	$162 \pm 26$
$tZ$	$46 \pm 7$	$108 \pm 18$
$t\bar{t} + tW$ fakes	$14 \pm 4$	$27 \pm 8$
Other fakes	$7 \pm 8$	$5 \pm 6$
$t\bar{t}W$	$4.2 \pm 2.1$	$3.1 \pm 1.6$
$t\bar{t}H$	$4.8 \pm 0.7$	$0.89 \pm 0.17$
Other bkg.	$2.0 \pm 1.0$	$2.5 \pm 2.9$
FCNC ( $u$ ) $tZ$	$0.9 \pm 1.7$	$4 \pm 8$
FCNC $t\bar{t}(uZ)$	$5 \pm 9$	$0.8 \pm 1.5$
Total background	$348 \pm 15$	$369 \pm 21$
Data	345	380

standard deviation from the prefit values. The statistical component is the dominant contribution in the total uncertainty. The same conclusions are obtained from the fits for the other FCNC couplings.

The  $\mu$  parameters are shown in Table VII.

TABLE VII. Summary of the signal strength  $\mu$  parameters obtained from the fits to extract LH and RH results for the FCNC  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  couplings. For the reference branching ratio, the most stringent limits are used [21].

Vertex	Coupling	$\mu$
$tZu$	LH	$0.08 \pm 0.12(\text{stat}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst})$
$tZu$	RH	$0.10 \pm 0.12(\text{stat}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst})$
$tZc$	LH	$0.10 \pm 0.17(\text{stat}) \pm 0.14(\text{syst})$
$tZc$	RH	$0.06 \pm 0.16(\text{stat}) \pm 0.13(\text{syst})$

Figure 3 shows the distributions of the fitted variables in the CRs and SRs after the fit for the FCNC  $tZu$  LH coupling extraction. For the FCNC  $tZc$  LH coupling extraction, the fitted distributions are presented in Fig. 4, where  $D_2^c$  is used in SR2 and in the mass sideband CR2. For the  $t\bar{t}$  and  $t\bar{t}Z$  CRs, only the event yields are used. The data and background prediction agree within the uncertainties.

Limits on each FCNC  $t \rightarrow Zq$  branching ratio are computed with the CL<sub>s</sub> method [114] using the asymptotic properties of  $q_\mu$  [115] and assuming that only the corresponding FCNC coupling contributes. The observed and expected 95% confidence-level (CL) limits on the branching ratios are shown in Table VIII, where the limits on the relevant Wilson coefficients are also reported. The expected limits on the branching ratios calculated without systematic uncertainties are lower by 20% and 25% for the  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  couplings, respectively. The leading systematic uncertainties include the uncertainty in the SM  $tZ$  background normalization and the diboson modeling uncertainties.

Table VIII also shows limits on the FCNC  $tZu$  LH and RH couplings obtained when considering only one SR,

TABLE VI. Predicted and observed yields in the four CRs considered in the fit. The signal and background predictions are shown after the fit to data for the FCNC  $tZu$  LH coupling extraction. The quoted uncertainties include the statistical and systematic uncertainties of the yields, computed taking into account correlations among nuisance parameters and among processes. For the backgrounds with a nonprompt or fake lepton, the contribution from  $t\bar{t} + tW$  is shown separately from “Other fakes.” For the minor backgrounds, the contributions from  $t\bar{t}W$  and  $t\bar{t}H$  are shown separately from “Other bkg.”

	Sideband CR1	Sideband CR2	$t\bar{t}Z$ CR	$t\bar{t}$ CR
$t\bar{t}Z + tWZ$	$102 \pm 14$	$8.2 \pm 1.4$	$230 \pm 18$	$15.4 \pm 1.5$
$VV + LF$	$27 \pm 11$	$12 \pm 4$	$0.23 \pm 0.19$	$0.38 \pm 0.25$
$VV + HF$	$166 \pm 25$	$64 \pm 9$	$17 \pm 8$	$2.9 \pm 0.5$
$tZ$	$22 \pm 4$	$6.8 \pm 1.4$	$21 \pm 5$	$0.96 \pm 0.19$
$t\bar{t} + tW$ fakes	$9.3 \pm 2.6$	$7.2 \pm 2.1$	$4.0 \pm 1.3$	$93 \pm 19$
Other fakes	$2 \pm 4$	$2.0 \pm 2.8$	$0.15 \pm 0.18$	$0.08 \pm 0.09$
$t\bar{t}W$	$4.5 \pm 2.3$	$2.3 \pm 1.2$	$3.0 \pm 1.5$	$27 \pm 13$
$t\bar{t}H$	$2.6 \pm 0.4$	$0.33 \pm 0.07$	$7.5 \pm 1.2$	$14.1 \pm 2.2$
Other bkg.	$3.3 \pm 2.5$	$0.8 \pm 0.4$	$1.9 \pm 0.9$	$3.2 \pm 1.5$
FCNC ( $u$ ) $tZ$	$0.4 \pm 0.7$	$0.17 \pm 0.33$	$0.09 \pm 0.18$	$0.05 \pm 0.10$
FCNC $t\bar{t}(uZ)$	$0.14 \pm 0.27$	$0.04 \pm 0.07$	$0.11 \pm 0.20$	$0.018 \pm 0.035$
Total background	$338 \pm 18$	$104 \pm 8$	$284 \pm 16$	$157 \pm 13$
Data	343	104	286	157

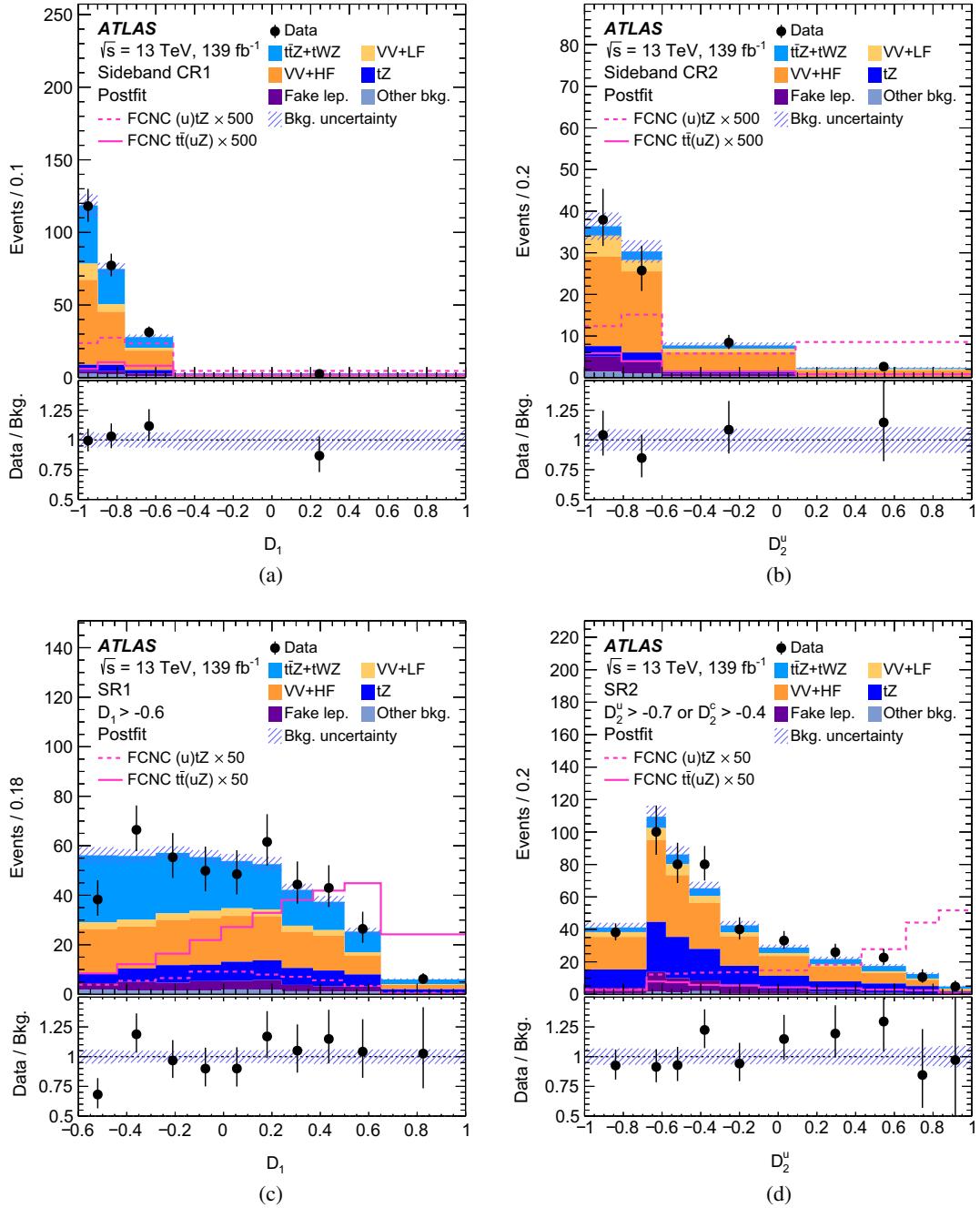


FIG. 3. Comparison between data and background prediction after the fit to data (“Postfit”) for the FCNC  $tZu$  LH coupling extraction for the fitted distributions in the CRs and SRs. The distributions are as follows: (a) the  $D_1$  discriminant in the mass sideband CR1, (b) the  $D_2^u$  discriminant in the mass sideband CR2, (c) the  $D_1$  discriminant in SR1, and (d) the  $D_2^u$  discriminant in SR2. The uncertainty band includes both the statistical and systematic uncertainties in the background prediction. The FCNC  $tZu$  LH signals are also separately shown, normalized to 500 or 50 times the best fit of the signal yield. The lower panels show the ratios of the data (“Data”) to the background prediction (“Bkg.”).

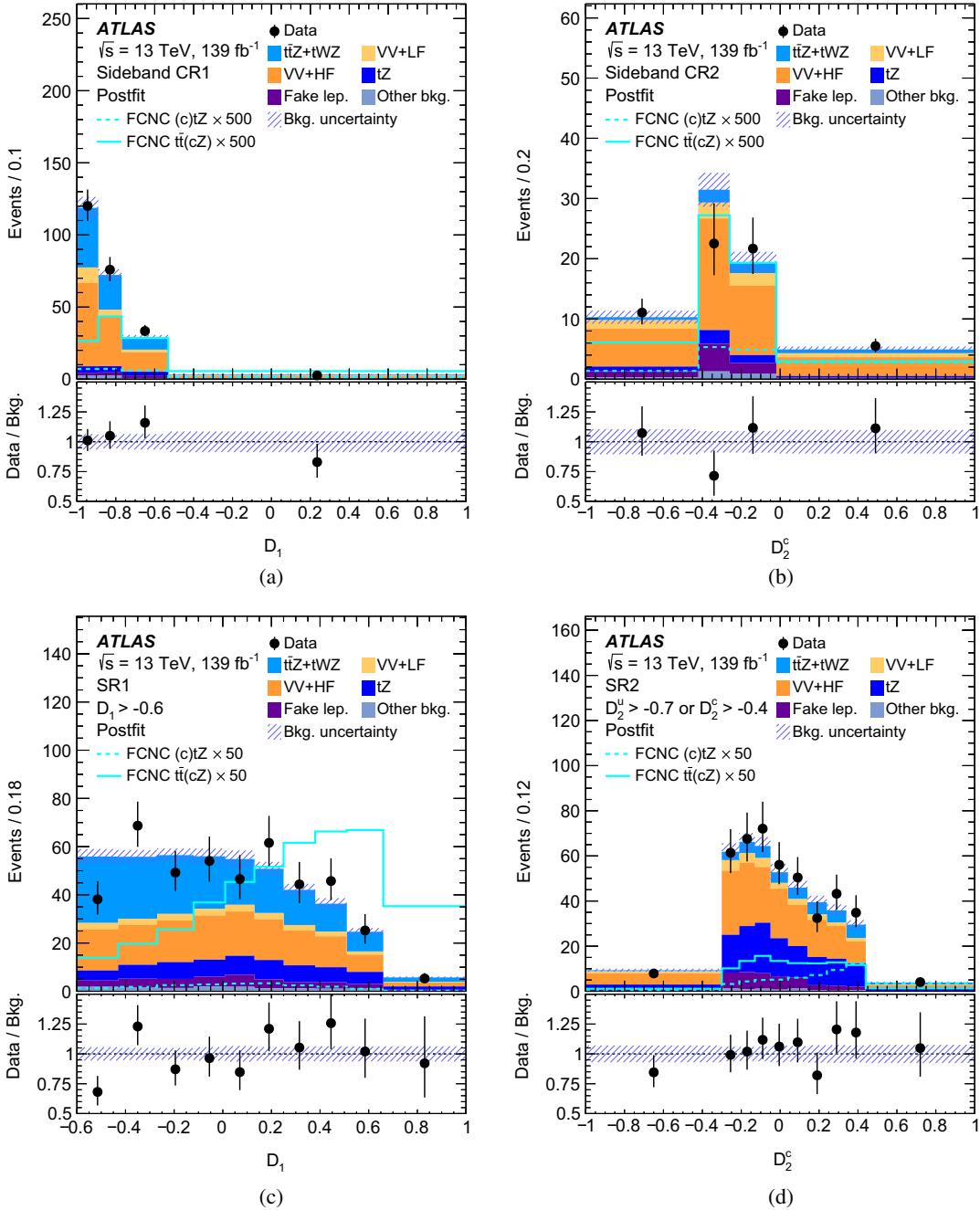


FIG. 4. Comparison between data and background prediction after the fit to data (“Postfit”) for the FCNC  $tZc$  LH coupling extraction for the fitted distributions in the CRs and SRs. The distributions are as follows: (a) the  $D_1$  discriminant in the mass sideband CR1, (b) the  $D_2^c$  discriminant in the mass sideband CR2, (c) the  $D_1$  discriminant in SR1, and (d) the  $D_2^c$  discriminant in SR2. The uncertainty band includes both the statistical and systematic uncertainties in the background prediction. The FCNC  $tZc$  LH signals are also separately shown, normalized to 500 or 50 times the best fit of the signal yield. The lower panels show the ratios of the data (“Data”) to the background prediction (“Bkg.”).

TABLE VIII. Observed and expected 95% CL limits on the FCNC  $t \rightarrow Zq$  branching ratios and the effective coupling strengths for different vertices and couplings (top eight rows). For the latter, the energy scale is assumed to be  $\Lambda_{\text{NP}} = 1$  TeV. The bottom rows show, for the case of the FCNC  $t \rightarrow Zu$  branching ratio, the observed and expected 95% CL limits when only one of the two SRs, either SR1 or SR2, and all CRs are included in the likelihood.

Observable	Vertex	Coupling	Observed	Expected
SRs + CRs				
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$tZu$	LH	$6.2 \times 10^{-5}$	$4.9^{+2.1}_{-1.4} \times 10^{-5}$
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$tZu$	RH	$6.6 \times 10^{-5}$	$5.1^{+2.1}_{-1.4} \times 10^{-5}$
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$tZc$	LH	$13 \times 10^{-5}$	$11^{+5}_{-3} \times 10^{-5}$
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$tZc$	RH	$12 \times 10^{-5}$	$10^{+4}_{-3} \times 10^{-5}$
$ C_{uW}^{(13)*} $ and $ C_{uB}^{(13)*} $	$tZu$	LH	0.15	$0.13^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$
$ C_{uW}^{(31)} $ and $ C_{uB}^{(31)} $	$tZu$	RH	0.16	$0.14^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$
$ C_{uW}^{(23)*} $ and $ C_{uB}^{(23)*} $	$tZc$	LH	0.22	$0.20^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$
$ C_{uW}^{(32)} $ and $ C_{uB}^{(32)} $	$tZc$	RH	0.21	$0.19^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$
SR1 + CRs				
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$tZu$	LH	$9.7 \times 10^{-5}$	$8.6^{+3.6}_{-2.4} \times 10^{-5}$
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$tZu$	RH	$9.5 \times 10^{-5}$	$8.2^{+3.4}_{-2.3} \times 10^{-5}$
SR2 + CRs				
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$tZu$	LH	$7.8 \times 10^{-5}$	$6.1^{+2.7}_{-1.7} \times 10^{-5}$
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$tZu$	RH	$9.0 \times 10^{-5}$	$6.6^{+2.9}_{-1.8} \times 10^{-5}$

either SR1 or SR2, and all CRs in the likelihood. The results show that SR2, targeting the FCNC single-top-production signal, contributes more strongly than SR1 to the combined limits. Separate results for the FCNC  $tZc$  coupling are not shown since the limits are dominated by the FCNC- $t\bar{t}$ -in-decay signal.

## IX. CONCLUSIONS

A search for FCNC processes involving a top quark, an up-type quark, and a  $Z$  boson is presented. FCNC  $tZq$  couplings are searched for both in  $t\bar{t}$  decay events, where one top quark decays according to the SM and the other one decays as  $t \rightarrow Zq$ , and in single-top-quark production through the  $gq \rightarrow tZ$  FCNC process, followed by SM top-quark decay. The analysis uses  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collision data collected by the ATLAS experiment at the LHC between 2015 and 2018 at a center-of-mass energy of 13 TeV. Events with three leptons, a  $b$ -tagged jet, possible additional jets, and missing transverse momentum are selected. Multivariate discriminants are used to distinguish signal events from background events.

The data are in good agreement with the SM expectations, and no evidence of a signal is found. Limits at 95% CL are placed on the  $t \rightarrow Zq$  branching ratios for both the  $tZu$  and  $tZc$  vertices and for both the RH and LH couplings. Assuming a LH coupling, the observed limits on the branching ratios are  $6.2 \times 10^{-5}$  for  $t \rightarrow Zu$  and

$13 \times 10^{-5}$  for  $t \rightarrow Zc$ . These results for  $t \rightarrow Zu$  ( $t \rightarrow Zc$ ) improve on the previous observed limits from ATLAS by a factor of 3 (2) and on the previous expected limits by a factor of 5 (3). These are the most stringent limits to date. The improvement relative to the previous results comes from the inclusion of the FCNC-in-single-top-quark-production signal and the usage of a multivariate analysis in addition to the higher integrated luminosity. These results also constrain the values of Wilson coefficients for effective field theory operators contributing to the  $t \rightarrow Zu$  and  $t \rightarrow Zc$  FCNC decays of the top quark.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We thank CERN for the very successful operation of the LHC, as well as the support staff from our institutions without whom ATLAS could not be operated efficiently. We acknowledge the support of ANPCyT, Argentina; YerPhI, Armenia; ARC, Australia; BMWFW and FWF, Austria; ANAS, Azerbaijan; CNPq and FAPESP, Brazil; NSERC, NRC, and CFI, Canada; CERN; ANID, Chile; CAS, MOST, and NSFC, China; Minciencias, Colombia; MEYS CR, Czech Republic; DNRF and DNSRC, Denmark; IN2P3-CNRS and CEA-DRF/IRFU, France; SRNSFG, Georgia; BMBF, HGF, and MPG, Germany; GSRI, Greece; RGC and Hong Kong SAR, China; ISF and Benoziyo Center, Israel; INFN, Italy; MEXT and JSPS, Japan; CNRST, Morocco; NWO, Netherlands; RCN,

Norway; MEiN, Poland; FCT, Portugal; MNE/IFA, Romania; MESTD, Serbia; MSSR, Slovakia; ARRS and MIZŠ, Slovenia; DS/ NRF, South Africa; MICINN, Spain; SRC and Wallenberg Foundation, Sweden; SERI, SNSF, and Cantons of Bern and Geneva, Switzerland; MOST, Taiwan; TENMAK, Türkiye; STFC, United Kingdom; DOE and NSF, USA. In addition, individual groups and members have received support from BCKDF, CANARIE, Compute Canada, and CRC, Canada; PRIMUS 21/SCI/017 and UNCE SCI/013, Czech Republic; COST, ERC, ERDF, Horizon 2020, and Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions, European Union; Investissements d’Avenir Labex, Investissements d’Avenir Idex, and ANR, France; DFG and AvH Foundation, Germany; Herakleitos, Thales, and Aristeia programs co-financed by EU-ESF and the Greek NSRF, Greece; BSF-NSF and MINERVA, Israel;

Norwegian Financial Mechanism 2014–2021, Norway; NCN and NAWA, Poland; La Caixa Banking Foundation, CERCA Programme Generalitat de Catalunya and PROMETEO and GenT Programmes Generalitat Valenciana, Spain; Göran Gustafssons Stiftelse, Sweden; The Royal Society and Leverhulme Trust, United Kingdom. Crucial computing support from all WLCG partners is gratefully acknowledged, in particular, from CERN, the ATLAS Tier-1 facilities at TRIUMF (Canada), NDGF (Denmark, Norway, Sweden), CC-IN2P3 (France), KIT/GridKA (Germany), INFN-CNAF (Italy), NL-T1 (Netherlands), PIC (Spain), ASGC (Taiwan), RAL (UK), BNL (USA), the Tier-2 facilities worldwide, and large non-WLCG resource providers. Major contributors of computing resources are listed in Ref. [116].

- 
- [1] Particle Data Group, Review of particle physics, *Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys.* **2020**, 083C01 (2020).
  - [2] S. L. Glashow, J. Iliopoulos, and L. Maiani, Weak interactions with lepton-hadron symmetry, *Phys. Rev. D* **2**, 1285 (1970).
  - [3] J. A. Aguilar-Saavedra, Top flavour-changing neutral interactions: Theoretical expectations and experimental detection, *Acta Phys. Pol. B* **35**, 2695 (2004).
  - [4] J. A. Aguilar-Saavedra, Effects of mixing with quark singlets, *Phys. Rev. D* **67**, 035003 (2003); **69**, 099901 (E) (2004).
  - [5] D. Atwood, L. Reina, and A. Soni, Phenomenology of two Higgs doublet models with flavor-changing neutral currents, *Phys. Rev. D* **55**, 3156 (1997).
  - [6] J. J. Cao, G. Eilam, M. Frank, K. Hikasa, G. L. Liu, I. Turan, and J. M. Yang, Supersymmetry-induced flavor-changing neutral-current top-quark processes at the CERN Large Hadron Collider, *Phys. Rev. D* **75**, 075021 (2007).
  - [7] J. M. Yang, B.-L. Young, and X. Zhang, Flavor-changing top quark decays in  $R$ -parity-violating supersymmetric models, *Phys. Rev. D* **58**, 055001 (1998).
  - [8] K. Agashe, G. Perez, and A. Soni, Collider signals of top quark flavor violation from a warped extra dimension, *Phys. Rev. D* **75**, 015002 (2007).
  - [9] P. Q. Hung, Y.-X. Lin, C. S. Nugroho, and T.-C. Yuan, Top quark rare decays via loop-induced FCNC interactions in extended mirror fermion model, *Nucl. Phys. B* **927**, 166 (2018).
  - [10] J. A. Aguilar-Saavedra, A minimal set of top anomalous couplings, *Nucl. Phys. B* **812**, 181 (2009).
  - [11] G. Durieux, F. Maltoni, and C. Zhang, Global approach to top-quark flavor-changing interactions, *Phys. Rev. D* **91**, 074017 (2015).
  - [12] B. Grzadkowski, M. Iskrzynski, M. Misiak, and J. Rosiek, Dimension-six terms in the standard model Lagrangian, *J. High Energy Phys.* **10** (2010) 085.
  - [13] OPAL Collaboration, Search for single top quark production at LEP2, *Phys. Lett. B* **521**, 181 (2001).
  - [14] ALEPH Collaboration, Search for single top production in  $e^+e^-$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  up to 209 GeV, *Phys. Lett. B* **543**, 173 (2002).
  - [15] L3 Collaboration, Search for single top production at LEP, *Phys. Lett. B* **549**, 290 (2002).
  - [16] DELPHI Collaboration, Search for single top production via FCNC at LEP at  $\sqrt{s} = 189\text{--}208$  GeV, *Phys. Lett. B* **590**, 21 (2004).
  - [17] ZEUS Collaboration, Search for single-top production in  $ep$  collisions at HERA, *Phys. Lett. B* **708**, 27 (2012).
  - [18] CDF Collaboration, Search for the Flavor-Changing Neutral-Current Decay  $t \rightarrow Zq$  in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **101**, 192002 (2008).
  - [19] D0 Collaboration, Search for flavor changing neutral currents in decays of top quarks, *Phys. Lett. B* **701**, 313 (2011).
  - [20] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for flavour-changing neutral current top-quark decays to  $qZ$  in  $pp$  collision data collected with the ATLAS detector at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **76**, 12 (2016).
  - [21] ATLAS Collaboration, Search for flavour-changing neutral current top-quark decays  $t \rightarrow qZ$  in proton–proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector, *J. High Energy Phys.* **07** (2018) 176.
  - [22] CMS Collaboration, Search for Flavor-Changing Neutral Currents in Top-Quark Decays  $t \rightarrow Zq$  in  $pp$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **112**, 171802 (2014).
  - [23] CMS Collaboration, Search for associated production of a  $Z$  boson with a single top quark and for  $tZ$  flavour-changing interactions in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV, *J. High Energy Phys.* **07** (2017) 003.
  - [24] ATLAS Collaboration, The ATLAS experiment at the CERN Large Hadron Collider, *J. Instrum.* **3**, S08003 (2008).

- [25] ATLAS Collaboration, Performance of the ATLAS trigger system in 2015, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **77**, 317 (2017).
- [26] ATLAS Collaboration, The ATLAS Collaboration software and firmware, CERN Report No. ATL-SOFT-PUB-2021-001, 2021, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2767187>.
- [27] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS data quality operations and performance for 2015–2018 data-taking, *J. Instrum.* **15**, P04003 (2020).
- [28] ATLAS Collaboration, Performance of electron and photon triggers in ATLAS during LHC run 2, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **80**, 47 (2020).
- [29] ATLAS Collaboration, Performance of the ATLAS muon triggers in run 2, *J. Instrum.* **15**, P09015 (2020).
- [30] GEANT4 Collaboration, Geant4—A simulation toolkit, *Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res., Sect. A* **506**, 250 (2003).
- [31] ATLAS Collaboration, The ATLAS simulation infrastructure, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **70**, 823 (2010).
- [32] D. J. Lange, The EvtGen particle decay simulation package, *Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res., Sect. A* **462**, 152 (2001).
- [33] T. Sjöstrand, S. Mrenna, and P. Skands, A brief introduction to PYTHIA 8.1, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **178**, 852 (2008).
- [34] ATLAS Collaboration, The PYTHIA 8 A3 tune description of ATLAS minimum bias and inelastic measurements incorporating the Donnachie–Landshoff diffractive model, Report No. ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-017, 2016, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2206965>.
- [35] R. D. Ball *et al.* (NNPDF Collaboration), Parton distributions with LHC data, *Nucl. Phys.* **B867**, 244 (2013).
- [36] J. Alwall, R. Frederix, S. Frixione, V. Hirschi, F. Maltoni, O. Mattelaer, H.-S. Shao, T. Stelzer, P. Torrielli, and M. Zaro, The automated computation of tree-level and next-to-leading order differential cross sections, and their matching to parton shower simulations, *J. High Energy Phys.* **07** (2014) 079.
- [37] R. D. Ball *et al.* (NNPDF Collaboration), Parton distributions for the LHC run II, *J. High Energy Phys.* **04** (2015) 040.
- [38] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS PYTHIA 8 tunes to 7 TeV data, Report No. ATL-PHYS-PUB-2014-021, 2014, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/1966419>.
- [39] A. Alloul, N. D. Christensen, C. Degrande, C. Duhr, and B. Fuks, FeynRules 2.0—A complete toolbox for tree-level phenomenology, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **185**, 2250 (2014).
- [40] C. Degrande, F. Maltoni, J. Wang, and C. Zhang, Automatic computations at next-to-leading order in QCD for top-quark flavor-changing neutral processes, *Phys. Rev. D* **91**, 034024 (2015).
- [41] M. Bähr *et al.*, Herwig++ physics and manual, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **58**, 639 (2008).
- [42] J. Bellm *et al.*, Herwig 7.0/Herwig++ 3.0 release note, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **76**, 196 (2016).
- [43] J. Bellm *et al.*, Herwig 7.1 release note, [arXiv:1705.06919](https://arxiv.org/abs/1705.06919).
- [44] L. A. Harland-Lang, A. D. Martin, P. Motylinski, and R. S. Thorne, Parton distributions in the LHC era: MMHT 2014 PDFs, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **75**, 204 (2015).
- [45] M. Beneke, P. Falgari, S. Klein, and C. Schwinn, Hadronic top-quark pair production with NNLL threshold resummation, *Nucl. Phys.* **B855**, 695 (2012).
- [46] M. Cacciari, M. Czakon, M. Mangano, A. Mitov, and P. Nason, Top-pair production at hadron colliders with next-to-next-to-leading logarithmic soft-gluon resummation, *Phys. Lett. B* **710**, 612 (2012).
- [47] P. Bärnreuther, M. Czakon, and A. Mitov, Percent-Level-Precision Physics at the Tevatron: Next-to-Next-to-Leading Order QCD Corrections to  $q\bar{q} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + X$ , *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **109**, 132001 (2012).
- [48] M. Czakon and A. Mitov, NNLO corrections to top-pair production at hadron colliders: The all-fermionic scattering channels, *J. High Energy Phys.* **12** (2012) 054.
- [49] M. Czakon and A. Mitov, NNLO corrections to top pair production at hadron colliders: The quark-gluon reaction, *J. High Energy Phys.* **01** (2013) 080.
- [50] M. Czakon, P. Fiedler, and A. Mitov, Total Top-Quark Pair-Production Cross Section at Hadron Colliders through  $O(\alpha_s^4)$ , *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **110**, 252004 (2013).
- [51] M. Czakon and A. Mitov, Top++: A program for the calculation of the top-pair cross-section at hadron colliders, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **185**, 2930 (2014).
- [52] S. Frixione, G. Ridolfi, and P. Nason, A positive-weight next-to-leading-order Monte Carlo for heavy flavour hadroproduction, *J. High Energy Phys.* **09** (2007) 126.
- [53] P. Nason, A new method for combining NLO QCD with shower Monte Carlo algorithms, *J. High Energy Phys.* **11** (2004) 040.
- [54] S. Frixione, P. Nason, and C. Oleari, Matching NLO QCD computations with parton shower simulations: The POWHEG method, *J. High Energy Phys.* **11** (2007) 070.
- [55] S. Alioli, P. Nason, C. Oleari, and E. Re, A general framework for implementing NLO calculations in shower Monte Carlo programs: The POWHEG BOX, *J. High Energy Phys.* **06** (2010) 043.
- [56] H. B. Hartanto, B. Jäger, L. Reina, and D. Wackerlo, Higgs boson production in association with top quarks in the POWHEG BOX, *Phys. Rev. D* **91**, 094003 (2015).
- [57] ATLAS Collaboration, Studies on top-quark Monte Carlo modelling for Top2016, Report No. ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-020, 2016, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2216168>.
- [58] T. Sjöstrand, S. Ask, J. R. Christiansen, R. Corke, N. Desai, P. Ilten, S. Mrenna, S. Prestel, C. O. Rasmussen, and P. Z. Skands, An introduction to PYTHIA 8.2, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **191**, 159 (2015).
- [59] ATLAS Collaboration, Improvements in  $t\bar{t}$  modelling using NLO + PS Monte Carlo generators for run 2, Report No. ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-009, 2018, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2630327>.
- [60] E. Re, Single-top  $Wt$ -channel production matched with parton showers using the POWHEG method, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **71**, 1547 (2011).
- [61] S. Frixione, E. Laenen, P. Motylinski, C. White, and B. R. Webber, Single-top hadroproduction in association with a  $W$  boson, *J. High Energy Phys.* **07** (2008) 029.
- [62] F. Demartin, B. Maier, F. Maltoni, K. Mawatari, and M. Zaro,  $t\bar{W}H$  associated production at the LHC, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **77**, 34 (2017).

- [63] S. Alioli, P. Nason, C. Oleari, and E. Re, NLO vector-boson production matched with shower in POWHEG, *J. High Energy Phys.* **07** (2008) 060.
- [64] ATLAS Collaboration, Measurement of the  $Z/\gamma^*$  boson transverse momentum distribution in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV with the ATLAS detector, *J. High Energy Phys.* **09** (2014) 145.
- [65] H.-L. Lai, Marco Guzzi, J. Huston, Z. Li, P. M. Nadolsky, J. Pumplin, and C.-P. Yuan, New parton distributions for collider physics, *Phys. Rev. D* **82**, 074024 (2010).
- [66] J. Pumplin, D. R. Stump, J. Huston, H.-L. Lai, P. Nadolsky, and W.-K. Tung, New generation of parton distributions with uncertainties from global QCD analysis, *J. High Energy Phys.* **07** (2002) 012.
- [67] P. Golonka and Z. Was, PHOTOS Monte Carlo: A precision tool for QED corrections in  $Z$  and  $W$  decays, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **45**, 97 (2006).
- [68] N. Davidson, T. Przedzinski, and Z. Was, PHOTOS interface in C++: Technical and physics documentation, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **199**, 86 (2016).
- [69] E. Bothmann *et al.*, Event generation with Sherpa 2.2, *SciPost Phys.* **7**, 034 (2019).
- [70] T. Gleisberg and S. Höche, Comix, a new matrix element generator, *J. High Energy Phys.* **12** (2008) 039.
- [71] S. Schumann and F. Krauss, A parton shower algorithm based on Catani–Seymour dipole factorisation, *J. High Energy Phys.* **03** (2008) 038.
- [72] S. Höche, F. Krauss, M. Schönher, and F. Siegert, A critical appraisal of NLO + PS matching methods, *J. High Energy Phys.* **09** (2012) 049.
- [73] S. Höche, F. Krauss, M. Schönher, and F. Siegert, QCD matrix elements + parton showers. The NLO case, *J. High Energy Phys.* **04** (2013) 027.
- [74] S. Catani, F. Krauss, B. R. Webber, and R. Kuhn, QCD matrix elements + parton showers, *J. High Energy Phys.* **11** (2001) 063.
- [75] S. Höche, F. Krauss, S. Schumann, and F. Siegert, QCD matrix elements and truncated showers, *J. High Energy Phys.* **05** (2009) 053.
- [76] F. Buccioni, J.-N. Lang, J. M. Lindert, P. Maierhöfer, S. Pozzorini, H. Zhang, and M. F. Zoller, OpenLoops 2, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **79**, 866 (2019).
- [77] F. Cascioli, P. Maierhöfer, and S. Pozzorini, Scattering Amplitudes with OpenLoops, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **108**, 111601 (2012).
- [78] A. Denner, S. Dittmaier, and L. Hofer, Collier: A Fortran-based complex one-loop library in extended regularizations, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **212**, 220 (2017).
- [79] P. Nason and G. Zanderighi,  $W^+W^-$ ,  $WZ$  and  $ZZ$  production in the POWHEG-BOX-v2, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **74**, 2702 (2014).
- [80] ATLAS Collaboration, Vertex reconstruction performance of the ATLAS detector at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, Report No. ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-026, 2015, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2037717>.
- [81] ATLAS Collaboration, Electron and photon performance measurements with the ATLAS detector using the 2015–2017 LHC proton–proton collision data, *J. Instrum.* **14**, P12006 (2019).
- [82] ATLAS Collaboration, Evidence for the associated production of the Higgs boson and a top quark pair with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Rev. D* **97**, 072003 (2018).
- [83] ATLAS Collaboration, Muon reconstruction and identification efficiency in ATLAS using the full run 2  $pp$  collision data set at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **81**, 578 (2021).
- [84] ATLAS Collaboration, Jet reconstruction and performance using particle flow with the ATLAS detector, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **77**, 466 (2017).
- [85] M. Cacciari, G. P. Salam, and G. Soyez, The anti- $k_t$  jet clustering algorithm, *J. High Energy Phys.* **04** (2008) 063.
- [86] M. Cacciari, G. P. Salam, and G. Soyez, FastJet user manual, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72**, 1896 (2012).
- [87] ATLAS Collaboration, Jet energy scale and resolution measured in proton–proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **81**, 689 (2020).
- [88] ATLAS Collaboration, Performance of pile-up mitigation techniques for jets in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV using the ATLAS detector, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **76**, 581 (2016).
- [89] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS flavour-tagging algorithms for the LHC run 2  $pp$  collision dataset, [arXiv:2211.16345](https://arxiv.org/abs/2211.16345).
- [90] ATLAS Collaboration, Performance of missing transverse momentum reconstruction with the ATLAS detector using proton–proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **78**, 903 (2018).
- [91] ATLAS Collaboration,  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  performance in the ATLAS detector using 2015–2016 LHC  $pp$  collisions, Report No. ATLAS-CONF-2018-023, 2018, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2625233>.
- [92] ATLAS Collaboration, Measurement of the top-quark mass using a leptonic invariant mass in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector, *J. High Energy Phys.* **06** (2023) 019.
- [93] A. D. Bukanin, Fitting function for asymmetric peaks, [arXiv:0711.4449](https://arxiv.org/abs/0711.4449).
- [94] A. Kulesza, L. Motyka, T. Stebel, and V. Theeuwes, Soft gluon resummation for associated  $t\bar{t}H$  production at the LHC, *J. High Energy Phys.* **03** (2016) 065.
- [95] J. H. Friedman, Stochastic gradient boosting, *Comput. Stat. Data Anal.* **38**, 367 (2002).
- [96] A. Hoecker *et al.*, TMVA—Toolkit for multivariate data analysis, [arXiv:physics/0703039](https://arxiv.org/abs/physics/0703039).
- [97] L. Breiman, J. Friedman, C. Stone, and R. Olshen, *Classification and Regression Trees* (Chapman & Hall, London, 1984).
- [98] ATLAS Collaboration, Jet energy scale measurements and their systematic uncertainties in proton–proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Phys. Rev. D* **96**, 072002 (2017).
- [99] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS  $b$ -jet identification performance and efficiency measurement with  $t\bar{t}$  events in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **79**, 970 (2019).
- [100] ATLAS Collaboration, Measurement of  $b$ -tagging efficiency of  $c$ -jets in  $t\bar{t}$  events using a likelihood approach with the ATLAS detector, Report No. ATLAS-CONF-2018-001, 2018, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2306649>.
- [101] ATLAS Collaboration, Calibration of light-flavour  $b$ -jet mistagging rates using ATLAS proton–proton collision

- data at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, Report No. ATLAS-CONF-2018-006, 2018, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2314418>.
- [102] J. Butterworth *et al.*, PDF4LHC recommendations for LHC run II, *J. Phys. G* **43**, 023001 (2016).
- [103] A. D. Martin, W. J. Stirling, R. S. Thorne, and G. Watt, Parton distributions for the LHC, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **63**, 189 (2009).
- [104] A. D. Martin, W. J. Stirling, R. S. Thorne, and G. Watt, Uncertainties on  $\alpha_s$  in global PDF analyses and implications for predicted hadronic cross sections, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **64**, 653 (2009).
- [105] J. Gao, M. Guzzi, J. Huston, H.-L. Lai, Z. Li, P. Nadolsky, J. Pumplin, D. Stump, and C.-P. Yuan, CT10 next-to-next-to-leading order global analysis of QCD, *Phys. Rev. D* **89**, 033009 (2014).
- [106] LHC Higgs Cross Section Working Group, Handbook of LHC Higgs cross sections: 4. Deciphering the nature of the Higgs sector, Report No. CERN-2017-002-M, CERN, Geneva, 2016, [arXiv:1610.07922](https://arxiv.org/abs/1610.07922).
- [107] ATLAS Collaboration, Evidence for  $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  production in the multilepton final state in proton–proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **80**, 1085 (2020).
- [108] ATLAS Collaboration, Observation of the associated production of a top quark and a Z boson in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector, *J. High Energy Phys.* **07** (2020) 124.
- [109] CMS Collaboration, Measurement of the associated production of a single top quark and a Z boson in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, *Phys. Lett. B* **779**, 358 (2018).
- [110] ATLAS Collaboration, Measurement of  $W^\pm Z$  production cross sections and gauge boson polarisation in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **79**, 535 (2019).
- [111] ATLAS Collaboration, Evidence for the  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decay with the ATLAS detector, *J. High Energy Phys.* **12** (2017) 024.
- [112] ATLAS Collaboration, Luminosity determination in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV using the ATLAS detector at the LHC, Report No. ATLAS-CONF-2019-021, 2019, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2677054>.
- [113] G. Avoni *et al.*, The new LUCID-2 detector for luminosity measurement and monitoring in ATLAS, *J. Instrum.* **13**, P07017 (2018).
- [114] A. L. Read, Presentation of search results: The  $CL_s$  technique, *J. Phys. G* **28**, 2693 (2002).
- [115] G. Cowan, K. Cranmer, E. Gross, and O. Vitells, Asymptotic formulae for likelihood-based tests of new physics, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **71**, 1554 (2011); **73**, 2501(E) (2013).
- [116] ATLAS Collaboration, ATLAS computing acknowledgements, Report No. ATL-SOFT-PUB-2021-003, 2021, <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2776662>.

- G. Aad<sup>100</sup>, B. Abbott<sup>118</sup>, D. C. Abbott<sup>101</sup>, A. Abed Abud<sup>35</sup>, K. Abeling<sup>54</sup>, D. K. Abhayasinghe<sup>93</sup>, S. H. Abidi<sup>28</sup>, A. Aboulhorma<sup>34e</sup>, H. Abramowicz<sup>149</sup>, H. Abreu<sup>148</sup>, Y. Abulaiti<sup>5</sup>, A. C. Abusleme Hoffman<sup>135a</sup>, B. S. Acharya<sup>67a,67b,b</sup>, B. Achkar<sup>54</sup>, L. Adam<sup>98</sup>, C. Adam Bourdarios<sup>14</sup>, L. Adamczyk<sup>83a</sup>, L. Adamek<sup>153</sup>, S. V. Addepalli<sup>25</sup>, J. Adelman<sup>113</sup>, A. Adiguzel<sup>11c,c</sup>, S. Adorni<sup>55</sup>, T. Adye<sup>132</sup>, A. A. Affolder<sup>134</sup>, Y. Afik<sup>35</sup>, C. Agapopoulou<sup>65</sup>, M. N. Agaras<sup>13</sup>, J. Agarwala<sup>71a,71b</sup>, A. Aggarwal<sup>111</sup>, C. Agheorghiesei<sup>26c</sup>, J. A. Aguilar-Saavedra<sup>128f,128a,d</sup>, A. Ahmad<sup>35</sup>, F. Ahmadov<sup>37,e</sup>, W. S. Ahmed<sup>102</sup>, X. Ai<sup>47</sup>, G. Aielli<sup>74a,74b</sup>, I. Aizenberg<sup>166</sup>, S. Akatsuka<sup>85</sup>, M. Akbiyik<sup>98</sup>, T. P. A. Åkesson<sup>96</sup>, A. V. Akimov<sup>36</sup>, K. Al Khoury<sup>40</sup>, G. L. Alberghi<sup>22b</sup>, J. Albert<sup>162</sup>, P. Albicocco<sup>52</sup>, M. J. Alconada Verzini<sup>88</sup>, S. Alderweireldt<sup>51</sup>, M. Aleksi<sup>35</sup>, I. N. Aleksandrov<sup>37</sup>, C. Alexa<sup>26b</sup>, T. Alexopoulos<sup>9</sup>, A. Alfonsi<sup>112</sup>, F. Alfonsi<sup>22b</sup>, M. Alhroob<sup>118</sup>, B. Ali<sup>130</sup>, S. Ali<sup>146</sup>, M. Aliiev<sup>36</sup>, G. Alimonti<sup>69a</sup>, C. Allaire<sup>35</sup>, B. M. M. Allbrooke<sup>144</sup>, P. P. Allport<sup>20</sup>, A. Aloisio<sup>1b</sup>, F. Alonso<sup>88</sup>, C. Alpigiani<sup>136</sup>, E. Alunno Camelia<sup>74a,74b</sup>, M. Alvarez Estevez<sup>97</sup>, M. G. Alvaggi<sup>1b</sup>, Y. Amaral Coutinho<sup>80b</sup>, A. Ambler<sup>102</sup>, L. Ambroz<sup>124</sup>, C. Ameling<sup>35</sup>, D. Amidei<sup>104</sup>, S. P. Amor Dos Santos<sup>128a</sup>, S. Amoroso<sup>47</sup>, K. R. Amos<sup>160</sup>, C. S. Amrouche<sup>55</sup>, V. Ananiev<sup>123</sup>, C. Anastopoulos<sup>137</sup>, N. Andari<sup>133</sup>, T. Andeen<sup>10</sup>, J. K. Anders<sup>19</sup>, S. Y. Andrean<sup>46a,46b</sup>, A. Andreazza<sup>69a,69b</sup>, S. Angelidakis<sup>8</sup>, A. Angerami<sup>40</sup>, A. V. Anisenkov<sup>36</sup>, A. Annovi<sup>72a</sup>, C. Antel<sup>55</sup>, M. T. Anthony<sup>137</sup>, E. Antipov<sup>119</sup>, M. Antonelli<sup>52</sup>, D. J. A. Antrim<sup>17a</sup>, F. Anulli<sup>73a</sup>, M. Aoki<sup>81</sup>, J. A. Aparisi Pozo<sup>160</sup>, M. A. Aparo<sup>144</sup>, L. Aperio Bella<sup>47</sup>, N. Aranzabal<sup>35</sup>, V. Araujo Ferraz<sup>80a</sup>, C. Arcangeletti<sup>52</sup>, A. T. H. Arce<sup>50</sup>, E. Arena<sup>90</sup>, J.-F. Arguin<sup>106</sup>, S. Argyropoulos<sup>53</sup>, J.-H. Arling<sup>47</sup>, A. J. Armbruster<sup>35</sup>, A. Armstrong<sup>157</sup>, O. Arnaez<sup>153</sup>, H. Arnold<sup>35</sup>, Z. P. Arrubarrena Tame<sup>107</sup>, G. Artoni<sup>124</sup>, H. Asada<sup>109</sup>, K. Asai<sup>116</sup>, S. Asai<sup>151</sup>, N. A. Asbah<sup>60</sup>, E. M. Asimakopoulou<sup>158</sup>, L. Asquith<sup>144</sup>, J. Assahsah<sup>34d</sup>, K. Assamagan<sup>28</sup>, R. Astalos<sup>27a</sup>, R. J. Atkin<sup>32a</sup>, M. Atkinson<sup>159</sup>, N. B. Atlay<sup>18</sup>, H. Atmani<sup>61b</sup>, P. A. Atmasiddha<sup>104</sup>, K. Augsten<sup>130</sup>, S. Auricchio<sup>70a,70b</sup>, V. A. Austrup<sup>168</sup>, G. Avner<sup>148</sup>, G. Avolio<sup>35</sup>, M. K. Ayoub<sup>14c</sup>, G. Azuelos<sup>106,f</sup>, D. Babal<sup>27a</sup>, H. Bachacou<sup>133</sup>, K. Bachas<sup>150</sup>, A. Bachiu<sup>33</sup>, F. Backman<sup>46a,46b</sup>, A. Badea<sup>60</sup>, P. Bagnaia<sup>73a,73b</sup>, M. Bahmani<sup>18</sup>, H. Bahrasemani<sup>140</sup>, A. J. Bailey<sup>160</sup>, V. R. Bailey<sup>159</sup>, J. T. Baines<sup>132</sup>, C. Bakalis<sup>9</sup>, O. K. Baker<sup>169</sup>, P. J. Bakker<sup>112</sup>, E. Bakos<sup>15</sup>, D. Bakshi Gupta<sup>7</sup>, S. Balaji<sup>145</sup>, R. Balasubramanian<sup>112</sup>, E. M. Baldin<sup>36</sup>, P. Balek<sup>131</sup>

- E. Ballabene<sup>69a,69b</sup> F. Balli<sup>133</sup> L. M. Baltes<sup>62a</sup> W. K. Balunas<sup>124</sup> J. Balz<sup>98</sup> E. Banas<sup>84</sup> M. Bandieramonte<sup>127</sup>  
A. Bandyopadhyay<sup>23</sup> S. Bansal<sup>23</sup> L. Barak<sup>149</sup> E. L. Barberio<sup>103</sup> D. Barberis<sup>56b,56a</sup> M. Barbero<sup>100</sup> G. Barbour,<sup>94</sup>  
K. N. Barends<sup>32a</sup> T. Barillari<sup>108</sup> M-S. Barisits<sup>35</sup> J. Barkeloo<sup>121</sup> T. Barklow<sup>141</sup> B. M. Barnett<sup>132</sup>  
R. M. Barnett<sup>17a</sup> A. Baroncelli<sup>61a</sup> G. Barone<sup>28</sup> A. J. Barr<sup>124</sup> L. Barranco Navarro<sup>46a,46b</sup> F. Barreiro<sup>97</sup>  
J. Barreiro Guimaraes da Costa<sup>14a</sup> U. Barron<sup>149</sup> S. Barsov<sup>36</sup> F. Bartels<sup>62a</sup> R. Bartoldus<sup>141</sup> G. Bartolini<sup>100</sup>  
A. E. Barton<sup>89</sup> P. Bartos<sup>27a</sup> A. Basalaev<sup>47</sup> A. Basan<sup>98</sup> M. Baselga<sup>47</sup> I. Bashta<sup>75a,75b</sup> A. Bassalat<sup>65,g</sup>  
M. J. Basso<sup>153</sup> C. R. Basson<sup>99</sup> R. L. Bates<sup>58</sup> S. Batlamous<sup>34e</sup> J. R. Batley<sup>31</sup> B. Batool<sup>139</sup> M. Battaglia<sup>134</sup>  
M. Bauce<sup>73a,73b</sup> F. Bauer<sup>133,a</sup> P. Bauer<sup>23</sup> H. S. Bawa,<sup>30</sup> A. Bayirli<sup>11c</sup> J. B. Beacham<sup>50</sup> T. Beau<sup>125</sup>  
P. H. Beauchemin<sup>156</sup> F. Becherer<sup>53</sup> P. Bechtle<sup>23</sup> H. P. Beck<sup>19,h</sup> K. Becker<sup>164</sup> C. Becot<sup>47</sup> A. J. Beddall<sup>11c</sup>  
V. A. Bednyakov<sup>37</sup> C. P. Bee<sup>143</sup> T. A. Beermann<sup>35</sup> M. Begalli<sup>80b</sup> M. Begel<sup>28</sup> A. Behera<sup>143</sup> J. K. Behr<sup>47</sup>  
C. Beirao Da Cruz E Silva<sup>35</sup> J. F. Beirer<sup>54,35</sup> F. Beisiegel<sup>23</sup> M. Belfkir<sup>4</sup> G. Bella<sup>149</sup> L. Bellagamba<sup>22b</sup>  
A. Bellerive<sup>33</sup> P. Bellos<sup>20</sup> K. Beloborodov<sup>36</sup> K. Belotskiy<sup>36</sup> N. L. Belyaev<sup>36</sup> D. Benchekroun<sup>34a</sup>  
Y. Benhammou<sup>149</sup> D. P. Benjamin<sup>28</sup> M. Benoit<sup>28</sup> J. R. Bensinger<sup>25</sup> S. Bentvelsen<sup>112</sup> L. Beresford<sup>35</sup>  
M. Beretta<sup>52</sup> D. Berge<sup>18</sup> E. Bergeaas Kuutmann<sup>158</sup> N. Berger<sup>4</sup> B. Bergmann<sup>130</sup> L. J. Bergsten<sup>25</sup>  
J. Beringer<sup>17a</sup> S. Berlendis<sup>6</sup> G. Bernardi<sup>125</sup> C. Bernius<sup>141</sup> F. U. Bernlochner<sup>23</sup> T. Berry<sup>93</sup> P. Berta<sup>131</sup>  
A. Berthold<sup>49</sup> I. A. Bertram<sup>89</sup> O. Bessidskaia Bylund<sup>168</sup> S. Bethke<sup>108</sup> A. Betti<sup>43</sup> A. J. Bevan<sup>92</sup> S. Bhatta<sup>143</sup>  
D. S. Bhattacharya<sup>163</sup> P. Bhattacharai<sup>25</sup> V. S. Bhopatkar<sup>5</sup> R. Bi,<sup>127</sup> R. Bi,<sup>28</sup> R. M. Bianchi<sup>127</sup> O. Biebel<sup>107</sup>  
R. Bielski<sup>121</sup> N. V. Biesuz<sup>72a,72b</sup> M. Biglietti<sup>75a</sup> T. R. V. Billoud<sup>130</sup> M. Bind<sup>54</sup> A. Bingul<sup>11d</sup> C. Bini<sup>73a,73b</sup>  
S. Biondi<sup>22b,22a</sup> A. Biondini<sup>90</sup> C. J. Birch-sykes<sup>99</sup> G. A. Bird<sup>20,132</sup> M. Birman<sup>166</sup> T. Bisanz<sup>35</sup> D. Biswas<sup>167,i</sup>  
A. Bitadze<sup>99</sup> C. Bittrich<sup>49</sup> K. Bjørke<sup>123</sup> I. Bloch<sup>47</sup> C. Blocker<sup>25</sup> A. Blue<sup>58</sup> U. Blumenschein<sup>92</sup>  
J. Blumenthal<sup>98</sup> G. J. Bobbink<sup>112</sup> V. S. Bobrovnikov<sup>36</sup> M. Boehler<sup>53</sup> D. Bogavac<sup>13</sup> A. G. Bogdanchikov<sup>36</sup>  
C. Bohm<sup>46a</sup> V. Boisvert<sup>93</sup> P. Bokan<sup>47</sup> T. Bold<sup>83a</sup> M. Bomben<sup>125</sup> M. Bona<sup>92</sup> M. Boonekamp<sup>133</sup>  
C. D. Booth<sup>93</sup> A. G. Borbely<sup>58</sup> H. M. Borecka-Bielska<sup>106</sup> L. S. Borgna<sup>94</sup> G. Borissov<sup>89</sup> D. Bortoletto<sup>124</sup>  
D. Boscherini<sup>22b</sup> M. Bosman<sup>13</sup> J. D. Bossio Sola<sup>35</sup> K. Bouaouda<sup>34a</sup> J. Boudreau<sup>127</sup> E. V. Bouhova-Thacker<sup>89</sup>  
D. Boumediene<sup>39</sup> R. Bouquet<sup>125</sup> A. Boveia<sup>117</sup> J. Boyd<sup>35</sup> D. Boye<sup>28</sup> I. R. Boyko<sup>37</sup> A. J. Bozon<sup>93</sup>  
J. Bracinik<sup>20</sup> N. Brahim<sup>61d,61c</sup> G. Brandt<sup>168</sup> O. Brandt<sup>31</sup> F. Braren<sup>47</sup> B. Brau<sup>101</sup> J. E. Brau<sup>121</sup>  
W. D. Breaden Madden<sup>58</sup> K. Brendlinger<sup>47</sup> R. Brener<sup>166</sup> L. Brenner<sup>35</sup> R. Brenner<sup>158</sup> S. Bressler<sup>166</sup>  
B. Brickwedde<sup>98</sup> D. Britton<sup>58</sup> D. Britzger<sup>108</sup> I. Brock<sup>23</sup> R. Brock<sup>105</sup> G. Brooijmans<sup>40</sup> W. K. Brooks<sup>135f</sup>  
E. Brost<sup>28</sup> P. A. Bruckman de Renstrom<sup>84</sup> B. Brüers<sup>47</sup> D. Bruncko<sup>27b,a</sup> A. Bruni<sup>22b</sup> G. Bruni<sup>22b</sup>  
M. Bruschi<sup>22b</sup> N. Bruscino<sup>73a,73b</sup> L. Bryngemark<sup>141</sup> T. Buanes<sup>16</sup> Q. Buat<sup>143</sup> P. Buchholz<sup>139</sup> A. G. Buckley<sup>58</sup>  
I. A. Budagov<sup>37,a</sup> M. K. Bugge<sup>123</sup> O. Bulekov<sup>36</sup> B. A. Bullard<sup>60</sup> S. Burdin<sup>90</sup> C. D. Burgard<sup>47</sup>  
A. M. Burger<sup>119</sup> B. Burghgrave<sup>7</sup> J. T. P. Burr<sup>31</sup> C. D. Burton<sup>10</sup> J. C. Burzynski<sup>140</sup> E. L. Busch<sup>40</sup>  
V. Büscher<sup>98</sup> P. J. Bussey<sup>58</sup> J. M. Butler<sup>24</sup> C. M. Buttar<sup>58</sup> J. M. Butterworth<sup>94</sup> W. Buttlinger<sup>132</sup>  
C. J. Buxo Vazquez,<sup>105</sup> A. R. Buzykaev<sup>36</sup> G. Cabras<sup>22b</sup> S. Cabrera Urbán<sup>160</sup> D. Caforio<sup>57</sup> H. Cai<sup>127</sup>  
V. M. M. Cairo<sup>141</sup> O. Cakir<sup>3a</sup> N. Calace<sup>35</sup> P. Calafiura<sup>17a</sup> G. Calderini<sup>125</sup> P. Calfayan<sup>66</sup> G. Callea<sup>58</sup>  
L. P. Caloba,<sup>80b</sup> D. Calvet<sup>39</sup> S. Calvet<sup>39</sup> T. P. Calvet<sup>100</sup> M. Calvetti<sup>72a,72b</sup> R. Camacho Toro<sup>125</sup> S. Camarda<sup>35</sup>  
D. Camarero Munoz<sup>97</sup> P. Camarri<sup>74a,74b</sup> M. T. Camerlingo<sup>75a,75b</sup> D. Cameron<sup>123</sup> C. Camincher<sup>162</sup>  
M. Campanelli<sup>94</sup> A. Camplani<sup>41</sup> V. Canale<sup>102</sup> A. Canesse<sup>102</sup> M. Cano Bret<sup>78</sup> J. Cantero<sup>119</sup> Y. Cao<sup>159</sup>  
F. Capocasa<sup>25</sup> M. Capua<sup>42b,42a</sup> A. Carbone<sup>69a,69b</sup> R. Cardarelli<sup>74a</sup> J. C. J. Cardenas<sup>7</sup> F. Cardillo<sup>160</sup> T. Carli<sup>35</sup>  
G. Carlino<sup>70a</sup> B. T. Carlson<sup>127</sup> E. M. Carlson<sup>162,154a</sup> L. Carminati<sup>69a,69b</sup> M. Carnesale<sup>73a,73b</sup> R. M. D. Carney<sup>141</sup>  
S. Caron<sup>111</sup> E. Carquin<sup>135f</sup> S. Carrá<sup>47</sup> G. Carratta<sup>22b,22a</sup> J. W. S. Carter<sup>153</sup> T. M. Carter<sup>51</sup> D. Casadei<sup>32c</sup>  
M. P. Casado<sup>13,j</sup> A. F. Casha,<sup>153</sup> E. G. Castiglia<sup>169</sup> F. L. Castillo<sup>62a</sup> L. Castillo Garcia<sup>13</sup> V. Castillo Gimenez<sup>160</sup>  
N. F. Castro<sup>128a,128e</sup> A. Catinaccio<sup>35</sup> J. R. Catmore<sup>123</sup> A. Cattai,<sup>35</sup> V. Cavaliere<sup>28</sup> N. Cavalli<sup>22b,22a</sup>  
V. Cavasinni<sup>72a,72b</sup> E. Celebi<sup>11c</sup> F. Celli<sup>124</sup> M. S. Centonze<sup>68a,68b</sup> K. Cerny<sup>120</sup> A. S. Cerqueira<sup>80a</sup> A. Cerri<sup>144</sup>  
L. Cerrito<sup>74a,74b</sup> F. Cerutti<sup>17a</sup> A. Cervelli<sup>22b</sup> S. A. Cetin<sup>11c,k</sup> Z. Chadi<sup>34a</sup> D. Chakraborty<sup>113</sup> M. Chala<sup>128f</sup>  
J. Chan<sup>167</sup> W. S. Chan<sup>112</sup> W. Y. Chan<sup>90</sup> J. D. Chapman<sup>31</sup> B. Chargeishvili<sup>147b</sup> D. G. Charlton<sup>20</sup>  
T. P. Charman<sup>92</sup> M. Chatterjee<sup>19</sup> S. Chekanov<sup>5</sup> S. V. Chekulaev<sup>154a</sup> G. A. Chelkov<sup>37,l</sup> A. Chen<sup>104</sup>  
B. Chen<sup>149</sup> B. Chen<sup>162</sup> C. Chen,<sup>61a</sup> C. H. Chen<sup>79</sup> H. Chen<sup>14c</sup> H. Chen<sup>28</sup> J. Chen<sup>61c</sup> J. Chen<sup>25</sup> S. Chen<sup>126</sup>  
S. J. Chen<sup>14c</sup> X. Chen<sup>61c</sup> X. Chen<sup>14b,m</sup> Y. Chen<sup>61a</sup> Y-H. Chen<sup>47</sup> C. L. Cheng<sup>167</sup> H. C. Cheng<sup>63a</sup>

- A. Cheplakov<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>37</sup> E. Cheremushkina<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>47</sup> E. Cherepanova<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>37</sup> R. Cherkaoui El Moursli<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>34e</sup> E. Cheu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>6</sup> K. Cheung<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>64</sup>  
 L. Chevalier<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>133</sup> V. Chiarella<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>52</sup> G. Chiarelli<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>72a</sup> G. Chiodini<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>68a</sup> A. S. Chisholm<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>20</sup> A. Chitan<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>26b</sup> Y. H. Chiu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>162</sup>  
   M. V. Chizhov<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>37</sup> K. Choi<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>10</sup> A. R. Chomont<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>73a,73b</sup> Y. Chou<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>101</sup> E. Y. S. Chow<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>112</sup> T. Chowdhury<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>32f</sup>  
   L. D. Christopher<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>32f</sup> M. C. Chu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>63a</sup> X. Chu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>14a,14d</sup> J. Chudoba<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>129</sup> J. J. Chwastowski<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>84</sup> D. Cieri<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>108</sup>  
 K. M. Ciesla<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>84</sup> V. Cindro<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>91</sup> I. A. Cioară<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>26b</sup> A. Ciocio<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>17a</sup> F. Cirotto<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>70a,70b</sup> Z. H. Citron<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>166,n</sup> M. Citterio<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>69a</sup>  
   D. A. Ciubotaru,<sup>26b</sup> B. M. Ciungu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>153</sup> A. Clark<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>55</sup> P. J. Clark<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>51</sup> J. M. Clavijo Columbie<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>47</sup> S. E. Clawson<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>99</sup>  
   C. Clement<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>46a,46b</sup> L. Clissa<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>22b,22a</sup> Y. Coadou<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>100</sup> M. Cobal<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>67a,67c</sup> A. Coccato<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>56b</sup> J. Cochran,<sup>79</sup>  
 R. F. Coelho Barrue<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>128a</sup> R. Coelho Lopes De Sa<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>101</sup> S. Coelli<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>69a</sup> H. Cohen<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>149</sup> A. E. C. Coimbra<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> B. Cole<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>40</sup>  
   J. Collot<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>59</sup> P. Conde Muiño<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>128a,128g</sup> S. H. Connell<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>32c</sup> I. A. Connelly<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>58</sup> E. I. Conroy<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>124</sup> F. Conventi<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>70a,o</sup>  
   H. G. Cooke<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>20</sup> A. M. Cooper-Sarkar<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>124</sup> F. Cormier<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>161</sup> L. D. Corpe<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> M. Corradi<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>73a,73b</sup> E. E. Corrigan<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>96</sup>  
 F. Corriveau<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>102,p</sup> M. J. Costa<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>160</sup> F. Costanza<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>4</sup> D. Costanzo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>137</sup> B. M. Cote<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>117</sup> G. Cowan<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>93</sup> J. W. Cowley<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>31</sup>  
 K. Cranmer<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>115</sup> S. Crépé-Renaudin<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>59</sup> F. Crescioli<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>125</sup> M. Cristinziani<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>139</sup> M. Cristoforetti<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>76a,76b,q</sup> V. Croft<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>156</sup>  
   G. Crosetti<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>42b,42a</sup> A. Cueto<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> T. Cuhadar Donszelmann<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>157</sup> H. Cui<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>14a,14d</sup> Z. Cui<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>6</sup> A. R. Cukierman<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>141</sup>  
 W. R. Cunningham<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>58</sup> F. Curcio<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>42b,42a</sup> P. Czodrowski<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> M. M. Czurylo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>62b</sup> M. J. Da Cunha Sargedas De Sousa<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>61a</sup>  
 J. V. Da Fonseca Pinto<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>80b</sup> C. Da Via<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>99</sup> W. Dabrowski<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>83a</sup> T. Dado<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>48</sup> S. Dahbi<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>32f</sup> T. Dai<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>104</sup> C. Dallapiccola<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>101</sup>  
 M. Dam<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>41</sup> G. D'amen<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>28</sup> V. D'Amico<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>75a,75b</sup> J. Damp<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>98</sup> J. R. Dandoy<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>126</sup> M. F. Daneri<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>29</sup> M. Danninger<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>140</sup>  
   V. Dao<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> G. Darbo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>56b</sup> S. Darmora<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>5</sup> A. Dattagupta<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>121</sup> S. D'Auria<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>69a,69b</sup> C. David<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>154b</sup> T. Davidek<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>131</sup>  
 D. R. Davis<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>50</sup> B. Davis-Purcell<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>33</sup> I. Dawson<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>92</sup> K. De<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>7</sup> R. De Asmundis<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>70a</sup> M. De Beurs<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>112</sup> S. De Castro<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>22b,22a</sup>  
   N. De Groot<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>111</sup> P. de Jong<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>112</sup> H. De la Torre<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>105</sup> A. De Maria<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>14c</sup> D. De Pedis<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>73a</sup> A. De Salvo<sup>ID</sup>,  
 U. De Sanctis<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>74a,74b</sup> M. De Santis<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>74a,74b</sup> A. De Santo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>144</sup> J. B. De Vivie De Regie<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>59</sup> D. V. Dedovich,<sup>37</sup> J. Degens<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>112</sup>  
   A. M. Deiana<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>43</sup> J. Del Peso<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>97</sup> Y. Delabat Diaz<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>47</sup> F. Deliot<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>133</sup> C. M. Delitzsch<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>6</sup> M. Della Pietra<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>70a,70b</sup>  
   D. Della Volpe<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>55</sup> A. Dell'Acqua<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> L. Dell'Asta<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>69a,69b</sup> M. Delmastro<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>4</sup> P. A. Delsart<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>59</sup> S. Demers<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>169</sup>  
 M. Demichev<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>37</sup> S. P. Denisov<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>36</sup> L. D'Eramo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>113</sup> D. Derendarz<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>84</sup> J. E. Derkaoui<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>34d</sup> F. Derue<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>125</sup> P. Dervan<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>90</sup>  
   K. Desch<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>23</sup> K. Dette<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>153</sup> C. Deutsch<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>23</sup> P. O. Deviveiros<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> F. A. Di Bello<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>73a,73b</sup> A. Di Ciaccio<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>74a,74b</sup>  
   L. Di Ciaccio<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>4</sup> A. Di Domenico<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>73a,73b</sup> C. Di Donato<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>70a,70b</sup> A. Di Girolamo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> G. Di Gregorio<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>72a,72b</sup>  
 A. Di Luca<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>76a,76b,q</sup> B. Di Micco<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>75a,75b</sup> R. Di Nardo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>75a,75b</sup> C. Diaconu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>100</sup> F. A. Dias<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>112</sup> T. Dias Do Vale<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>128a</sup>  
 M. A. Diaz<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>135a,135b</sup> F. G. Diaz Capriles<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>23</sup> M. Didenko<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>160</sup> E. B. Diehl<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>104</sup> S. Díez Cornell<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>47</sup> C. Diez Pardos<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>139</sup>  
 C. Dimitriadi<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>158,23</sup> A. Dimitrieva<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>17a</sup> W. Ding<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>14b</sup> J. Dingfelder<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>23</sup> I.-M. Dinu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>26b</sup> S. J. Dittmeier<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>62b</sup> F. Dittus<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup>  
   F. Djama<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>100</sup> T. Djobava<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>147b</sup> J. I. Djuvsland<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>16</sup> M. A. B. Do Vale<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>80c</sup> D. Dodsworth<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>25</sup> C. Doglioni<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>96</sup>  
 J. Dolejsi<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>131</sup> Z. Dolezal<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>131</sup> M. Donadelli<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>80d</sup> B. Dong<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>61c</sup> J. Donini<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>39</sup> A. D'Onofrio<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>14c</sup> M. D'Onofrio<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>90</sup>  
   J. Dopke<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>132</sup> A. Doria<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>70a</sup> M. T. Dova<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>88</sup> A. T. Doyle<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>58</sup> E. Drechsler<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>140</sup> E. Dreyer<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>166</sup> T. Dreyer<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>54</sup>  
 A. S. Drobac<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>156</sup> D. Du<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>61a</sup> T. A. du Pree<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>112</sup> F. Dubinin<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>36</sup> M. Dubovsky<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>27a</sup> A. Dubreuil<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>55</sup> E. Duchovni<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>166</sup>  
   G. Duckeck<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>107</sup> O. A. Ducu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35,26b</sup> D. Duda<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>108</sup> A. Dudarev<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> M. D'uffizi<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>99</sup> L. Duflot<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>65</sup> M. Dührssen<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup>  
 C. Dülsen<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>168</sup> A. E. Dumitriu<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>26b</sup> M. Dunford<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>62a</sup> S. Dungs<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>48</sup> K. Dunne<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>46a,46b</sup> A. Duperrin<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>100</sup> H. Duran Yildiz<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>3a</sup>  
   M. Düren<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>57</sup> A. Durglishvili<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>147b</sup> B. Dutta<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>47</sup> B. L. Dwyer<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>113</sup> G. I. Dyckes<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>17a</sup> M. Dyndal<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>83a</sup> S. Dysch<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>99</sup>  
 B. S. Dziedzic<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>84</sup> B. Eckerova<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>27a</sup> M. G. Eggleston,<sup>50</sup> E. Egidio Purcino De Souza<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>80b</sup> L. F. Ehrke<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>55</sup> G. Eigen<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>16</sup>  
   K. Einsweiler<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>17a</sup> T. Ekelof<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>158</sup> Y. El Ghazali<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>34b</sup> H. El Jarrai<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>34e</sup> A. El Moussaoui<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>34a</sup> V. Ellajosyula<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>158</sup>  
 M. Ellert<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>158</sup> F. Ellinghaus<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>168</sup> A. A. Elliot<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>92</sup> N. Ellis<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> J. Elmsheuser<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>28</sup> M. Elsing<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> D. Emeliyanov<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>132</sup>  
   A. Emerman<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>40</sup> Y. Enari<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>151</sup> J. Erdmann<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>48</sup> A. Ereditato<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>19</sup> P. A. Erland<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>84</sup> M. Errenst<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>168</sup> M. Escalier<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>65</sup>  
 C. Escobar<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>160</sup> O. Estrada Pastor<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>160</sup> E. Etzion<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>149</sup> G. Evans<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>128a</sup> H. Evans<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>66</sup> M. O. Evans<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>144</sup> A. Ezhilov<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>36</sup>  
   S. Ezzarqtouni<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>34a</sup> F. Fabbri<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>58</sup> L. Fabbri<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>22b,22a</sup> G. Facini<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>164</sup> V. Fadeyev<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>134</sup> R. M. Fakhrutdinov<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>36</sup>  
 S. Falciano<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>73a</sup> P. J. Falke<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>23</sup> S. Falke<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup> J. Faltova<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>131</sup> Y. Fan<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>14a</sup> Y. Fang<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>14a,14d</sup> G. Fanourakis<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>45</sup> M. Fanti<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>69a,69b</sup>  
 M. Faraj<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>61c</sup> A. Farbin<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>7</sup> A. Farilla<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>75a</sup> E. M. Farina<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>71a,71b</sup> T. Farooque<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>105</sup> S. M. Farrington<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>51</sup> P. Farthouat<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>35</sup>  
   F. Fassi<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>34e</sup> D. Fassouliotis<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>8</sup> M. Faucci Giannelli<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>74a,74b</sup> W. J. Fawcett<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>31</sup> L. Fayard<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>65</sup> O. L. Fedin<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>36,1</sup>  
   G. Fedotov<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>36</sup> M. Feickert<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>159</sup> L. Feligioni<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>100</sup> A. Fell<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>137</sup> C. Feng<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>61b</sup> M. Feng<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>14b</sup> M. J. Fenton<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>157</sup>  
 A. B. Fenyuk,<sup>36</sup> S. W. Ferguson<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>44</sup> J. Ferrando<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>47</sup> A. Ferrari<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>158</sup> P. Ferrari<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>112</sup> R. Ferrari<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>71a</sup> D. Ferrere<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>55</sup>  
 C. Ferretti<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>104</sup> F. Fiedler<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>98</sup> A. Filipčič<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>91</sup> F. Filthaut<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>111</sup> M. C. N. Fiolhais<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>128a,128c,r</sup> L. Fiorini<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>160</sup> F. Fischer<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>139</sup>  
 W. C. Fisher<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>105</sup> T. Fitschen<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>20</sup> I. Fleck<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>139</sup> P. Fleischmann<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>104</sup> T. Flick<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>168</sup> B. M. Flierl<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>107</sup> L. Flores<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>126</sup>  
   M. Flores<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>32d,s</sup> L. R. Flores Castillo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>63a</sup> F. M. Follega<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>76a,76b</sup> N. Fomin<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>16</sup> J. H. Foo<sup>ID</sup>,<sup>153</sup> B. C. Forland,<sup>66</sup>

- A. Formica<sup>133</sup>, F. A. Förster<sup>13</sup>, A. C. Forti<sup>99</sup>, E. Fortin<sup>100</sup>, M. G. Foti<sup>124</sup>, L. Fountas<sup>8,t</sup>, D. Fournier<sup>65</sup>, H. Fox<sup>89</sup>, P. Francavilla<sup>72a,72b</sup>, S. Francescato<sup>60</sup>, M. Franchini<sup>22b,22a</sup>, S. Franchino<sup>62a</sup>, D. Francis<sup>35</sup>, L. Franco<sup>4</sup>, L. Franconi<sup>19</sup>, M. Franklin<sup>60</sup>, G. Frattari<sup>73a,73b</sup>, A. C. Freegard<sup>92</sup>, P. M. Freeman<sup>20</sup>, W. S. Freund<sup>80b</sup>, E. M. Freundlich<sup>48</sup>, D. Froidevaux<sup>35</sup>, J. A. Frost<sup>124</sup>, Y. Fu<sup>61a</sup>, M. Fujimoto<sup>116</sup>, E. Fullana Torregrosa<sup>160,a</sup>, J. Fuster<sup>160</sup>, A. Gabrielli<sup>22b,22a</sup>, A. Gabrielli<sup>35</sup>, P. Gadow<sup>47</sup>, G. Gagliardi<sup>56b,56a</sup>, L. G. Gagnon<sup>17a</sup>, G. E. Gallardo<sup>124</sup>, E. J. Gallas<sup>124</sup>, B. J. Gallop<sup>132</sup>, R. Gamboa Goni<sup>92</sup>, K. K. Gan<sup>117</sup>, S. Ganguly<sup>151</sup>, J. Gao<sup>61a</sup>, Y. Gao<sup>51</sup>, Y. S. Gao<sup>30,u</sup>, F. M. Garay Walls<sup>135a</sup>, C. García<sup>160</sup>, J. E. García Navarro<sup>160</sup>, J. A. García Pascual<sup>14a</sup>, M. Garcia-Sciveres<sup>17a</sup>, R. W. Gardner<sup>38</sup>, D. Garg<sup>78</sup>, R. B. Garg<sup>141,v</sup>, S. Gargiulo<sup>53</sup>, C. A. Garner<sup>153</sup>, V. Garonne<sup>28</sup>, S. J. Gasiorowski<sup>136</sup>, P. Gaspar<sup>80b</sup>, G. Gaudio<sup>71a</sup>, P. Gauzzi<sup>73a,73b</sup>, I. L. Gavrilenko<sup>36</sup>, A. Gavriluk<sup>36</sup>, C. Gay<sup>161</sup>, G. Gaycken<sup>47</sup>, E. N. Gazis<sup>9</sup>, A. A. Geanta<sup>26b</sup>, C. M. Gee<sup>134</sup>, C. N. P. Gee<sup>132</sup>, J. Geisen<sup>96</sup>, M. Geisen<sup>198</sup>, C. Gemme<sup>56b</sup>, M. H. Genest<sup>59</sup>, S. Gentile<sup>73a,73b</sup>, S. George<sup>93</sup>, W. F. George<sup>20</sup>, T. Geralis<sup>45</sup>, L. O. Gerlach<sup>54</sup>, P. Gessinger-Befurt<sup>35</sup>, M. Ghasemi Bostanabad<sup>162</sup>, M. Ghneimat<sup>139</sup>, A. Ghosh<sup>157</sup>, A. Ghosh<sup>6</sup>, B. Giacobbe<sup>22b</sup>, S. Giagu<sup>73a,73b</sup>, N. Giangiacomi<sup>153</sup>, P. Giannetti<sup>72a</sup>, A. Giannini<sup>70a,70b</sup>, S. M. Gibson<sup>93</sup>, M. Gignac<sup>134</sup>, D. T. Gil<sup>83b</sup>, B. J. Gilbert<sup>40</sup>, D. Gillberg<sup>33</sup>, G. Gilles<sup>112</sup>, N. E. K. Gillwald<sup>47</sup>, D. M. Gingrich<sup>2,f</sup>, M. P. Giordani<sup>67a,67c</sup>, P. F. Giraud<sup>133</sup>, G. Giugliarelli<sup>67a,67c</sup>, D. Giugni<sup>69a</sup>, F. Giuli<sup>74a,74b</sup>, I. Gkialas<sup>8,t</sup>, P. Gkountoumis<sup>9</sup>, L. K. Gladilin<sup>36</sup>, C. Glasman<sup>97</sup>, G. R. Gledhill<sup>121</sup>, M. Glisic<sup>121</sup>, I. Gnesi<sup>42b,w</sup>, Y. Go<sup>28</sup>, M. Goblirsch-Kolb<sup>25</sup>, D. Godin<sup>106</sup>, S. Goldfarb<sup>103</sup>, T. Golling<sup>55</sup>, D. Golubkov<sup>36</sup>, J. P. Gombas<sup>105</sup>, A. Gomes<sup>128a,128b</sup>, R. Goncalves Gama<sup>54</sup>, R. Gonçalo<sup>128a,128c</sup>, G. Gonella<sup>121</sup>, L. Gonella<sup>20</sup>, A. Gongadze<sup>37</sup>, F. Gonnella<sup>20</sup>, J. L. Gonski<sup>40</sup>, R. Y. González Andana<sup>135a</sup>, S. González de la Hoz<sup>160</sup>, S. Gonzalez Fernandez<sup>13</sup>, R. Gonzalez Lopez<sup>90</sup>, C. Gonzalez Renteria<sup>17a</sup>, R. Gonzalez Suarez<sup>158</sup>, S. Gonzalez-Sevilla<sup>55</sup>, G. R. Gonzalvo Rodriguez<sup>160</sup>, L. Goossens<sup>35</sup>, N. A. Gorasia<sup>20</sup>, P. A. Gorbounov<sup>36</sup>, B. Gorini<sup>35</sup>, E. Gorini<sup>68a,68b</sup>, A. Gorišek<sup>91</sup>, A. T. Goshaw<sup>50</sup>, M. I. Gostkin<sup>37</sup>, C. A. Gottardo<sup>111</sup>, M. Gouighri<sup>34b</sup>, V. Goumarre<sup>47</sup>, A. Goussiou<sup>136</sup>, N. Govender<sup>32c</sup>, C. Goy<sup>4</sup>, I. Grabowska-Bold<sup>83a</sup>, K. Graham<sup>33</sup>, E. Gramstad<sup>123</sup>, S. Grancagnolo<sup>18</sup>, M. Grandi<sup>144</sup>, V. Gratchev<sup>36,a</sup>, P. M. Gravila<sup>26f</sup>, F. G. Gravili<sup>68a,68b</sup>, H. M. Gray<sup>17a</sup>, C. Grefe<sup>23</sup>, I. M. Gregor<sup>47</sup>, P. Grenier<sup>141</sup>, K. Grevtsov<sup>47</sup>, C. Grieco<sup>13</sup>, N. A. Grieser<sup>118</sup>, A. A. Grillo<sup>134</sup>, K. Grimm<sup>30,x</sup>, S. Grinstein<sup>13,y</sup>, J.-F. Grivaz<sup>65</sup>, S. Groh<sup>98</sup>, E. Gross<sup>166</sup>, J. Grosse-Knetter<sup>54</sup>, C. Grud<sup>104</sup>, A. Grummer<sup>110</sup>, J. C. Grundy<sup>124</sup>, L. Guan<sup>104</sup>, W. Guan<sup>167</sup>, C. Gubbels<sup>161</sup>, J. G. R. Guerrero Rojas<sup>160</sup>, F. Guescini<sup>108</sup>, R. Gugel<sup>98</sup>, A. Guida<sup>47</sup>, T. Guillemin<sup>4</sup>, S. Guindon<sup>35</sup>, F. Guo<sup>14a,14d</sup>, J. Guo<sup>61c</sup>, L. Guo<sup>65</sup>, Y. Guo<sup>104</sup>, R. Gupta<sup>47</sup>, S. Gurbuz<sup>23</sup>, G. Gustavino<sup>118</sup>, M. Guth<sup>55</sup>, P. Gutierrez<sup>118</sup>, L. F. Gutierrez Zagazeta<sup>126</sup>, C. Gutschow<sup>94</sup>, C. Guyot<sup>133</sup>, C. Gwenlan<sup>124</sup>, C. B. Gwilliam<sup>90</sup>, E. S. Haaland<sup>123</sup>, A. Haas<sup>115</sup>, M. Habedank<sup>47</sup>, C. Haber<sup>17a</sup>, H. K. Hadavand<sup>7</sup>, A. Hadef<sup>98</sup>, S. Hadzic<sup>108</sup>, M. Haleem<sup>163</sup>, J. Haley<sup>119</sup>, J. J. Hall<sup>137</sup>, G. Halladjian<sup>105</sup>, G. D. Hallewell<sup>100</sup>, L. Halser<sup>19</sup>, K. Hamano<sup>162</sup>, H. Hamdaoui<sup>34e</sup>, M. Hamer<sup>23</sup>, G. N. Hamity<sup>51</sup>, K. Han<sup>61a</sup>, L. Han<sup>14c</sup>, L. Han<sup>61a</sup>, S. Han<sup>17a</sup>, Y. F. Han<sup>153</sup>, K. Hanagaki<sup>81</sup>, M. Hance<sup>134</sup>, M. D. Hank<sup>38</sup>, R. Hankache<sup>99</sup>, E. Hansen<sup>96</sup>, J. B. Hansen<sup>41</sup>, J. D. Hansen<sup>41</sup>, M. C. Hansen<sup>23</sup>, P. H. Hansen<sup>41</sup>, K. Hara<sup>155</sup>, T. Harenberg<sup>168</sup>, S. Harkusha<sup>36</sup>, Y. T. Harris<sup>124</sup>, P. F. Harrison<sup>164</sup>, N. M. Hartman<sup>141</sup>, N. M. Hartmann<sup>107</sup>, Y. Hasegawa<sup>138</sup>, A. Hasib<sup>51</sup>, S. Hassani<sup>133</sup>, S. Haug<sup>19</sup>, R. Hauser<sup>105</sup>, M. Havranek<sup>130</sup>, C. M. Hawkes<sup>20</sup>, R. J. Hawkings<sup>35</sup>, S. Hayashida<sup>109</sup>, D. Hayden<sup>105</sup>, C. Hayes<sup>104</sup>, R. L. Hayes<sup>161</sup>, C. P. Hays<sup>124</sup>, J. M. Hays<sup>92</sup>, H. S. Hayward<sup>90</sup>, S. J. Haywood<sup>132</sup>, F. He<sup>61a</sup>, Y. He<sup>152</sup>, Y. He<sup>125</sup>, M. P. Heath<sup>51</sup>, V. Hedberg<sup>96</sup>, A. L. Heggelund<sup>123</sup>, N. D. Hehir<sup>92</sup>, C. Heidegger<sup>53</sup>, K. K. Heidegger<sup>53</sup>, W. D. Heidorn<sup>79</sup>, J. Heilmann<sup>33</sup>, S. Heim<sup>47</sup>, T. Heim<sup>17a</sup>, B. Heinemann<sup>47,z</sup>, J. G. Heinlein<sup>126</sup>, J. J. Heinrich<sup>121</sup>, L. Heinrich<sup>35</sup>, J. Hejbal<sup>129</sup>, L. Helary<sup>47</sup>, A. Held<sup>115</sup>, S. Hellesund<sup>123</sup>, C. M. Helling<sup>134</sup>, S. Hellman<sup>46a,46b</sup>, C. Helsens<sup>35</sup>, R. C. W. Henderson<sup>89</sup>, L. Henkelmann<sup>31</sup>, A. M. Henriques Correia<sup>35</sup>, H. Herde<sup>141</sup>, Y. Hernández Jiménez<sup>143</sup>, H. Herr<sup>98</sup>, M. G. Herrmann<sup>107</sup>, T. Herrmann<sup>49</sup>, G. Herten<sup>53</sup>, R. Hertenberger<sup>107</sup>, L. Hervas<sup>35</sup>, N. P. Hessey<sup>154a</sup>, H. Hibi<sup>82</sup>, S. Higashino<sup>81</sup>, E. Higón-Rodriguez<sup>160</sup>, K. H. Hiller<sup>47</sup>, S. J. Hillier<sup>20</sup>, M. Hils<sup>49</sup>, I. Hinchliffe<sup>17a</sup>, F. Hinterkeuser<sup>23</sup>, M. Hirose<sup>122</sup>, S. Hirose<sup>155</sup>, D. Hirschbuehl<sup>168</sup>, B. Hiti<sup>91</sup>, O. Hladik<sup>129</sup>, J. Hobbs<sup>143</sup>, R. Hobincu<sup>26e</sup>, N. Hod<sup>166</sup>, M. C. Hodgkinson<sup>137</sup>, B. H. Hodgkinson<sup>31</sup>, A. Hoecker<sup>35</sup>, J. Hofer<sup>47</sup>, D. Hohn<sup>53</sup>, T. Holm<sup>23</sup>, M. Holzbock<sup>108</sup>, L. B. A. H. Hommels<sup>31</sup>, B. P. Honan<sup>99</sup>, J. Hong<sup>61c</sup>, T. M. Hong<sup>127</sup>, Y. Hong<sup>54</sup>, J. C. Honig<sup>53</sup>, A. Hönlé<sup>108</sup>, B. H. Hooberman<sup>159</sup>, W. H. Hopkins<sup>5</sup>, Y. Horii<sup>109</sup>, L. A. Horyn<sup>38</sup>, S. Hou<sup>146</sup>, J. Howarth<sup>58</sup>, J. Hoya<sup>88</sup>, M. Hrabovsky<sup>120</sup>, A. Hrynevich<sup>36</sup>, T. Hrynev'ova<sup>4</sup>, P. J. Hsu<sup>64</sup>, S.-C. Hsu<sup>136</sup>, Q. Hu<sup>40</sup>, S. Hu<sup>61c</sup>, Y. F. Hu<sup>14a,14d,aa</sup>

- D. P. Huang<sup>94</sup> X. Huang<sup>14c</sup> Y. Huang<sup>61a</sup> Y. Huang<sup>14a</sup> Z. Hubacek<sup>130</sup> F. Hubaut<sup>100</sup> M. Huebner<sup>23</sup>  
 F. Huegging<sup>23</sup> T. B. Huffman<sup>124</sup> M. Huhtinen<sup>35</sup> S. K. Huiberts<sup>16</sup> R. Hulskens<sup>59</sup> N. Huseynov<sup>12,1</sup> J. Huston<sup>105</sup>  
 J. Huth<sup>60</sup> R. Hyneeman<sup>141</sup> S. Hyrych<sup>27a</sup> G. Iacobucci<sup>55</sup> G. Iakovidis<sup>28</sup> I. Ibragimov<sup>139</sup>  
 L. Iconomidou-Fayard<sup>65</sup> P. Iengo<sup>35</sup> R. Iguchi<sup>151</sup> T. Iizawa<sup>55</sup> Y. Ikegami<sup>81</sup> A. Ilg<sup>19</sup> N. Illic<sup>153</sup> H. Imam<sup>34a</sup>  
 T. Ingebretsen Carlson<sup>46a,46b</sup> G. Introzzi<sup>71a,71b</sup> M. Iodice<sup>75a</sup> V. Ippolito<sup>73a,73b</sup> M. Ishino<sup>151</sup> W. Islam<sup>167</sup>  
 C. Issever<sup>18,47</sup> S. Istiin<sup>11c,bb</sup> J. M. Iturbe Ponce<sup>63a</sup> R. Iuppa<sup>76a,76b</sup> A. Ivina<sup>166</sup> J. M. Izen<sup>44</sup> V. Izzo<sup>70a</sup>  
 P. Jacka<sup>129,130</sup> P. Jackson<sup>1</sup> R. M. Jacobs<sup>47</sup> B. P. Jaeger<sup>140</sup> C. S. Jagfeld<sup>107</sup> G. Jäkel<sup>168</sup> K. Jakobs<sup>53</sup>  
 T. Jakoubek<sup>166</sup> J. Jamieson<sup>58</sup> K. W. Janas<sup>83a</sup> G. Jarlskog<sup>96</sup> A. E. Jaspan<sup>90</sup> T. Javůrek<sup>35</sup> M. Javurkova<sup>101</sup>  
 F. Jeanneau<sup>133</sup> L. Jeanty<sup>121</sup> J. Jejelava<sup>147a,cc</sup> P. Jenni<sup>53,dd</sup> S. Jézéquel<sup>4</sup> J. Jia<sup>143</sup> Z. Jia<sup>14c</sup> Y. Jiang<sup>61a</sup>  
 S. Jiggins<sup>51</sup> J. Jimenez Pena<sup>108</sup> S. Jin<sup>14c</sup> A. Jinaru<sup>26b</sup> O. Jinnouchi<sup>152</sup> H. Jivan<sup>32f</sup> P. Johansson<sup>137</sup>  
 K. A. Johns<sup>6</sup> C. A. Johnson<sup>66</sup> D. M. Jones<sup>31</sup> E. Jones<sup>164</sup> R. W. L. Jones<sup>89</sup> T. J. Jones<sup>90</sup> J. Jovicevic<sup>15</sup>  
 X. Ju<sup>17a</sup> J. J. Junggeburth<sup>35</sup> A. Juste Rozas<sup>13,yy</sup> S. Kabana<sup>135e</sup> A. Kaczmarska<sup>84</sup> M. Kado<sup>73a,73b</sup> H. Kagan<sup>117</sup>  
 M. Kagan<sup>141</sup> A. Kahn<sup>40</sup> A. Kahn<sup>126</sup> C. Kahra<sup>98</sup> T. Kajii<sup>165</sup> E. Kajomovitz<sup>148</sup> C. W. Kalderon<sup>28</sup>  
 A. Kamenshchikov<sup>36</sup> N. J. Kang<sup>134</sup> Y. Kano<sup>109</sup> D. Kar<sup>32f</sup> K. Karava<sup>124</sup> M. J. Kareem<sup>154b</sup> I. Karkanias<sup>150</sup>  
 S. N. Karpov<sup>37</sup> Z. M. Karpova<sup>37</sup> V. Kartvelishvili<sup>89</sup> A. N. Karyukhin<sup>36</sup> E. Kasimi<sup>150</sup> C. Kato<sup>61d</sup> J. Katzy<sup>47</sup>  
 S. Kaur<sup>33</sup> K. Kawade<sup>138</sup> K. Kawagoe<sup>87</sup> T. Kawaguchi<sup>109</sup> T. Kawamoto<sup>133</sup> G. Kawamura<sup>54</sup> E. F. Kay<sup>162</sup>  
 F. I. Kaya<sup>156</sup> S. Kazakos<sup>13</sup> V. F. Kazanin<sup>36</sup> Y. Ke<sup>143</sup> J. M. Keaveney<sup>32a</sup> R. Keeler<sup>162</sup> J. S. Keller<sup>33</sup>  
 A. S. Kelly<sup>94</sup> D. Kelsey<sup>144</sup> J. J. Kempster<sup>20</sup> J. Kendrick<sup>20</sup> K. E. Kennedy<sup>40</sup> O. Kepka<sup>129</sup> S. Kersten<sup>168</sup>  
 B. P. Kerševan<sup>91</sup> S. Katabchi Haghighe<sup>153</sup> M. Khandoga<sup>125</sup> A. Khanov<sup>119</sup> A. G. Kharlamov<sup>36</sup>  
 T. Kharlamova<sup>36</sup> E. E. Khoda<sup>136</sup> T. J. Khoo<sup>18</sup> G. Khoriauli<sup>163</sup> J. Khubua<sup>147b</sup> S. Kido<sup>82</sup> M. Kiehn<sup>35</sup>  
 A. Kilgallon<sup>121</sup> E. Kim<sup>152</sup> Y. K. Kim<sup>38</sup> N. Kimura<sup>94</sup> A. Kirchhoff<sup>54</sup> D. Kirchmeier<sup>49</sup> C. Kirfel<sup>23</sup> J. Kirk<sup>132</sup>  
 A. E. Kiryunin<sup>108</sup> T. Kishimoto<sup>151</sup> D. P. Kisliuk<sup>153</sup> C. Kitsaki<sup>9</sup> O. Kivernyk<sup>23</sup> M. Klassen<sup>62a</sup> C. Klein<sup>33</sup>  
 L. Klein<sup>163</sup> M. H. Klein<sup>104</sup> M. Klein<sup>90</sup> U. Klein<sup>90</sup> P. Klimek<sup>35</sup> A. Klimentov<sup>28</sup> F. Klimpel<sup>108</sup> T. Klingl<sup>23</sup>  
 T. Klioutchnikova<sup>35</sup> F. F. Klitzner<sup>107</sup> P. Kluit<sup>112</sup> S. Kluth<sup>108</sup> E. Knerner<sup>77</sup> T. M. Knight<sup>153</sup> A. Knue<sup>53</sup>  
 D. Kobayashi<sup>87</sup> R. Kobayashi<sup>85</sup> M. Kocian<sup>141</sup> T. Kodama<sup>151</sup> P. Kodyš<sup>131</sup> D. M. Koeck<sup>144</sup> P. T. Koenig<sup>23</sup>  
 T. Koffas<sup>33</sup> N. M. Köhler<sup>35</sup> M. Kolb<sup>133</sup> I. Koletsou<sup>4</sup> T. Komarek<sup>120</sup> K. Köneke<sup>53</sup> A. X. Y. Kong<sup>1</sup>  
 T. Kono<sup>116</sup> V. Konstantinides<sup>94</sup> N. Konstantinidis<sup>94</sup> B. Konya<sup>96</sup> R. Kopeliansky<sup>66</sup> S. Kopermy<sup>83a</sup> K. Korcyl<sup>84</sup>  
 K. Kordas<sup>150</sup> G. Koren<sup>149</sup> A. Korn<sup>94</sup> S. Korn<sup>54</sup> I. Korolkov<sup>13</sup> E. V. Korolkova<sup>137</sup> N. Korotkova<sup>36</sup>  
 B. Kortman<sup>112</sup> O. Kortner<sup>108</sup> S. Kortner<sup>108</sup> W. H. Kostecka<sup>113</sup> V. V. Kostyukhin<sup>139,36</sup> A. Kotsokechagia<sup>65</sup>  
 A. Kotwal<sup>50</sup> A. Koulouris<sup>35</sup> A. Kourkoumeli-Charalampidi<sup>71a,71b</sup> C. Kourkoumelis<sup>8</sup> E. Kourlitis<sup>5</sup>  
 O. Kovanda<sup>144</sup> R. Kowalewski<sup>162</sup> W. Kozanecki<sup>133</sup> A. S. Kozhin<sup>36</sup> V. A. Kramarenko<sup>36</sup> G. Kramberger<sup>91</sup>  
 P. Kramer<sup>98</sup> D. Krasnopalitsev<sup>61a</sup> M. W. Krasny<sup>125</sup> A. Krasznahorkay<sup>35</sup> J. A. Kremer<sup>98</sup> J. Kretzschmar<sup>90</sup>  
 K. Kreul<sup>18</sup> P. Krieger<sup>153</sup> F. Krieter<sup>107</sup> S. Krishnamurthy<sup>101</sup> A. Krishnan<sup>62b</sup> M. Krivos<sup>131</sup> K. Krizka<sup>17a</sup>  
 K. Kroeninger<sup>48</sup> H. Kroha<sup>108</sup> J. Kroll<sup>129</sup> J. Kroll<sup>126</sup> K. S. Krowpman<sup>105</sup> U. Kruchonak<sup>37</sup> H. Krüger<sup>23</sup>  
 N. Krumnack<sup>79</sup> M. C. Kruse<sup>50</sup> J. A. Krzysiak<sup>84</sup> A. Kubota<sup>152</sup> O. Kuchinskaia<sup>36</sup> S. Kuday<sup>3a</sup> D. Kuechler<sup>47</sup>  
 J. T. Kuechler<sup>47</sup> S. Kuehn<sup>35</sup> T. Kuhl<sup>47</sup> V. Kukhtin<sup>37</sup> Y. Kulchitsky<sup>36,1</sup> S. Kuleshov<sup>135d</sup> M. Kumar<sup>32f</sup>  
 N. Kumari<sup>100</sup> M. Kuna<sup>59</sup> A. Kupco<sup>129</sup> T. Kupfer<sup>48</sup> O. Kuprash<sup>53</sup> H. Kurashige<sup>82</sup> L. L. Kurchaninov<sup>154a</sup>  
 Y. A. Kurochkin<sup>36</sup> A. Kurova<sup>36</sup> M. G. Kurth<sup>14a,14d</sup> E. S. Kuwertz<sup>35</sup> M. Kuze<sup>152</sup> A. K. Kvam<sup>136</sup> J. Kvita<sup>120</sup>  
 T. Kwan<sup>102</sup> K. W. Kwok<sup>63a</sup> C. Lacasta<sup>160</sup> F. Lacava<sup>73a,73b</sup> H. Lacker<sup>18</sup> D. Lacour<sup>125</sup> N. N. Lad<sup>94</sup>  
 E. Ladygin<sup>37</sup> R. Lafaye<sup>4</sup> B. Laforge<sup>125</sup> T. Lagouri<sup>135e</sup> S. Lai<sup>54</sup> I. K. Lakomiec<sup>83a</sup> N. Lalloue<sup>59</sup>  
 J. E. Lambert<sup>118</sup> S. Lammers<sup>66</sup> W. Lampl<sup>6</sup> C. Lampoudis<sup>150</sup> E. Lançon<sup>28</sup> U. Landgraf<sup>53</sup> M. P. J. Landon<sup>92</sup>  
 V. S. Lang<sup>53</sup> J. C. Lange<sup>54</sup> R. J. Langenberg<sup>101</sup> A. J. Lankford<sup>157</sup> F. Lanni<sup>28</sup> K. Lantzsch<sup>23</sup> A. Lanza<sup>71a</sup>  
 A. Lapertosa<sup>56b,56a</sup> J. F. Laporte<sup>133</sup> T. Lari<sup>69a</sup> F. Lasagni Manghi<sup>22b</sup> M. Lassnig<sup>35</sup> V. Latonova<sup>129</sup> T. S. Lau<sup>63a</sup>  
 A. Laudrain<sup>98</sup> A. Laurier<sup>33</sup> M. Lavorgna<sup>70a,70b</sup> S. D. Lawlor<sup>93</sup> Z. Lawrence<sup>99</sup> M. Lazzaroni<sup>69a,69b</sup> B. Le,<sup>99</sup>  
 B. Leban<sup>91</sup> A. Lebedev<sup>79</sup> M. LeBlanc<sup>35</sup> T. LeCompte<sup>5</sup> F. Ledroit-Guillon<sup>59</sup> A. C. A. Lee<sup>94</sup> G. R. Lee<sup>16</sup>  
 L. Lee<sup>60</sup> S. C. Lee<sup>146</sup> S. Lee<sup>79</sup> L. L. Leeuw<sup>32c</sup> B. Lefebvre<sup>154a</sup> H. P. Lefebvre<sup>93</sup> M. Lefebvre<sup>162</sup>  
 C. Leggett<sup>17a</sup> K. Lehmann<sup>140</sup> N. Lehmann<sup>19</sup> G. Lehmann Miotto<sup>35</sup> W. A. Leight<sup>47</sup> A. Leisos<sup>150,ee</sup>  
 M. A. L. Leite<sup>80d</sup> C. E. Leitgeb<sup>47</sup> R. Leitner<sup>131</sup> K. J. C. Leney<sup>43</sup> T. Lenz<sup>23</sup> S. Leone<sup>72a</sup> C. Leonidopoulos<sup>51</sup>  
 A. Leopold<sup>142</sup> C. Leroy<sup>106</sup> R. Les<sup>105</sup> C. G. Lester<sup>31</sup> M. Levchenko<sup>36</sup> J. Levêque<sup>4</sup> D. Levin<sup>104</sup>

- L. J. Levinson<sup>166</sup>, D. J. Lewis<sup>20</sup>, B. Li<sup>14b</sup>, B. Li<sup>61b</sup>, C. Li<sup>61a</sup>, C.-Q. Li<sup>61c,61d</sup>, H. Li<sup>61a</sup>, H. Li<sup>61b</sup>, H. Li<sup>61b</sup>, J. Li<sup>61c</sup>, K. Li<sup>136</sup>, L. Li<sup>61c</sup>, M. Li<sup>14a,14d</sup>, Q. Y. Li<sup>61a</sup>, S. Li<sup>61d,61c,ff</sup>, T. Li<sup>61b</sup>, X. Li<sup>47</sup>, Y. Li<sup>47</sup>, Z. Li<sup>61b</sup>, Z. Li<sup>124</sup>, Z. Li<sup>102</sup>, Z. Li<sup>90</sup>, Z. Liang<sup>14a</sup>, M. Liberatore<sup>47</sup>, B. Liberti<sup>74a</sup>, K. Lie<sup>63c</sup>, J. Lieber Marin<sup>80b</sup>, K. Lin<sup>105</sup>, R. A. Linck<sup>66</sup>, R. E. Lindley<sup>6</sup>, J. H. Lindon<sup>2</sup>, A. Linss<sup>47</sup>, E. Lipeles<sup>126</sup>, A. Lipniacka<sup>16</sup>, T. M. Liss<sup>159,gg</sup>, A. Lister<sup>161</sup>, J. D. Little<sup>7</sup>, B. Liu<sup>14a</sup>, B. X. Liu<sup>140</sup>, D. Liu<sup>61d,61c</sup>, J. B. Liu<sup>61a</sup>, J. K. K. Liu<sup>38</sup>, K. Liu<sup>61d,61c</sup>, M. Liu<sup>61a</sup>, M. Y. Liu<sup>61a</sup>, P. Liu<sup>14a</sup>, Q. Liu<sup>61d,136,61c</sup>, X. Liu<sup>61a</sup>, Y. Liu<sup>47</sup>, Y. Liu<sup>14c,14d</sup>, Y. L. Liu<sup>104</sup>, Y. W. Liu<sup>61a</sup>, M. Livan<sup>71a,71b</sup>, J. Llorente Merino<sup>140</sup>, S. L. Lloyd<sup>92</sup>, E. M. Lobodzinska<sup>47</sup>, P. Loch<sup>6</sup>, S. Loffredo<sup>74a,74b</sup>, T. Lohse<sup>18</sup>, K. Lohwasser<sup>137</sup>, M. Lokajicek<sup>129,a</sup>, J. D. Long<sup>159</sup>, I. Longarini<sup>73a,73b</sup>, L. Longo<sup>35</sup>, R. Longo<sup>159</sup>, I. Lopez Paz<sup>35</sup>, A. Lopez Solis<sup>47</sup>, J. Lorenz<sup>107</sup>, N. Lorenzo Martinez<sup>4</sup>, A. M. Lory<sup>107</sup>, A. Losle<sup>53</sup>, X. Lou<sup>46a,46b</sup>, X. Lou<sup>14a,14d</sup>, A. Lounis<sup>65</sup>, J. Love<sup>5</sup>, P. A. Love<sup>89</sup>, J. J. Lozano Bahilo<sup>160</sup>, G. Lu<sup>14a,14d</sup>, M. Lu<sup>61a</sup>, S. Lu<sup>126</sup>, Y. J. Lu<sup>64</sup>, H. J. Lubatti<sup>136</sup>, C. Luci<sup>73a,73b</sup>, F. L. Lucio Alves<sup>14c</sup>, A. Lucotte<sup>59</sup>, F. Luehring<sup>66</sup>, I. Luise<sup>143</sup>, L. Luminari<sup>73a</sup>, O. Lundberg<sup>142</sup>, B. Lund-Jensen<sup>142</sup>, N. A. Luongo<sup>121</sup>, M. S. Lutz<sup>149</sup>, D. Lynn<sup>28</sup>, H. Lyons<sup>90</sup>, R. Lysak<sup>129</sup>, E. Lytken<sup>96</sup>, F. Lyu<sup>14a</sup>, V. Lyubushkin<sup>37</sup>, T. Lyubushkina<sup>37</sup>, H. Ma<sup>28</sup>, L. L. Ma<sup>61b</sup>, Y. Ma<sup>94</sup>, D. M. Mac Donell<sup>162</sup>, G. Maccarrone<sup>52</sup>, C. M. Macdonald<sup>137</sup>, J. C. MacDonald<sup>137</sup>, R. Madar<sup>39</sup>, W. F. Mader<sup>49</sup>, N. Madysa<sup>49</sup>, J. Maeda<sup>82</sup>, T. Maeno<sup>28</sup>, M. Maerker<sup>49</sup>, V. Magerl<sup>53</sup>, J. Magro<sup>67a,67c</sup>, D. J. Mahon<sup>40</sup>, C. Maidantchik<sup>80b</sup>, A. Maio<sup>128a,128b,128d</sup>, K. Maj<sup>83a</sup>, O. Majersky<sup>27a</sup>, S. Majewski<sup>121</sup>, N. Makovec<sup>65</sup>, V. Maksimovic<sup>15</sup>, B. Malaescu<sup>125</sup>, Pa. Malecki<sup>84</sup>, V. P. Maleev<sup>36</sup>, F. Malek<sup>59</sup>, D. Malito<sup>42b,42a</sup>, U. Mallik<sup>78</sup>, C. Malone<sup>31</sup>, S. Maltezos<sup>9</sup>, S. Malyukov<sup>37</sup>, J. Mamuzic<sup>160</sup>, G. Mancini<sup>52</sup>, J. P. Mandalia<sup>92</sup>, I. Mandić<sup>91</sup>, L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho<sup>80a</sup>, I. M. Maniatis<sup>150</sup>, M. Manisha<sup>133</sup>, J. Manjarres Ramos<sup>49</sup>, K. H. Mankinen<sup>96</sup>, A. Mann<sup>107</sup>, A. Manousos<sup>77</sup>, B. Mansoulie<sup>133</sup>, I. Manthos<sup>150</sup>, S. Manzoni<sup>112</sup>, A. Marantis<sup>150,ee</sup>, G. Marchiori<sup>125</sup>, M. Marcisovsky<sup>129</sup>, L. Marcoccia<sup>74a,74b</sup>, C. Marcon<sup>96</sup>, M. Marjanovic<sup>118</sup>, Z. Marshall<sup>17a</sup>, S. Marti-Garcia<sup>160</sup>, T. A. Martin<sup>164</sup>, V. J. Martin<sup>51</sup>, B. Martin dit Latour<sup>16</sup>, L. Martinelli<sup>73a,73b</sup>, M. Martinez<sup>13,y</sup>, P. Martinez Agullo<sup>160</sup>, V. I. Martinez Outschoorn<sup>101</sup>, S. Martin-Haugh<sup>132</sup>, V. S. Martoiu<sup>26b</sup>, A. C. Martyniuk<sup>94</sup>, A. Marzin<sup>35</sup>, S. R. Maschek<sup>108</sup>, L. Masetti<sup>98</sup>, T. Mashimo<sup>151</sup>, J. Masik<sup>99</sup>, A. L. Maslennikov<sup>36</sup>, L. Massa<sup>22b</sup>, P. Massarotti<sup>70a,70b</sup>, P. Mastrandrea<sup>72a,72b</sup>, A. Mastroberardino<sup>42b,42a</sup>, T. Masubuchi<sup>151</sup>, D. Matakias<sup>28</sup>, T. Mathisen<sup>158</sup>, A. Matic<sup>107</sup>, N. Matsuzawa<sup>151</sup>, J. Maurer<sup>26b</sup>, B. Maček<sup>91</sup>, D. A. Maximov<sup>36</sup>, R. Mazini<sup>146</sup>, I. Maznas<sup>150</sup>, S. M. Mazza<sup>134</sup>, C. Mc Ginn<sup>28</sup>, J. P. Mc Gowan<sup>102</sup>, S. P. Mc Kee<sup>104</sup>, T. G. McCarthy<sup>108</sup>, W. P. McCormack<sup>17a</sup>, E. F. McDonald<sup>103</sup>, A. E. McDougall<sup>112</sup>, J. A. McFayden<sup>144</sup>, G. Mchedlidze<sup>147b</sup>, M. A. McKay<sup>43</sup>, D. J. McLaughlin<sup>94</sup>, K. D. McLean<sup>162</sup>, S. J. McMahon<sup>132</sup>, P. C. McNamara<sup>103</sup>, R. A. McPherson<sup>162,p</sup>, J. E. Mdhului<sup>32f</sup>, Z. A. Meadows<sup>101</sup>, S. Meehan<sup>35</sup>, T. Megy<sup>39</sup>, S. Mehlhase<sup>107</sup>, A. Mehta<sup>90</sup>, B. Meirose<sup>44</sup>, D. Melini<sup>148</sup>, B. R. Mellado Garcia<sup>32f</sup>, A. H. Melo<sup>54</sup>, F. Meloni<sup>47</sup>, A. Melzer<sup>23</sup>, E. D. Mendes Gouveia<sup>128a</sup>, A. M. Mendes Jacques Da Costa<sup>20</sup>, H. Y. Meng<sup>153</sup>, L. Meng<sup>35</sup>, S. Menke<sup>108</sup>, M. Mentink<sup>35</sup>, E. Meoni<sup>42b,42a</sup>, C. Merlassino<sup>124</sup>, L. Merola<sup>70a,70b</sup>, C. Meroni<sup>69a</sup>, G. Merz<sup>104</sup>, O. Meshkov<sup>36</sup>, J. K. R. Meshreki<sup>139</sup>, J. Metcalfe<sup>5</sup>, A. S. Mete<sup>5</sup>, C. Meyer<sup>66</sup>, J.-P. Meyer<sup>133</sup>, M. Michetti<sup>18</sup>, R. P. Middleton<sup>132</sup>, L. Mijović<sup>51</sup>, G. Mikenberg<sup>166</sup>, M. Mikestikova<sup>129</sup>, M. Mikuž<sup>91</sup>, H. Mildner<sup>137</sup>, A. Milic<sup>153</sup>, C. D. Milke<sup>43</sup>, D. W. Miller<sup>38</sup>, L. S. Miller<sup>33</sup>, A. Milov<sup>166</sup>, D. A. Milstead<sup>46a,46b</sup>, T. Min<sup>14c</sup>, A. A. Minaenko<sup>36</sup>, I. A. Minashvili<sup>147b</sup>, L. Mince<sup>58</sup>, A. I. Mincer<sup>115</sup>, B. Mindur<sup>83a</sup>, M. Mineev<sup>37</sup>, Y. Minegishi<sup>151</sup>, Y. Mino<sup>85</sup>, L. M. Mir<sup>13</sup>, M. Miralles Lopez<sup>160</sup>, M. Mironova<sup>124</sup>, T. Mitani<sup>165</sup>, V. A. Mitsou<sup>160</sup>, O. Miú<sup>153</sup>, P. S. Miyagawa<sup>92</sup>, Y. Miyazaki<sup>87</sup>, A. Mizukami<sup>81</sup>, J. U. Mjörnmark<sup>96</sup>, T. Mkrtchyan<sup>62a</sup>, M. Mlynarikova<sup>113</sup>, T. Moa<sup>46a,46b</sup>, S. Mobius<sup>54</sup>, K. Mochizuki<sup>106</sup>, P. Moder<sup>47</sup>, P. Mogg<sup>107</sup>, A. F. Mohammed<sup>14a,14d</sup>, S. Mohapatra<sup>40</sup>, G. Mokgatitswane<sup>32f</sup>, B. Mondal<sup>139</sup>, S. Mondal<sup>130</sup>, K. Mönig<sup>47</sup>, E. Monnier<sup>100</sup>, L. Monsonis Romero<sup>160</sup>, A. Montalbano<sup>140</sup>, J. Montejo Berlingen<sup>35</sup>, M. Montella<sup>117</sup>, F. Monticelli<sup>88</sup>, N. Morange<sup>65</sup>, A. L. Moreira De Carvalho<sup>128a</sup>, M. Moreno Llácer<sup>160</sup>, C. Moreno Martinez<sup>13</sup>, P. Morettini<sup>56b</sup>, S. Morgenstern<sup>164</sup>, D. Mori<sup>140</sup>, M. Morii<sup>60</sup>, M. Morinaga<sup>151</sup>, V. Morisbak<sup>123</sup>, A. K. Morley<sup>35</sup>, A. P. Morris<sup>94</sup>, L. Morvaj<sup>35</sup>, P. Moschovakos<sup>35</sup>, B. Moser<sup>112</sup>, M. Mosidze<sup>147b</sup>, T. Moskalets<sup>53</sup>, P. Moskvitina<sup>111</sup>, J. Moss<sup>30,hh</sup>, E. J. W. Moyse<sup>101</sup>, S. Muanza<sup>100</sup>, J. Mueller<sup>127</sup>, D. Muenstermann<sup>89</sup>, R. Müller<sup>19</sup>, G. A. Mullier<sup>96</sup>, J. J. Mullin<sup>126</sup>, D. P. Mungo<sup>69a,69b</sup>, J. L. Munoz Martinez<sup>13</sup>, F. J. Munoz Sanchez<sup>99</sup>, M. Murin<sup>99</sup>, P. Murin<sup>27b</sup>, W. J. Murray<sup>164,132</sup>, A. Murrone<sup>69a,69b</sup>, J. M. Muse<sup>118</sup>, M. Muškinja<sup>17a</sup>, C. Mwewa<sup>28</sup>, A. G. Myagkov<sup>36,l</sup>, A. J. Myers<sup>7</sup>, A. A. Myers<sup>127</sup>, G. Myers<sup>66</sup>, M. Myska<sup>130</sup>, B. P. Nachman<sup>17a</sup>, O. Nackenhorst<sup>48</sup>, A. Nag<sup>49</sup>, K. Nagai<sup>124</sup>, K. Nagano<sup>81</sup>

- J. L. Nagle<sup>28</sup> E. Nagy<sup>100</sup> A. M. Nairz<sup>35</sup> Y. Nakahama<sup>81</sup> K. Nakamura<sup>81</sup> H. Nanjo<sup>122</sup> F. Napolitano<sup>62a</sup>  
 R. Narayan<sup>43</sup> E. A. Narayanan<sup>110</sup> I. Naryshkin<sup>36</sup> M. Naseri<sup>33</sup> C. Nass<sup>23</sup> T. Naumann<sup>47</sup> G. Navarro<sup>21a</sup>  
   J. Navarro-Gonzalez<sup>160</sup> R. Nayak<sup>149</sup> P. Y. Nchaeva<sup>36</sup> F. Nechansky<sup>47</sup> T. J. Neep<sup>20</sup> A. Negri<sup>71a,71b</sup>  
 M. Negrini<sup>22b</sup> C. Nellist<sup>111</sup> C. Nelson<sup>102</sup> K. Nelson<sup>104</sup> S. Nemecek<sup>129</sup> M. Nessi<sup>35,ii</sup> M. S. Neubauer<sup>159</sup>  
   F. Neuhaus<sup>98</sup> J. Neundorf<sup>47</sup> R. Newhouse<sup>161</sup> P. R. Newman<sup>20</sup> C. W. Ng<sup>127</sup> Y. S. Ng<sup>18</sup> Y. W. Y. Ng<sup>157</sup>  
   B. Ngair<sup>34e</sup> H. D. N. Nguyen<sup>106</sup> R. B. Nickerson<sup>124</sup> R. Nicolaidou<sup>133</sup> D. S. Nielsen<sup>41</sup> J. Nielsen<sup>134</sup>  
   M. Niemeyer<sup>54</sup> N. Nikiforou<sup>10</sup> V. Nikolaenko<sup>36,i</sup> I. Nikolic-Audit<sup>125</sup> K. Nikolopoulos<sup>20</sup> P. Nilsson<sup>28</sup>  
 H. R. Nindhito<sup>55</sup> A. Nisati<sup>73a</sup> N. Nishu<sup>2</sup> R. Nisius<sup>108</sup> T. Nitta<sup>165</sup> T. Nobe<sup>151</sup> D. L. Noel<sup>31</sup> Y. Noguchi<sup>85</sup>  
   I. Nomidis<sup>125</sup> M. A. Nomura<sup>28</sup> M. B. Norfolk<sup>137</sup> R. R. B. Norisam<sup>94</sup> J. Novak<sup>91</sup> T. Novak<sup>47</sup>  
 O. Novgorodova<sup>49</sup> L. Novotny<sup>130</sup> R. Novotny<sup>110</sup> L. Nozka<sup>120</sup> K. Ntekas<sup>157</sup> E. Nurse<sup>94</sup> F. G. Oakham<sup>33,f</sup>  
   J. Ocariz<sup>125</sup> A. Ochi<sup>82</sup> I. Ochoa<sup>128a</sup> J. P. Ochoa-Ricoux<sup>135a</sup> S. Oda<sup>87</sup> S. Odaka<sup>81</sup> S. Oerdeke<sup>158</sup>  
 A. Ogrodnik<sup>83a</sup> A. Oh<sup>99</sup> C. C. Ohm<sup>142</sup> H. Oide<sup>152</sup> R. Oishi<sup>151</sup> M. L. Ojeda<sup>47</sup> Y. Okazaki<sup>85</sup> M. W. O'Keefe<sup>90</sup>  
   Y. Okumura<sup>151</sup> A. Olariu<sup>26b</sup> L. F. Oleiro Seabra<sup>128a</sup> S. A. Olivares Pino<sup>135e</sup> D. Oliveira Damazio<sup>28</sup>  
 D. Oliveira Goncalves<sup>80a</sup> J. L. Oliver<sup>157</sup> M. J. R. Olsson<sup>157</sup> A. Olszewski<sup>84</sup> J. Olszowska<sup>84,a</sup> Ö. Ö. Öncel<sup>23</sup>  
 D. C. O'Neil<sup>140</sup> A. P. O'Neill<sup>19</sup> A. Onofre<sup>128a,128e</sup> P. U. E. Onyisi<sup>10</sup> R. G. Oreamuno Madriz<sup>113</sup> M. J. Oreglia<sup>38</sup>  
   G. E. Orellana<sup>88</sup> D. Orestano<sup>75a,75b</sup> N. Orlando<sup>13</sup> R. S. Orr<sup>153</sup> V. O'Shea<sup>58</sup> R. Ospanov<sup>61a</sup>  
 G. Otero y Garzon<sup>29</sup> H. Otono<sup>87</sup> P. S. Ott<sup>62a</sup> G. J. Ottino<sup>17a</sup> M. Ouchrif<sup>34d</sup> J. Ouellette<sup>28</sup> F. Ould-Saada<sup>123</sup>  
 A. Ouraou<sup>133,a</sup> Q. Ouyang<sup>14a</sup> M. Owen<sup>58</sup> R. E. Owen<sup>132</sup> K. Y. Oyulmaz<sup>11c</sup> V. E. Ozcan<sup>11c</sup> N. Ozturk<sup>7</sup>  
   S. Ozturk<sup>11c,k</sup> J. Pacalt<sup>120</sup> H. A. Pacey<sup>31</sup> K. Pachal<sup>50</sup> A. Pacheco Pages<sup>13</sup> C. Padilla Aranda<sup>13</sup>  
   S. Pagan Griso<sup>17a</sup> G. Palacino<sup>66</sup> S. Palazzo<sup>51</sup> S. Palestini<sup>35</sup> M. Palka<sup>83b</sup> P. Palni<sup>83a</sup> J. Pan<sup>169</sup>  
   D. K. Panchal<sup>10</sup> C. E. Pandini<sup>55</sup> J. G. Panduro Vazquez<sup>93</sup> P. Pani<sup>47</sup> G. Panizzo<sup>67a,67c</sup> L. Paolozzi<sup>55</sup>  
 C. Papadatos<sup>106</sup> S. Parajuli<sup>43</sup> A. Paramonov<sup>5</sup> C. Paraskevopoulos<sup>9</sup> D. Paredes Hernandez<sup>63b</sup> B. Parida<sup>166</sup>  
 T. H. Park<sup>153</sup> A. J. Parker<sup>30</sup> M. A. Parker<sup>31</sup> F. Parodi<sup>56b,56a</sup> E. W. Parrish<sup>113</sup> V. A. Parrish<sup>51</sup> J. A. Parsons<sup>40</sup>  
 U. Parzefall<sup>53</sup> L. Pascual Dominguez<sup>149</sup> V. R. Pascuzzi<sup>17a</sup> F. Pasquali<sup>112</sup> E. Pasqualucci<sup>73a</sup> S. Passaggio<sup>56b</sup>  
 F. Pastore<sup>93</sup> P. Pasuwani<sup>46a,46b</sup> J. R. Pater<sup>99</sup> A. Pathak<sup>167</sup> J. Patton<sup>90</sup> T. Pauly<sup>35</sup> J. Pearkes<sup>141</sup> M. Pedersen<sup>123</sup>  
   L. Pedraza Diaz<sup>111</sup> R. Pedro<sup>128a</sup> S. V. Peleganchuk<sup>36</sup> O. Penc<sup>129</sup> C. Peng<sup>63b</sup> H. Peng<sup>61a</sup> M. Penzin<sup>36</sup>  
   B. S. Peralva<sup>80a</sup> A. P. Pereira Peixoto<sup>128a</sup> L. Pereira Sanchez<sup>46a,46b</sup> D. V. Perepelitsa<sup>28</sup> E. Perez Codina<sup>154a</sup>  
 M. Perganti<sup>9</sup> L. Perini<sup>69a,69b,a</sup> H. Pernegger<sup>35</sup> S. Perrella<sup>35</sup> A. Perrevoort<sup>112</sup> K. Peters<sup>47</sup> R. F. Y. Peters<sup>99</sup>  
   B. A. Petersen<sup>35</sup> T. C. Petersen<sup>41</sup> E. Petit<sup>100</sup> V. Petousis<sup>130</sup> C. Petridou<sup>150</sup> P. Petroff<sup>65</sup> F. Petrucci<sup>75a,75b</sup>  
 A. Petrukhin<sup>139</sup> M. Pettee<sup>169</sup> N. E. Pettersson<sup>35</sup> K. Petukhova<sup>131</sup> A. Peyaud<sup>133</sup> R. Pezoa<sup>135f</sup> L. Pezzotti<sup>35</sup>  
 G. Pezzullo<sup>169</sup> T. Pham<sup>103</sup> P. W. Phillips<sup>132</sup> M. W. Phipps<sup>159</sup> G. Piacquadio<sup>143</sup> E. Pianori<sup>17a</sup> F. Piazza<sup>69a,69b</sup>  
   A. Picazio<sup>101</sup> R. Piegaia<sup>29</sup> D. Pietreanu<sup>26b</sup> J. E. Pilcher<sup>38</sup> A. D. Pilkington<sup>99</sup> M. Pinamonti<sup>67a,67c</sup>  
   J. L. Pinfold<sup>2</sup> C. Pitman Donaldson<sup>94</sup> D. A. Pizzi<sup>33</sup> L. Pizzimento<sup>74a,74b</sup> A. Pizzini<sup>112</sup> M.-A. Pleier<sup>28</sup>  
   V. Plesanovs<sup>53</sup> V. Pleskov<sup>131</sup> E. Plotnikova<sup>37</sup> R. Poettgen<sup>96</sup> R. Poggi<sup>55</sup> L. Poggioli<sup>125</sup> I. Pogrebnyak<sup>105</sup>  
 D. Pohl<sup>23</sup> I. Pokharel<sup>54</sup> G. Polesello<sup>71a</sup> A. Poley<sup>140,154a</sup> A. Policicchio<sup>73a,73b</sup> R. Polifka<sup>130</sup> A. Polini<sup>22b</sup>  
   C. S. Pollard<sup>124</sup> Z. B. Pollock<sup>117</sup> V. Polychronakos<sup>28</sup> D. Ponomarenko<sup>36</sup> L. Pontecorvo<sup>35</sup> S. Popa<sup>26a</sup>  
 G. A. Popeneciu<sup>26d</sup> L. Portales<sup>4</sup> D. M. Portillo Quintero<sup>154a</sup> S. Pospisil<sup>130</sup> P. Postolache<sup>26c</sup> K. Potamianos<sup>124</sup>  
   I. N. Potrap<sup>37</sup> C. J. Potter<sup>31</sup> H. Potti<sup>1</sup> T. Poulsen<sup>47</sup> J. Poveda<sup>160</sup> T. D. Powell<sup>137</sup> G. Pownall<sup>47</sup>  
   M. E. Pozo Astigarraga<sup>35</sup> A. Prades Ibanez<sup>160</sup> P. Pralavorio<sup>100</sup> M. M. Prapa<sup>45</sup> S. Prell<sup>79</sup> D. Price<sup>99</sup>  
 M. Primavera<sup>68a</sup> M. A. Principe Martin<sup>97</sup> M. L. Proffitt<sup>136</sup> N. Proklova<sup>36</sup> K. Prokofiev<sup>63c</sup> G. Proto<sup>74a,74b</sup>  
 S. Protopopescu<sup>28</sup> J. Proudfoot<sup>5</sup> M. Przybycien<sup>83a</sup> D. Pudzha<sup>36</sup> P. Puzo<sup>65</sup> D. Pyatiizbyantseva<sup>36</sup> J. Qian<sup>104</sup>  
 Y. Qin<sup>99</sup> T. Qiu<sup>92</sup> A. Quadt<sup>54</sup> M. Queitsch-Maitland<sup>35</sup> G. Rabanal Bolanos<sup>60</sup> F. Ragusa<sup>69a,69b</sup> J. A. Raine<sup>55</sup>  
 S. Rajagopalan<sup>28</sup> K. Ran<sup>14a,14d</sup> D. F. Rassloff<sup>62a</sup> D. M. Rauch<sup>47</sup> S. Rave<sup>98</sup> B. Ravina<sup>58</sup> I. Ravinovich<sup>166</sup>  
   M. Raymond<sup>35</sup> A. L. Read<sup>123</sup> N. P. Readioff<sup>137</sup> D. M. Rebuzzi<sup>71a,71b</sup> G. Redlinger<sup>28</sup> K. Reeves<sup>44</sup>  
 D. Reikher<sup>149</sup> A. Reiss<sup>98</sup> A. Rej<sup>139</sup> C. Rembser<sup>35</sup> A. Renardi<sup>47</sup> M. Renda<sup>26b</sup> M. B. Rendel<sup>108</sup> A. G. Rennie<sup>58</sup>  
   S. Resconi<sup>69a</sup> M. Ressegotti<sup>56b,56a</sup> E. D. Ressegue<sup>17a</sup> S. Rettie<sup>94</sup> B. Reynolds<sup>117</sup> E. Reynolds<sup>20</sup>  
   M. Rezaei Estabragh<sup>168</sup> O. L. Rezanova<sup>36</sup> P. Reznicek<sup>131</sup> E. Ricci<sup>76a,76b</sup> R. Richter<sup>108</sup> S. Richter<sup>47</sup>  
 E. Richter-Was<sup>83b</sup> M. Ridel<sup>125</sup> P. Rieck<sup>108</sup> P. Riedler<sup>35</sup> O. Rifki<sup>47</sup> M. Rijssenbeek<sup>143</sup> A. Rimoldi<sup>71a,71b</sup>  
 M. Rimoldi<sup>47</sup> L. Rinaldi<sup>22b,22a</sup> T. T. Rinn<sup>159</sup> M. P. Rinnagel<sup>107</sup> G. Ripellino<sup>142</sup> I. Riu<sup>13</sup> P. Rivadeneira<sup>47</sup>

- J. C. Rivera Vergara<sup>162</sup>, F. Rizatdinova<sup>119</sup>, E. Rizvi<sup>92</sup>, C. Rizzi<sup>55</sup>, B. A. Roberts<sup>164</sup>, B. R. Roberts<sup>17a</sup>, S. H. Robertson<sup>102,p</sup>, M. Robin<sup>47</sup>, D. Robinson<sup>31</sup>, C. M. Robles Gajardo<sup>135f</sup>, M. Robles Manzano<sup>98</sup>, A. Robson<sup>58</sup>, A. Rocchi<sup>74a,74b</sup>, C. Roda<sup>72a,72b</sup>, S. Rodriguez Bosca<sup>62a</sup>, Y. Rodriguez Garcia<sup>21a</sup>, A. Rodriguez Rodriguez<sup>53</sup>, A. M. Rodriguez Vera<sup>154b</sup>, S. Roe<sup>35</sup>, A. R. Roepe-Gier<sup>118</sup>, J. Roggel<sup>168</sup>, O. Røhne<sup>123</sup>, R. A. Rojas<sup>162</sup>, B. Roland<sup>53</sup>, C. P. A. Roland<sup>66</sup>, J. Roloff<sup>28</sup>, A. Romaniouk<sup>36</sup>, M. Romano<sup>22b</sup>, A. C. Romero Hernandez<sup>159</sup>, N. Rompotis<sup>90</sup>, M. Ronzani<sup>115</sup>, L. Roos<sup>125</sup>, S. Rosati<sup>73a</sup>, B. J. Rosser<sup>126</sup>, E. Rossi<sup>153</sup>, E. Rossi<sup>4</sup>, E. Rossi<sup>70a,70b</sup>, L. P. Rossi<sup>56b</sup>, L. Rossini<sup>47</sup>, R. Rosten<sup>117</sup>, M. Rotaru<sup>26b</sup>, B. Rottler<sup>53</sup>, D. Rousseau<sup>65</sup>, D. Rousso<sup>31</sup>, G. Rovelli<sup>71a,71b</sup>, A. Roy<sup>10</sup>, A. Rozanov<sup>100</sup>, Y. Rozen<sup>148</sup>, X. Ruan<sup>32f</sup>, A. J. Ruby<sup>90</sup>, T. A. Ruggeri<sup>1</sup>, F. Rühr<sup>53</sup>, A. Ruiz-Martinez<sup>160</sup>, A. Rummler<sup>35</sup>, Z. Rurikova<sup>53</sup>, N. A. Rusakovich<sup>37</sup>, H. L. Russell<sup>35</sup>, L. Rustige<sup>39</sup>, J. P. Rutherford<sup>6</sup>, E. M. Rüttinger<sup>137</sup>, K. Rybacki<sup>89</sup>, M. Rybar<sup>131</sup>, E. B. Rye<sup>123</sup>, A. Ryzhov<sup>36</sup>, J. A. Sabater Iglesias<sup>55</sup>, P. Sabatini<sup>160</sup>, L. Sabetta<sup>73a,73b</sup>, H. F-W. Sadrozinski<sup>134</sup>, F. Safai Tehrani<sup>73a</sup>, B. Safarzadeh Samani<sup>144</sup>, M. Safdari<sup>141</sup>, S. Saha<sup>102</sup>, M. Sahinsoy<sup>108</sup>, A. Sahu<sup>168</sup>, M. Saimpert<sup>133</sup>, M. Saito<sup>151</sup>, T. Saito<sup>151</sup>, D. Salamani<sup>35</sup>, G. Salamanna<sup>75a,75b</sup>, A. Salnikov<sup>141</sup>, J. Salt<sup>160</sup>, A. Salvador Salas<sup>13</sup>, D. Salvatore<sup>42b,42a</sup>, F. Salvatore<sup>144</sup>, A. Salzburger<sup>35</sup>, D. Sammel<sup>53</sup>, D. Sampsonidis<sup>150</sup>, D. Sampsonidou<sup>61d,61c</sup>, J. Sánchez<sup>160</sup>, A. Sanchez Pineda<sup>4</sup>, V. Sanchez Sebastian<sup>160</sup>, H. Sandaker<sup>123</sup>, C. O. Sander<sup>47</sup>, I. G. Sanderswood<sup>89</sup>, J. A. Sandesara<sup>101</sup>, M. Sandhoff<sup>168</sup>, C. Sandoval<sup>21b</sup>, D. P. C. Sankey<sup>132</sup>, M. Sannino<sup>56b,56a</sup>, A. Sansoni<sup>52</sup>, C. Santoni<sup>39</sup>, H. Santos<sup>128a,128b</sup>, S. N. Santpur<sup>17a</sup>, A. Santra<sup>166</sup>, K. A. Saoucha<sup>137</sup>, J. G. Saraiva<sup>128a,128d</sup>, J. Sardain<sup>100</sup>, O. Sasaki<sup>81</sup>, K. Sato<sup>155</sup>, C. Sauer<sup>62b</sup>, F. Sauerburger<sup>53</sup>, E. Sauvan<sup>4</sup>, P. Savard<sup>153,f</sup>, R. Sawada<sup>151</sup>, C. Sawyer<sup>132</sup>, L. Sawyer<sup>95</sup>, I. Sayago Galvan<sup>160</sup>, C. Sbarra<sup>22b</sup>, A. Sbrizzi<sup>22b,22a</sup>, T. Scanlon<sup>94</sup>, J. Schaarschmidt<sup>136</sup>, P. Schacht<sup>108</sup>, D. Schaefer<sup>38</sup>, U. Schäfer<sup>98</sup>, A. C. Schaffer<sup>65</sup>, D. Schaile<sup>107</sup>, R. D. Schamberger<sup>143</sup>, E. Schanet<sup>107</sup>, C. Scharf<sup>18</sup>, N. Scharmberg<sup>99</sup>, V. A. Schegelsky<sup>36</sup>, D. Scheirich<sup>131</sup>, F. Schenck<sup>18</sup>, M. Schernau<sup>157</sup>, C. Schiavi<sup>56b,56a</sup>, L. K. Schildgen<sup>23</sup>, Z. M. Schillaci<sup>25</sup>, E. J. Schioppa<sup>68a,68b</sup>, M. Schioppa<sup>42b,42a</sup>, B. Schlag<sup>98</sup>, K. E. Schleicher<sup>53</sup>, S. Schlenker<sup>35</sup>, K. Schmieden<sup>98</sup>, C. Schmitt<sup>98</sup>, S. Schmitt<sup>47</sup>, L. Schoeffel<sup>133</sup>, A. Schoening<sup>62b</sup>, P. G. Scholer<sup>53</sup>, E. Schopf<sup>124</sup>, M. Schott<sup>98</sup>, J. Schovancova<sup>35</sup>, S. Schramm<sup>55</sup>, F. Schroeder<sup>168</sup>, H-C. Schultz-Coulon<sup>62a</sup>, M. Schumacher<sup>53</sup>, B. A. Schumm<sup>134</sup>, Ph. Schune<sup>133</sup>, A. Schwartzman<sup>141</sup>, T. A. Schwarz<sup>104</sup>, Ph. Schwemling<sup>133</sup>, R. Schwienhorst<sup>105</sup>, A. Sciandra<sup>134</sup>, G. Sciolla<sup>25</sup>, F. Scuri<sup>72a</sup>, F. Scutti<sup>103</sup>, C. D. Sebastiani<sup>90</sup>, K. Sedlaczek<sup>48</sup>, P. Seema<sup>18</sup>, S. C. Seidel<sup>110</sup>, A. Seiden<sup>134</sup>, B. D. Seidlitz<sup>28</sup>, T. Seiss<sup>38</sup>, C. Seitz<sup>47</sup>, J. M. Seixas<sup>80b</sup>, G. Sekhniaidze<sup>70a</sup>, S. J. Sekula<sup>43</sup>, L. Selem<sup>4</sup>, N. Semprini-Cesari<sup>22b,22a</sup>, S. Sen<sup>50</sup>, C. Serfon<sup>28</sup>, L. Serin<sup>65</sup>, L. Serkin<sup>67a,67b</sup>, M. Sessa<sup>75a,75b</sup>, H. Severini<sup>118</sup>, S. Sevova<sup>141</sup>, F. Sforza<sup>56b,56a</sup>, A. Sfyrla<sup>55</sup>, E. Shabalina<sup>54</sup>, R. Shaheen<sup>142</sup>, J. D. Shahinian<sup>126</sup>, N. W. Shaikh<sup>46a,46b</sup>, D. Shaked Renous<sup>166</sup>, L. Y. Shan<sup>14a</sup>, M. Shapiro<sup>17a</sup>, A. Sharma<sup>35</sup>, A. S. Sharma<sup>1</sup>, S. Sharma<sup>47</sup>, P. B. Shatalov<sup>36</sup>, K. Shaw<sup>144</sup>, S. M. Shaw<sup>99</sup>, P. Sherwood<sup>94</sup>, L. Shi<sup>94</sup>, C. O. Shimmin<sup>169</sup>, Y. Shimogama<sup>165</sup>, J. D. Shinner<sup>93</sup>, I. P. J. Shipsey<sup>124</sup>, S. Shirabe<sup>55</sup>, M. Shiyakova<sup>37,nn</sup>, J. Shlomi<sup>166</sup>, M. J. Shochet<sup>38</sup>, J. Shojaei<sup>103</sup>, D. R. Shope<sup>142</sup>, S. Shrestha<sup>117</sup>, E. M. Shrif<sup>32f</sup>, M. J. Shroff<sup>162</sup>, E. Shulga<sup>166</sup>, P. Sicho<sup>129</sup>, A. M. Sickles<sup>159</sup>, E. Sideras Haddad<sup>32f</sup>, O. Sidiropoulou<sup>35</sup>, A. Sidoti<sup>22b</sup>, F. Siegert<sup>49</sup>, Dj. Sijacki<sup>15</sup>, J. M. Silva<sup>20</sup>, M. V. Silva Oliveira<sup>35</sup>, S. B. Silverstein<sup>46a</sup>, S. Simion<sup>65</sup>, R. Simonetto<sup>35</sup>, N. D. Simpson<sup>96</sup>, S. Simsek<sup>11c</sup>, S. Sindhu<sup>54</sup>, P. Sinervo<sup>153</sup>, V. Sinetckii<sup>36</sup>, S. Singh<sup>140</sup>, S. Singh<sup>153</sup>, S. Sinha<sup>47</sup>, S. Sinha<sup>32f</sup>, M. Sioli<sup>22b,22a</sup>, I. Siral<sup>121</sup>, S. Yu. Sivoklokov<sup>36,a</sup>, J. Sjölin<sup>46a,46b</sup>, A. Skaf<sup>54</sup>, E. Skorda<sup>96</sup>, P. Skubic<sup>118</sup>, M. Slawinska<sup>84</sup>, K. Sliwa<sup>156</sup>, V. Smakhtin<sup>166</sup>, B. H. Smart<sup>132</sup>, J. Smiesko<sup>131</sup>, S. Yu. Smirnov<sup>36</sup>, Y. Smirnov<sup>36</sup>, L. N. Smirnova<sup>36,1</sup>, O. Smirnova<sup>96</sup>, E. A. Smith<sup>38</sup>, H. A. Smith<sup>124</sup>, M. Smizanska<sup>89</sup>, K. Smolek<sup>130</sup>, A. Smykiewicz<sup>84</sup>, A. A. Snesarov<sup>36</sup>, H. L. Snoek<sup>112</sup>, S. Snyder<sup>28</sup>, R. Sobie<sup>162,p</sup>, A. Soffer<sup>149</sup>, C. A. Solans Sanchez<sup>35</sup>, E. Yu. Soldatov<sup>36</sup>, U. Soldevila<sup>160</sup>, A. A. Solodkov<sup>36</sup>, S. Solomon<sup>53</sup>, A. Soloshenko<sup>37</sup>, O. V. Solovyev<sup>36</sup>, P. Sommer<sup>137</sup>, H. Son<sup>156</sup>, A. Sonay<sup>13</sup>, W. Y. Song<sup>154b</sup>, A. Sopczak<sup>130</sup>, A. L. Sopio<sup>94</sup>, F. Sopkova<sup>27b</sup>, S. Sottocornola<sup>71a,71b</sup>, R. Soualah<sup>114c</sup>, Z. Soumaimi<sup>34e</sup>, D. South<sup>47</sup>, S. Spagnolo<sup>68a,68b</sup>, M. Spalla<sup>108</sup>, M. Spangenberg<sup>164</sup>, F. Spanò<sup>93</sup>, D. Sperlich<sup>53</sup>, G. Spigo<sup>35</sup>, M. Spina<sup>144</sup>, S. Spinali<sup>89</sup>, D. P. Spiteri<sup>58</sup>, M. Spousta<sup>131</sup>, A. Stabile<sup>69a,69b</sup>, R. Stamen<sup>62a</sup>, M. Stamenkovic<sup>112</sup>, A. Stampeki<sup>20</sup>, M. Standke<sup>23</sup>, E. Stanecka<sup>84</sup>, B. Stanislaus<sup>35</sup>, M. M. Stanitzki<sup>47</sup>, M. Stankaityte<sup>124</sup>, B. Staupf<sup>47</sup>, E. A. Starchenko<sup>36</sup>, G. H. Stark<sup>134</sup>, J. Stark<sup>100,ij</sup>, D. M. Starko<sup>154b</sup>, P. Staroba<sup>129</sup>, P. Starovoitov<sup>62a</sup>, S. Stärz<sup>102</sup>, R. Staszewski<sup>84</sup>, G. Stavropoulos<sup>45</sup>, P. Steinberg<sup>28</sup>, A. L. Steinhebel<sup>121</sup>, B. Stelzer<sup>140,154a</sup>, H. J. Stelzer<sup>127</sup>, O. Stelzer-Chilton<sup>154a</sup>

- H. Stenzel<sup>57</sup> T. J. Stevenson<sup>144</sup> G. A. Stewart<sup>35</sup> M. C. Stockton<sup>35</sup> G. Stoicea<sup>26b</sup> M. Stolarski<sup>128a</sup>  
 S. Stonjek<sup>108</sup> A. Straessner<sup>49</sup> J. Strandberg<sup>142</sup> S. Strandberg<sup>46a,46b</sup> M. Strauss<sup>118</sup> T. Strebler<sup>100</sup>  
 P. Strizenec<sup>27b</sup> R. Ströhmer<sup>163</sup> D. M. Strom<sup>121</sup> L. R. Strom<sup>47</sup> R. Stroynowski<sup>43</sup> A. Strubig<sup>46a,46b</sup>  
 S. A. Stucci<sup>28</sup> B. Stugu<sup>16</sup> J. Stupak<sup>118</sup> N. A. Styles<sup>47</sup> D. Su<sup>141</sup> S. Su<sup>61a</sup> W. Su<sup>61d,136,61c</sup> X. Su<sup>61a</sup>  
 K. Sugizaki<sup>151</sup> V. V. Sulin<sup>36</sup> M. J. Sullivan<sup>90</sup> D. M. S. Sultan<sup>76a,76b</sup> L. Sultanaliyeva<sup>36</sup> S. Sultansoy<sup>3c</sup>  
 T. Sumida<sup>85</sup> S. Sun<sup>104</sup> S. Sun<sup>167</sup> X. Sun<sup>99</sup> O. Sunneborn Gudnadottir<sup>158</sup> C. J. E. Suster<sup>145</sup> M. R. Sutton<sup>144</sup>  
 M. Svatos<sup>129</sup> M. Swiatlowski<sup>154a</sup> T. Swirski<sup>163</sup> I. Sykora<sup>27a</sup> M. Sykora<sup>131</sup> T. Sykora<sup>131</sup> D. Ta<sup>98</sup>  
 K. Tackmann<sup>47,kk</sup> A. Taffard<sup>157</sup> R. Tafirout<sup>154a</sup> R. H. M. Taibah<sup>125</sup> R. Takashima<sup>86</sup> K. Takeda<sup>82</sup>  
 T. Takeshita<sup>138</sup> E. P. Takeva<sup>51</sup> Y. Takubo<sup>81</sup> M. Talby<sup>100</sup> A. A. Talyshев<sup>36</sup> K. C. Tam<sup>63b</sup> N. M. Tamir,<sup>149</sup>  
 A. Tanaka<sup>151</sup> J. Tanaka<sup>151</sup> R. Tanaka<sup>65</sup> J. Tang<sup>61c</sup> Z. Tao<sup>161</sup> S. Tapia Araya<sup>79</sup> S. Tapprogge<sup>98</sup>  
 A. Tarek Abouelfadl Mohamed<sup>105</sup> S. Tarem<sup>148</sup> K. Tariq<sup>61b</sup> G. Tarna<sup>26b</sup> G. F. Tartarelli<sup>69a</sup> P. Tas<sup>131</sup>  
 M. Tasevsky<sup>129</sup> E. Tassi<sup>42b,42a</sup> G. Tateno<sup>151</sup> Y. Tayalati<sup>34e</sup> G. N. Taylor<sup>103</sup> W. Taylor<sup>154b</sup> H. Teagle,<sup>90</sup>  
 A. S. Tee<sup>167</sup> R. Teixeira De Lima<sup>141</sup> P. Teixeira-Dias<sup>93</sup> H. Ten Kate,<sup>35</sup> J. J. Teoh<sup>112</sup> K. Terashi<sup>151</sup> J. Terron<sup>97</sup>  
 S. Terzo<sup>13</sup> M. Testa<sup>52</sup> R. J. Teuscher<sup>153,p</sup> N. Themistokleous<sup>51</sup> T. Theveneaux-Pelzer<sup>18</sup> O. Thielmann<sup>168</sup>  
 D. W. Thomas,<sup>93</sup> J. P. Thomas<sup>20</sup> E. A. Thompson<sup>47</sup> P. D. Thompson<sup>20</sup> E. Thomson<sup>126</sup> E. J. Thorpe<sup>92</sup> Y. Tian<sup>54</sup>  
 V. Tikhomirov<sup>36,1</sup> Yu. A. Tikhonov<sup>36</sup> S. Timoshenko,<sup>36</sup> E. X. L. Ting<sup>1</sup> P. Tipton<sup>169</sup> S. Tisserant<sup>100</sup> S. H. Tlou<sup>32f</sup>,  
 A. Tnourji<sup>39</sup> K. Todome<sup>22b,22a</sup> S. Todorova-Nova<sup>131</sup> S. Todt,<sup>49</sup> M. Togawa<sup>81</sup> J. Tojo<sup>87</sup> S. Tokár<sup>27a</sup>  
 K. Tokushuku<sup>81</sup> E. Tolley<sup>117</sup> R. Tombs<sup>31</sup> M. Tomoto<sup>81,109</sup> L. Tompkins<sup>141,v</sup> P. Tornambe<sup>101</sup> E. Torrence<sup>121</sup>  
 H. Torres<sup>49</sup> E. Torró Pastor<sup>160</sup> M. Toscani<sup>29</sup> C. Tosciri<sup>38</sup> J. Toth<sup>100,II</sup> D. R. Tovey<sup>137</sup> A. Traeet,<sup>16</sup>  
 C. J. Treado<sup>115</sup> T. Trefzger<sup>163</sup> A. Tricoli<sup>28</sup> I. M. Trigger<sup>154a</sup> S. Trincaz-Duvoid<sup>125</sup> D. A. Trischuk<sup>161</sup>  
 B. Trocmé<sup>59</sup> A. Trofymov<sup>65</sup> C. Troncon<sup>69a</sup> F. Trovato<sup>144</sup> L. Truong<sup>32c</sup> M. Trzebinski<sup>84</sup> A. Trzupek<sup>84</sup>  
 F. Tsai<sup>143</sup> M. Tsai<sup>104</sup> A. Tsiamis<sup>150</sup> P. V. Tsiareshka,<sup>36</sup> A. Tsirigotis<sup>150,ee</sup> V. Tsiskaridze<sup>143</sup> E. G. Tskhadadze,<sup>147a</sup>  
 M. Tsopoulou<sup>150</sup> Y. Tsujikawa<sup>85</sup> I. I. Tsukerman<sup>36</sup> V. Tsulaia<sup>17a</sup> S. Tsuno<sup>81</sup> O. Tsur,<sup>148</sup> D. Tsybychev<sup>143</sup>  
 Y. Tu<sup>63b</sup> A. Tudorache<sup>26b</sup> V. Tudorache<sup>26b</sup> A. N. Tuna<sup>35</sup> S. Turchikhin<sup>37</sup> I. Turk Cakir<sup>3a</sup> R. J. Turner,<sup>20</sup>  
 R. Turra<sup>69a</sup> P. M. Tuts<sup>40</sup> S. Tzamarias<sup>150</sup> P. Tzanis<sup>9</sup> E. Tzovara<sup>98</sup> K. Uchida,<sup>151</sup> F. Ukegawa<sup>155</sup>  
 P. A. Ulloa Poblete<sup>135c</sup> G. Unal<sup>35</sup> M. Unal<sup>10</sup> A. Undrus<sup>28</sup> G. Unel<sup>157</sup> K. Uno<sup>151</sup> J. Urban<sup>27b</sup> P. Urquijo<sup>103</sup>  
 G. Usai<sup>7</sup> R. Ushioda<sup>152</sup> M. Usman<sup>106</sup> Z. Uysal<sup>11d</sup> V. Vacek<sup>130</sup> B. Vachon<sup>102</sup> K. O. H. Vadla<sup>123</sup>  
 T. Vafeiadis<sup>35</sup> C. Valderanis<sup>107</sup> E. Valdes Santurio<sup>46a,46b</sup> M. Valente<sup>154a</sup> S. Valentinetti<sup>22b,22a</sup> A. Valero<sup>160</sup>  
 R. A. Vallance<sup>20</sup> A. Vallier<sup>100,jj</sup> J. A. Valls Ferrer<sup>160</sup> T. R. Van Daalen<sup>136</sup> P. Van Gemmeren<sup>5</sup> S. Van Stroud<sup>94</sup>  
 I. Van Vulpen<sup>112</sup> M. Vanadia<sup>74a,74b</sup> W. Vandelli<sup>35</sup> M. Vandenbroucke<sup>133</sup> E. R. Vandewall<sup>119</sup> D. Vannicola<sup>149</sup>  
 L. Vannoli<sup>56b,56a</sup> R. Vari<sup>73a</sup> E. W. Varnes<sup>6</sup> C. Varni<sup>17a</sup> T. Varol<sup>146</sup> D. Varouchas<sup>65</sup> K. E. Varvell<sup>145</sup>  
 M. E. Vasile<sup>26b</sup> L. Vaslin,<sup>39</sup> G. A. Vasquez<sup>162</sup> F. Vazeille<sup>39</sup> D. Vazquez Furelos<sup>13</sup> T. Vazquez Schroeder<sup>35</sup>  
 J. Veatch<sup>54</sup> V. Vecchio<sup>99</sup> M. J. Veen<sup>112</sup> I. Veliscek<sup>124</sup> L. M. Veloce<sup>153</sup> F. Veloso<sup>128a,128c</sup> S. Veneziano<sup>73a</sup>  
 A. Ventura<sup>68a,68b</sup> A. Verbytskyi<sup>108</sup> M. Verducci<sup>72a,72b</sup> C. Vergis<sup>23</sup> M. Veríssimo De Araujo<sup>80b</sup> W. Verkerke<sup>112</sup>  
 A. T. Vermeulen<sup>112</sup> J. C. Vermeulen<sup>112</sup> C. Vernieri<sup>141</sup> P. J. Verschuuren<sup>93</sup> M. Vessella<sup>101</sup> M. L. Vesterbacka<sup>115</sup>  
 M. C. Vetterli<sup>140,f</sup> A. Vgenopoulos<sup>150</sup> N. Viaux Maira<sup>135f</sup> T. Vickey<sup>137</sup> O. E. Vickey Boeriu<sup>137</sup>  
 G. H. A. Viehhäuser<sup>124</sup> L. Vigani<sup>62b</sup> M. Villa<sup>22b,22a</sup> M. Villaplana Perez<sup>160</sup> E. M. Villhauer,<sup>51</sup> E. Vilucchi<sup>52</sup>  
 M. G. Vincter<sup>33</sup> G. S. Virdee<sup>20</sup> A. Vishwakarma<sup>51</sup> C. Vittori<sup>22b,22a</sup> I. Vivarelli<sup>144</sup> V. Vladimirov,<sup>164</sup>  
 E. Voevodina<sup>108</sup> M. Vogel<sup>168</sup> P. Vokac<sup>130</sup> J. Von Ahnen<sup>47</sup> E. Von Toerne<sup>23</sup> B. Vormwald<sup>35</sup> V. Vorobel<sup>131</sup>  
 K. Vorobev<sup>36</sup> M. Vos<sup>160</sup> J. H. Vossebeld<sup>90</sup> M. Vozak<sup>99</sup> L. Vozdecky<sup>92</sup> N. Vranjes<sup>15</sup>  
 M. Vranjes Milosavljevic<sup>15</sup> V. Vrba,<sup>130,a</sup> M. Vreeswijk<sup>112</sup> R. Vuillermet<sup>35</sup> O. Vujinovic<sup>98</sup> I. Vukotic<sup>38</sup>  
 S. Wada<sup>155</sup> C. Wagner<sup>101</sup> W. Wagner<sup>168</sup> S. Wahdan<sup>168</sup> H. Wahlberg<sup>88</sup> R. Wakasa<sup>155</sup> M. Wakida<sup>109</sup>  
 V. M. Walbrecht<sup>108</sup> J. Walder<sup>132</sup> R. Walker<sup>107</sup> S. D. Walker,<sup>93</sup> W. Walkowiak<sup>139</sup> A. M. Wang<sup>60</sup> A. Z. Wang<sup>167</sup>  
 C. Wang<sup>61a</sup> C. Wang<sup>61c</sup> H. Wang<sup>17a</sup> J. Wang<sup>63a</sup> P. Wang<sup>43</sup> R.-J. Wang<sup>98</sup> R. Wang<sup>60</sup> R. Wang<sup>113</sup>  
 S. M. Wang<sup>146</sup> S. Wang<sup>61b</sup> T. Wang<sup>61a</sup> W. T. Wang<sup>78</sup> W. X. Wang<sup>61a</sup> X. Wang<sup>14c</sup> X. Wang<sup>159</sup> X. Wang<sup>61c</sup>  
 Y. Wang<sup>61a</sup> Z. Wang<sup>104</sup> Z. Wang<sup>61d,50,61c</sup> Z. Wang<sup>104</sup> C. Wanotayaroj<sup>35</sup> A. Warburton<sup>102</sup> C. P. Ward<sup>31</sup>  
 R. J. Ward<sup>20</sup> N. Warrack<sup>58</sup> A. T. Watson<sup>20</sup> M. F. Watson<sup>20</sup> G. Watts<sup>136</sup> B. M. Waugh<sup>94</sup> A. F. Webb<sup>10</sup>  
 C. Weber<sup>28</sup> M. S. Weber<sup>19</sup> S. A. Weber<sup>33</sup> S. M. Weber<sup>62a</sup> C. Wei,<sup>61a</sup> Y. Wei<sup>124</sup> A. R. Weidberg<sup>124</sup>  
 J. Weingarten<sup>48</sup> M. Weirich<sup>98</sup> C. Weiser<sup>53</sup> T. Wenaus<sup>28</sup> B. Wendland<sup>48</sup> T. Wengler<sup>35</sup> S. Wenig<sup>35</sup>

- N. Wermes<sup>123</sup> M. Wessels<sup>12a</sup> K. Whalen<sup>121</sup> A. M. Wharton<sup>129</sup> A. S. White<sup>60</sup> A. White<sup>7</sup> M. J. White<sup>1</sup>  
D. Whiteson<sup>157</sup> L. Wickremasinghe<sup>122</sup> W. Wiedenmann<sup>167</sup> C. Wiel<sup>49</sup> M. Wieler<sup>132</sup> N. Wieseotte,<sup>98</sup>  
C. Wiglesworth<sup>41</sup> L. A. M. Wiik-Fuchs<sup>53</sup> D. J. Wilbern,<sup>118</sup> H. G. Wilkens<sup>35</sup> L. J. Wilkins<sup>93</sup> D. M. Williams<sup>40</sup>  
H. H. Williams,<sup>126</sup> S. Williams<sup>31</sup> S. Willocq<sup>101</sup> P. J. Windischhofer<sup>124</sup> I. Wingerter-Seez<sup>4</sup> F. Winklmeier<sup>121</sup>  
B. T. Winter<sup>53</sup> M. Wittgen,<sup>141</sup> M. Wobisch<sup>95</sup> A. Wolf<sup>98</sup> R. Wölker<sup>124</sup> J. Wollrath,<sup>157</sup> M. W. Wolter<sup>84</sup>  
H. Wolters<sup>128a,128c</sup> V. W. S. Wong<sup>161</sup> A. F. Wongel<sup>47</sup> S. D. Worm<sup>47</sup> B. K. Wosiek<sup>84</sup> K. W. Woźniak<sup>84</sup>  
K. Wright<sup>58</sup> J. Wu<sup>14a,14d</sup> S. L. Wu<sup>167</sup> X. Wu<sup>55</sup> Y. Wu<sup>61a</sup> Z. Wu<sup>133,61a</sup> J. Wuerzinger<sup>124</sup> T. R. Wyatt<sup>99</sup>  
B. M. Wynne<sup>51</sup> S. Xella<sup>41</sup> L. Xia<sup>14c</sup> M. Xia,<sup>14b</sup> J. Xiang<sup>63c</sup> X. Xiao<sup>104</sup> M. Xie<sup>61a</sup> X. Xie<sup>61a</sup> I. Xiotidis,<sup>144</sup>  
D. Xu<sup>14a</sup> H. Xu,<sup>61a</sup> H. Xu<sup>61a</sup> L. Xu<sup>61a</sup> R. Xu<sup>126</sup> T. Xu<sup>61a</sup> W. Xu<sup>104</sup> Y. Xu<sup>14b</sup> Z. Xu<sup>61b</sup> Z. Xu<sup>141</sup>  
B. Yabsley<sup>145</sup> S. Yacoob<sup>32a</sup> N. Yamaguchi<sup>87</sup> Y. Yamaguchi<sup>152</sup> M. Yamatani,<sup>151</sup> H. Yamauchi<sup>155</sup>  
T. Yamazaki<sup>17a</sup> Y. Yamazaki<sup>82</sup> J. Yan,<sup>61c</sup> S. Yan<sup>124</sup> Z. Yan<sup>24</sup> H. J. Yang<sup>61c,61d</sup> H. T. Yang<sup>17a</sup> S. Yang<sup>61a</sup>  
T. Yang<sup>63c</sup> X. Yang<sup>61a</sup> X. Yang<sup>14a</sup> Y. Yang<sup>151</sup> Z. Yang<sup>61a,104</sup> W.-M. Yao<sup>17a</sup> Y. C. Yap<sup>47</sup> H. Ye<sup>14c</sup> J. Ye<sup>43</sup>  
S. Ye<sup>28</sup> I. Yeletsikh<sup>37</sup> M. R. Yexley<sup>89</sup> P. Yin<sup>40</sup> K. Yorita<sup>165</sup> K. Yoshihara<sup>79</sup> C. J. S. Young<sup>53</sup> C. Young<sup>141</sup>  
M. Yuan<sup>104</sup> R. Yuan<sup>61b,mm</sup> X. Yue<sup>62a</sup> M. Zaazoua<sup>34e</sup> B. Zabinski<sup>84</sup> G. Zacharis<sup>9</sup> E. Zaid,<sup>51</sup>  
T. Zakareishvili<sup>147b</sup> N. Zakharchuk<sup>33</sup> S. Zambito<sup>35</sup> D. Zanzi<sup>53</sup> O. Zaplatilek<sup>130</sup> S. V. Zeißner<sup>48</sup> C. Zeitnitz<sup>168</sup>  
J. C. Zeng<sup>159</sup> D. T. Zenger Jr.<sup>25</sup> O. Zenin<sup>36</sup> T. Ženiš<sup>27a</sup> S. Zenz<sup>92</sup> S. Zerradi<sup>34a</sup> D. Zerwas<sup>65</sup> B. Zhang<sup>14c</sup>  
D. F. Zhang<sup>137</sup> G. Zhang<sup>14b</sup> J. Zhang<sup>5</sup> K. Zhang<sup>14a,14d</sup> L. Zhang<sup>14c</sup> M. Zhang<sup>159</sup> R. Zhang<sup>167</sup> S. Zhang<sup>104</sup>  
X. Zhang<sup>61c</sup> X. Zhang<sup>61b</sup> Z. Zhang<sup>65</sup> P. Zhao<sup>50</sup> T. Zhao<sup>61b</sup> Y. Zhao<sup>134</sup> Z. Zhao<sup>61a</sup> A. Zhemchugov<sup>37</sup>  
Z. Zheng<sup>141</sup> D. Zhong<sup>159</sup> B. Zhou,<sup>104</sup> C. Zhou<sup>167</sup> H. Zhou<sup>6</sup> N. Zhou<sup>61c</sup> Y. Zhou,<sup>6</sup> C. G. Zhu<sup>61b</sup> C. Zhu<sup>14a,14d</sup>  
H. L. Zhu<sup>61a</sup> H. Zhu<sup>14a</sup> J. Zhu<sup>104</sup> Y. Zhu<sup>61a</sup> X. Zhuang<sup>14a</sup> K. Zhukov<sup>36</sup> V. Zhulanov<sup>36</sup> D. Ziemińska<sup>66</sup>  
N. I. Zimine<sup>37</sup> S. Zimmermann<sup>53,a</sup> J. Zinsser<sup>62b</sup> M. Ziolkowski<sup>139</sup> L. Živković<sup>15</sup> A. Zoccoli<sup>22b,22a</sup> K. Zoch<sup>55</sup>  
T. G. Zorbas<sup>137</sup> O. Zormpa<sup>45</sup> W. Zou<sup>40</sup> and L. Zwalski<sup>35</sup>

(ATLAS Collaboration)

<sup>1</sup>Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia<sup>2</sup>Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada<sup>3a</sup>Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara, Türkiye<sup>3b</sup>Istanbul Aydin University, Application and Research Center for Advanced Studies, Istanbul, Türkiye<sup>3c</sup>Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Türkiye<sup>4</sup>LAPP, Université Savoie Mont Blanc, CNRS/IN2P3, Annecy, France<sup>5</sup>High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, Illinois, USA<sup>6</sup>Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson, Arizona, USA<sup>7</sup>Department of Physics, University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington, Texas, USA<sup>8</sup>Physics Department, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece<sup>9</sup>Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece<sup>10</sup>Department of Physics, University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas, USA<sup>11a</sup>Bahçeşehir University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul, Türkiye<sup>11b</sup>Istanbul Bilgi University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul, Türkiye<sup>11c</sup>Department of Physics, Bogaziçi University, Istanbul, Türkiye<sup>11d</sup>Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep, Türkiye<sup>12</sup>Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan<sup>13</sup>Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE), Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, Barcelona, Spain<sup>14a</sup>Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China<sup>14b</sup>Physics Department, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China<sup>14c</sup>Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Nanjing, China<sup>14d</sup>University of Chinese Academy of Science (UCAS), Beijing, China<sup>15</sup>Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia<sup>16</sup>Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway<sup>17a</sup>Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, California, USA<sup>17b</sup>University of California, Berkeley, California, USA<sup>18</sup>Institut für Physik, Humboldt Universität zu Berlin, Berlin, Germany<sup>19</sup>Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland

- <sup>20</sup>School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom  
<sup>21a</sup>Facultad de Ciencias y Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Nariño, Bogotá, Colombia  
<sup>21b</sup>Departamento de Física, Universidad Nacional de Colombia, Bogotá, Colombia  
<sup>22a</sup>Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia A. Righi, Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy  
<sup>22b</sup>INFN Sezione di Bologna, Bologna, Italy  
<sup>23</sup>Physikalisches Institut, Universität Bonn, Bonn, Germany  
<sup>24</sup>Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston, Massachusetts, USA  
<sup>25</sup>Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham, Massachusetts, USA  
<sup>26a</sup>Transilvania University of Brasov, Brasov, Romania  
<sup>26b</sup>Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest, Romania  
<sup>26c</sup>Department of Physics, Alexandru Ioan Cuza University of Iasi, Iasi, Romania  
<sup>26d</sup>National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies, Physics Department, Cluj-Napoca, Romania  
<sup>26e</sup>University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest, Romania  
<sup>26f</sup>West University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania  
<sup>27a</sup>Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava, Slovak Republic  
<sup>27b</sup>Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic  
<sup>28</sup>Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, New York, USA  
<sup>29</sup>Universidad de Buenos Aires, Facultad de Ciencias Exactas y Naturales, Departamento de Física, y CONICET, Instituto de Física de Buenos Aires (IFIBA), Buenos Aires, Argentina  
<sup>30</sup>California State University, Fresno, California, USA  
<sup>31</sup>Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom  
<sup>32a</sup>Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town, South Africa  
<sup>32b</sup>iThemba Labs, Western Cape, South Africa  
<sup>32c</sup>Department of Mechanical Engineering Science, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg, South Africa  
<sup>32d</sup>National Institute of Physics, University of the Philippines Diliman (Philippines), Quezon City, Philippines  
<sup>32e</sup>University of South Africa, Department of Physics, Pretoria, South Africa  
<sup>32f</sup>School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa  
<sup>33</sup>Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada  
<sup>34a</sup>Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies—Université Hassan II, Casablanca, Morocco  
<sup>34b</sup>Faculté des Sciences, Université Ibn-Tofail, Kénitra, Morocco  
<sup>34c</sup>Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA-Marrakech, Morocco  
<sup>34d</sup>LPMR, Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier, Oujda, Morocco  
<sup>34e</sup>Faculté des sciences, Université Mohammed V, Rabat, Morocco  
<sup>34f</sup>Institute of Applied Physics, Mohammed VI Polytechnic University, Ben Guerir, Morocco  
<sup>35</sup>CERN, Geneva, Switzerland  
<sup>36</sup>Affiliated with an institute covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN  
<sup>37</sup>Affiliated with an international laboratory covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN  
<sup>38</sup>Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, USA  
<sup>39</sup>LPC, Université Clermont Auvergne, CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand, France  
<sup>40</sup>Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington, New York, USA  
<sup>41</sup>Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark  
<sup>42a</sup>Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Rende, Italy  
<sup>42b</sup>INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Italy  
<sup>43</sup>Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas, USA  
<sup>44</sup>Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson, Texas, USA  
<sup>45</sup>National Centre for Scientific Research “Demokritos”, Agia Paraskevi, Greece  
<sup>46a</sup>Department of Physics, Stockholm University, Stockholm, Sweden  
<sup>46b</sup>Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden  
<sup>47</sup>Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany  
<sup>48</sup>Fakultät Physik, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany  
<sup>49</sup>Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technische Universität Dresden, Dresden, Germany  
<sup>50</sup>Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham, North California, USA  
<sup>51</sup>SUPA—School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom  
<sup>52</sup>INFN e Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy  
<sup>53</sup>Physikalisches Institut, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Freiburg, Germany

- <sup>54</sup>*II. Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany*
- <sup>55</sup>*Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Genève, Switzerland*
- <sup>56a</sup>*Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova, Italy*
- <sup>56b</sup>*INFN Sezione di Genova, Genova, Italy*
- <sup>57</sup>*II. Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany*
- <sup>58</sup>*SUPA—School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, United Kingdom*
- <sup>59</sup>*LPSC, Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS/IN2P3, Grenoble INP, Grenoble, France*
- <sup>60</sup>*Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA*
- <sup>61a</sup>*Department of Modern Physics and State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, China*
- <sup>61b</sup>*Institute of Frontier and Interdisciplinary Science and Key Laboratory of Particle Physics and Particle Irradiation (MOE), Shandong University, Qingdao, China*
- <sup>61c</sup>*School of Physics and Astronomy, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Key Laboratory for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology (MOE), SKLPPC, Shanghai, China*
- <sup>61d</sup>*Tsung-Dao Lee Institute, Shanghai, China*
- <sup>62a</sup>*Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany*
- <sup>62b</sup>*Physikalisch Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany*
- <sup>63a</sup>*Department of Physics, Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong, China*
- <sup>63b</sup>*Department of Physics, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, China*
- <sup>63c</sup>*Department of Physics and Institute for Advanced Study, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Clear Water Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong, China*
- <sup>64</sup>*Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu, Taiwan*
- <sup>65</sup>*IJCLab, Université Paris-Saclay, CNRS/IN2P3, 91405, Orsay, France*
- <sup>66</sup>*Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington, Indiana, USA*
- <sup>67a</sup>*INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine, Sezione di Trieste, Udine, Italy*
- <sup>67b</sup>*ICTP, Trieste, Italy*
- <sup>67c</sup>*Dipartimento Politecnico di Ingegneria e Architettura, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy*
- <sup>68a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Lecce, Lecce, Italy*
- <sup>68b</sup>*Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce, Italy*
- <sup>69a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Milano, Italy*
- <sup>69b</sup>*Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy*
- <sup>70a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Napoli, Napoli, Italy*
- <sup>70b</sup>*Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy*
- <sup>71a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Pavia, Pavia, Italy*
- <sup>71b</sup>*Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy*
- <sup>72a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Pisa, Pisa, Italy*
- <sup>72b</sup>*Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy*
- <sup>73a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Roma, Roma, Italy*
- <sup>73b</sup>*Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy*
- <sup>74a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy*
- <sup>74b</sup>*Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy*
- <sup>75a</sup>*INFN Sezione di Roma Tre, Roma, Italy*
- <sup>75b</sup>*Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy*
- <sup>76a</sup>*INFN-TIFPA, Trento, Italy*
- <sup>76b</sup>*Università degli Studi di Trento, Trento, Italy*
- <sup>77</sup>*Universität Innsbruck, Department of Astro and Particle Physics, Innsbruck, Austria*
- <sup>78</sup>*University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, USA*
- <sup>79</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa, USA*
- <sup>80a</sup>*Departamento de Engenharia Elétrica, Universidade Federal de Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora, Brazil*
- <sup>80b</sup>*Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil*
- <sup>80c</sup>*Universidade Federal de São João del Rei (UFSJ), São João del Rei, Brazil*
- <sup>80d</sup>*Instituto de Física, Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil*
- <sup>81</sup>*KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan*
- <sup>82</sup>*Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan*
- <sup>83a</sup>*AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow, Poland*
- <sup>83b</sup>*Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland*
- <sup>84</sup>*Institute of Nuclear Physics Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland*

- <sup>85</sup>Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan  
<sup>86</sup>Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan
- <sup>87</sup>Research Center for Advanced Particle Physics and Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan
- <sup>88</sup>Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina  
<sup>89</sup>Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, United Kingdom
- <sup>90</sup>Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, United Kingdom
- <sup>91</sup>Department of Experimental Particle Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and Department of Physics, University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia
- <sup>92</sup>School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom  
<sup>93</sup>Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Egham, United Kingdom
- <sup>94</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom  
<sup>95</sup>Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, Louisiana, USA
- <sup>96</sup>Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden
- <sup>97</sup>Departamento de Física Teórica C-15 and CIAFF, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain  
<sup>98</sup>Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany
- <sup>99</sup>School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, United Kingdom
- <sup>100</sup>CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université, CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- <sup>101</sup>Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, Massachusetts, USA  
<sup>102</sup>Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada  
<sup>103</sup>School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia
- <sup>104</sup>Department of Physics, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, USA
- <sup>105</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan, USA  
<sup>106</sup>Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal, Quebec, Canada
- <sup>107</sup>Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany  
<sup>108</sup>Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany
- <sup>109</sup>Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- <sup>110</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA  
<sup>111</sup>Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands
- <sup>112</sup>Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
- <sup>113</sup>Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, Illinois, USA  
<sup>114a</sup>New York University Abu Dhabi, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates  
<sup>114b</sup>United Arab Emirates University, Al Ain, United Arab Emirates  
<sup>114c</sup>University of Sharjah, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates
- <sup>115</sup>Department of Physics, New York University, New York, New York, USA  
<sup>116</sup>Ochanomizu University, Otsuka, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, Japan  
<sup>117</sup>The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, USA
- <sup>118</sup>Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman, Oklahoma, USA
- <sup>119</sup>Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, Oklahoma, USA  
<sup>120</sup>Palacký University, Joint Laboratory of Optics, Olomouc, Czech Republic
- <sup>121</sup>Institute for Fundamental Science, University of Oregon, Eugene, Oregon, USA  
<sup>122</sup>Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan  
<sup>123</sup>Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
- <sup>124</sup>Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom  
<sup>125</sup>LPNHE, Sorbonne Université, Université Paris Cité, CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
- <sup>126</sup>Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA
- <sup>127</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA  
<sup>128a</sup>Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas—LIP, Lisboa, Portugal  
<sup>128b</sup>Departamento de Física, Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal  
<sup>128c</sup>Departamento de Física, Universidade de Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal  
<sup>128d</sup>Centro de Física Nuclear da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal  
<sup>128e</sup>Departamento de Física, Universidade do Minho, Braga, Portugal
- <sup>128f</sup>Departamento de Física Teórica y del Cosmos, Universidad de Granada, Granada, Spain  
<sup>128g</sup>Departamento de Física, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal  
<sup>129</sup>Institute of Physics of the Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague, Czech Republic  
<sup>130</sup>Czech Technical University in Prague, Prague, Czech Republic
- <sup>131</sup>Charles University, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Prague, Czech Republic
- <sup>132</sup>Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom

- <sup>133</sup>*IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France*
- <sup>134</sup>*Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz, California, USA*
- <sup>135a</sup>*Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago, Chile*
- <sup>135b</sup>*Millennium Institute for Subatomic physics at high energy frontier (SAPHIR), Santiago, Chile*
- <sup>135c</sup>*Instituto de Investigación Multidisciplinario en Ciencia y Tecnología, y Departamento de Física, Universidad de La Serena, La Serena, Chile*
- <sup>135d</sup>*Universidad Andres Bello, Department of Physics, Santiago, Chile*
- <sup>135e</sup>*Instituto de Alta Investigación, Universidad de Tarapacá, Arica, Chile*
- <sup>135f</sup>*Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile*
- <sup>136</sup>*Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington, USA*
- <sup>137</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom*
- <sup>138</sup>*Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan*
- <sup>139</sup>*Department Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany*
- <sup>140</sup>*Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada*
- <sup>141</sup>*SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford, California, USA*
- <sup>142</sup>*Department of Physics, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden*
- <sup>143</sup>*Departments of Physics and Astronomy, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, New York, USA*
- <sup>144</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom*
- <sup>145</sup>*School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia*
- <sup>146</sup>*Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan*
- <sup>147a</sup>*E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakhishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia*
- <sup>147b</sup>*High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia*
- <sup>147c</sup>*University of Georgia, Tbilisi, Georgia*
- <sup>148</sup>*Department of Physics, Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel*
- <sup>149</sup>*Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel*
- <sup>150</sup>*Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece*
- <sup>151</sup>*International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan*
- <sup>152</sup>*Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan*
- <sup>153</sup>*Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ontario, Canada*
- <sup>154a</sup>*TRIUMF, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada*
- <sup>154b</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto, Ontario, Canada*
- <sup>155</sup>*Division of Physics and Tomonaga Center for the History of the Universe, Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Japan*
- <sup>156</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford, Massachusetts, USA*
- <sup>157</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine, California, USA*
- <sup>158</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden*
- <sup>159</sup>*Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana, Illinois, USA*
- <sup>160</sup>*Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC), Centro Mixto Universidad de Valencia—CSIC, Valencia, Spain*
- <sup>161</sup>*Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada*
- <sup>162</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada*
- <sup>163</sup>*Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität Würzburg, Würzburg, Germany*
- <sup>164</sup>*Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom*
- <sup>165</sup>*Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan*
- <sup>166</sup>*Department of Particle Physics and Astrophysics, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel*
- <sup>167</sup>*Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin, USA*
- <sup>168</sup>*Fakultät für Mathematik und Naturwissenschaften, Fachgruppe Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany*
- <sup>169</sup>*Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut, USA*

<sup>a</sup>Deceased.<sup>b</sup>Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London, United Kingdom.<sup>c</sup>Also at Istanbul University, Department of Physics, Istanbul, Türkiye.<sup>d</sup>Also at Instituto de Física Teórica, IFT-UAM/CSIC, Madrid, Spain.<sup>e</sup>Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan.<sup>f</sup>Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.<sup>g</sup>Also at Physics Department, An-Najah National University, Nablus, Palestine.<sup>h</sup>Also at Department of Physics, University of Fribourg, Fribourg, Switzerland.<sup>i</sup>Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Louisville, Louisville, Kentucky, USA.

- <sup>j</sup> Also at Departament de Fisica de la Universitat Autonoma de Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain.  
<sup>k</sup> Also at Istinye University, Istanbul, Türkiye.  
<sup>l</sup> Also at Affiliated with an institute covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN.  
<sup>m</sup> Also at The Collaborative Innovation Center of Quantum Matter (CICQM), Beijing, China.  
<sup>n</sup> Also at Department of Physics, Ben Gurion University of the Negev, Beer Sheva, Israel.  
<sup>o</sup> Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli, Italy.  
<sup>p</sup> Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Canada.  
<sup>q</sup> Also at Bruno Kessler Foundation, Trento, Italy.  
<sup>r</sup> Also at Borough of Manhattan Community College, City University of New York, New York, New York, USA.  
<sup>s</sup> Also at National Institute of Physics, University of the Philippines Diliman (Philippines), Philippines.  
<sup>t</sup> Also at Department of Financial and Management Engineering, University of the Aegean, Chios, Greece.  
<sup>u</sup> Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno, California, USA.  
<sup>v</sup> Also at Department of Physics, Stanford University, Stanford, California, USA.  
<sup>w</sup> Also at Centro Studi e Ricerche Enrico Fermi, Italy.  
<sup>x</sup> Also at Department of Physics, California State University, East Bay, Hayward, California, USA.  
<sup>y</sup> Also at Institutio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, ICREA, Barcelona, Spain.  
<sup>z</sup> Also at Physikalisches Institut, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Freiburg, Germany.  
<sup>aa</sup> Also at University of Chinese Academy of Sciences (UCAS), Beijing, China.  
<sup>bb</sup> Also at Yeditepe University, Physics Department, Istanbul, Türkiye.  
<sup>cc</sup> Also at Institute of Theoretical Physics, Ilia State University, Tbilisi, Georgia.  
<sup>dd</sup> Also at CERN, Geneva, Switzerland.  
<sup>ee</sup> Also at Hellenic Open University, Patras, Greece.  
<sup>ff</sup> Also at Center for High Energy Physics, Peking University, China.  
<sup>gg</sup> Also at The City College of New York, New York, New York, USA.  
<sup>hh</sup> Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Sacramento, California, USA.  
<sup>ii</sup> Also at Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Genève, Switzerland.  
<sup>jj</sup> Also at L2IT, Université de Toulouse, CNRS/IN2P3, UPS, Toulouse, France.  
<sup>kk</sup> Also at Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany.  
<sup>ll</sup> Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary.  
<sup>mm</sup> Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan, USA.  
<sup>nn</sup> Also at Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy (INRNE) of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulgaria.