The General Practitioner Teacher’s Job Satisfaction Influences their Medical Students Wish to Join the Field

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Introduction

There will be increasing competition for young physicians in Switzerland as more and more physicians retire (1).

While enthusiasm towards GP work is important for GP teachers as role models, satisfaction within the profession has declined (2).

Aim of the Study

This study aims to determine if medical students’ desire to become GPs is related to the job satisfaction of their teaching GPs and explore the factors tied to this job satisfaction.

Method

In this cross-sectional, correlational study, teaching GPs of the University of Bern and the fourth year medical students completing internships with them filled in separate questionnaires.

Results

Medical students’ perception of their GP teacher’s job satisfaction positively affect their wish to become GPs, and their satisfaction with their internships adds to this.

Enhancing the positive aspects of GP work, such as recognition, and improving negative ones, such as administrative duties, is necessary to attract medical students into the GP field.

GP teachers should receive briefing on positive role modelling and communicating with medical students regarding their expectations of internships.

Discussion

Regarding all aspects, GPs are very satisfied with their jobs. Factors that are associated with a high satisfaction include:
- Recognition of ones work
- Opportunity to use own skills
- Freedom of taking own decisions
- Amount of responsibility given
- Colleagues and practice staff
- Variety of work

Factors that are associated with a lower satisfaction include:
- Working hours
- Income
- Related government policies

Regarding working hours, particularly the amount of paper work was associated with a low satisfaction, but not the on call hours.

Age and gender of the GPs, urban or rural setting, size of the practices, and being employed or self-employed was not associated with the total satisfaction.


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