BENESCO
Bern Network Epilepsy Sleep Consciousness

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Seminar, December 2, 2016

tDCS-methodology, application and available results

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Content

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- Methodology
- Application
- Results
  - Basic
  - Clinical
  - Sleep

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Methodology: the (DC-)stimulator

- 1 anode, 1 cathode (standard)
- Triggering possible
- Placebo-controlled
- Double-blind design possible
- tACS possible
- MR-compatible
- Current strength: < 2.0 mA (ECT: < 900 mA)

High-Definition-tDCS

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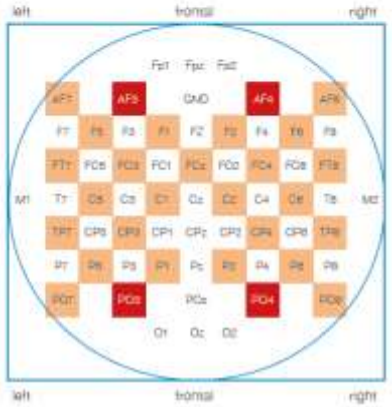
HD tDCS-EEG **wave**guard cap

- Up to 29 tDCS-Electrodes
- Only for research



ant neuro

tDCS Principle

- Modulation of spontaneous neuronal activity
- **Anodal** stimulation: increase of the membrane's resting potential → depolarisation

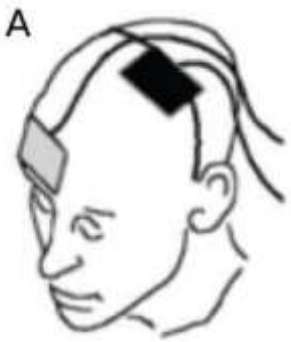
  Increase of the cortical excitability

- **Cathodal** stimulation: decrease of the membrane's resting potential → hyperpolarisation

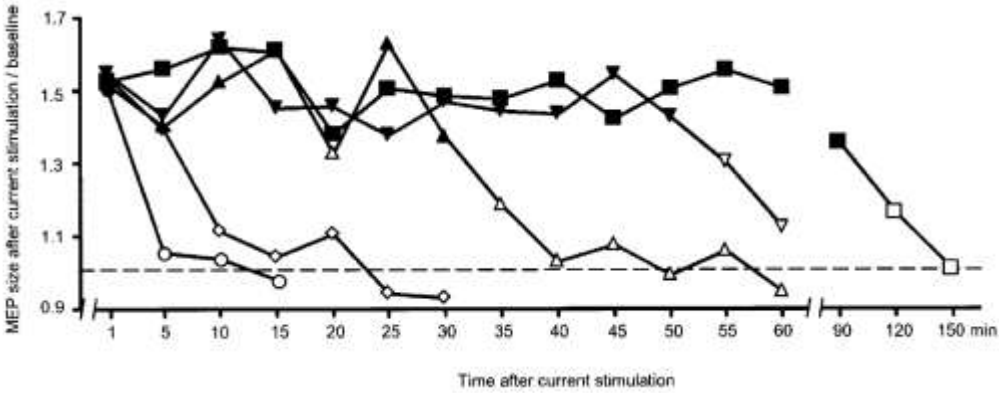
  Decrease of the cortical excitability

Poreisz et al. (2007) *Brain Res Bull*

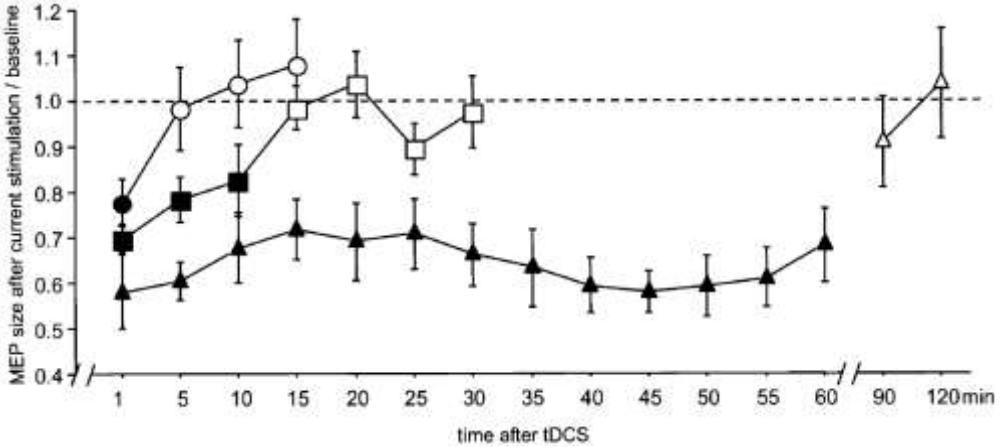
Anodal vs. Cathodal polarisation



Anodal stimulation



Cathodal stimulation



Nitsche & Paulus (2001) *Neurology* / Nitsche et al. (2003) *Clin Neurophysiol*

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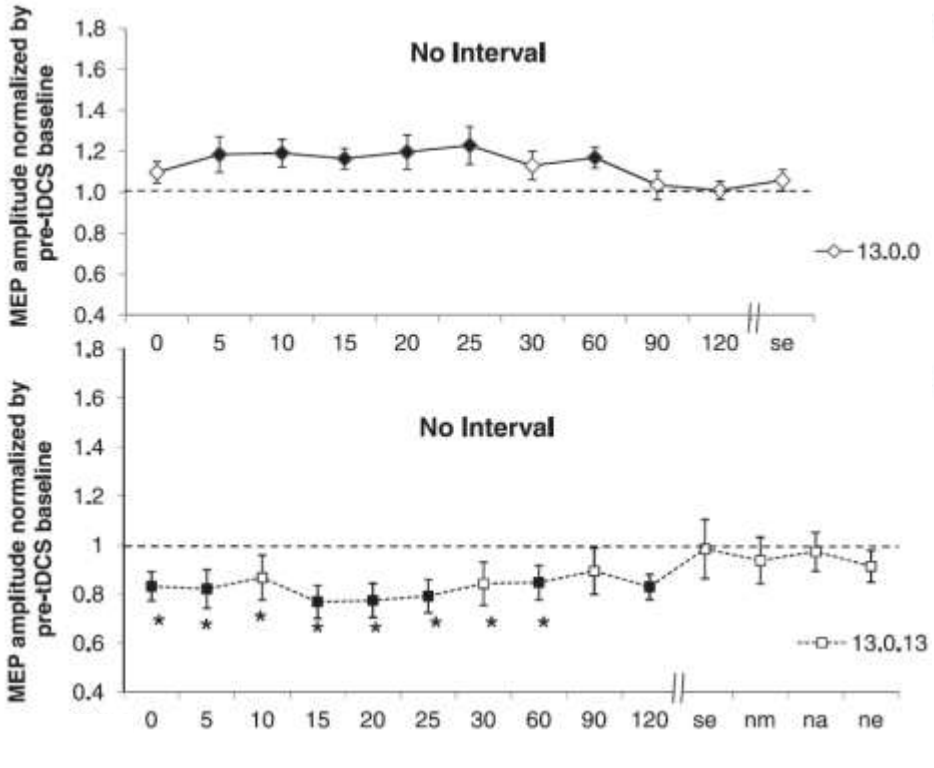
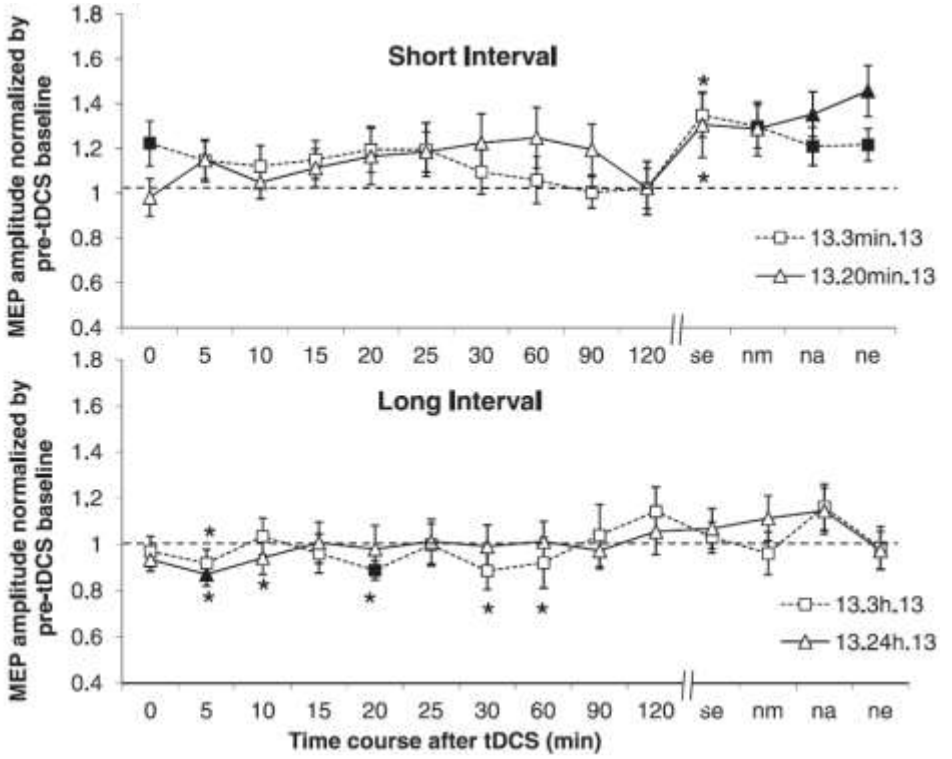
Aftereffects





Monte-Silva et al. (2013) *Brain Stim*

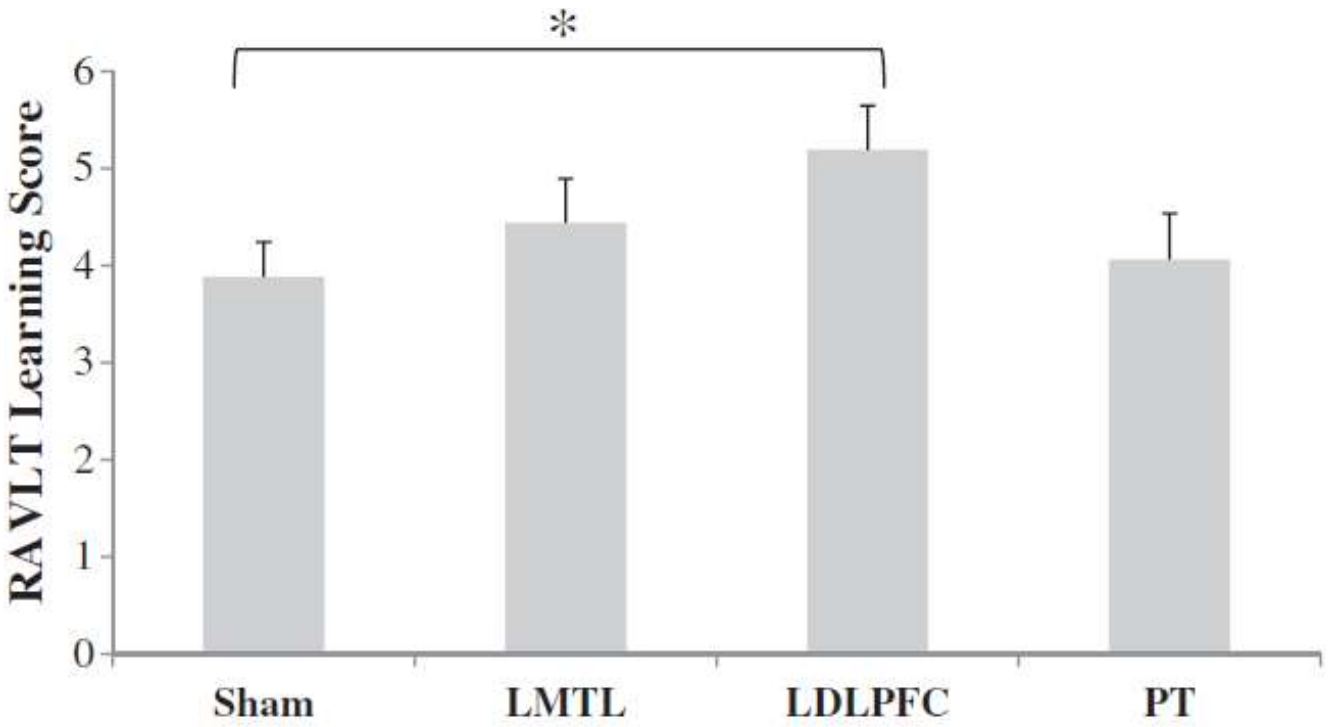
tDCS application

- Guidelines:
  - Nitsche, Liebetanz, et al. (2003) *Clin Neurophysiol*
  - Poreisz, Boros, Antal, & Paulus (2007) *Brain Res Bull*
  - Woods, Antal, Bikson, et al. (2016) *Clin Neurophysiol*

Requirements

- Hypothesis
- Electrode location
- Anodal/cathodal stimulation
- Stimulation protocol (duration, sequence)
- Electrode type
- Contact medium

Stimulation model simulation

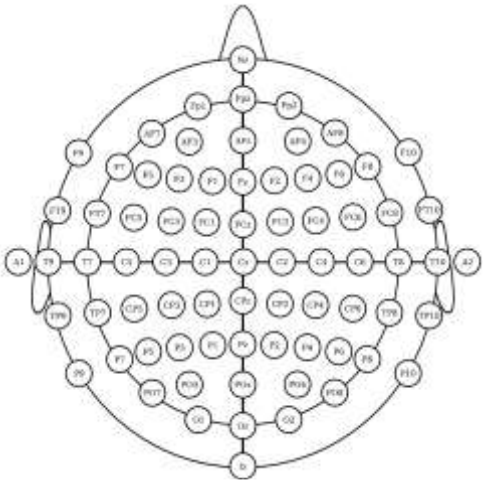


Nikolin et al. (2015) *NeuroImage*

Reproducibility

> Electrode placement / preparation

International 10-20 system



Neuro-navigation

Physiology-based (works only for motor or other primary cortices)

> Contact medium:
  - avoid oversaturation (NaCl-liquid)
  - control constant amount (e.g. syringes)

tDCS side-effects

- Occasional side-effects:
  - headache
  - vertigo
  - fatigue
  - nausea
  - tingling/burning sensation under the electrodes

Palm et al. (2008) *Brain Stim*

Brunoni et al. (2011) *Int J Neuropsychopharmacol*

Promising results

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The Journal of Neuroscience, November 3, 2004 • 24(44):9985–9992 • 9985

Behavioral/Systems/Cognitive

Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation during Sleep Improves Declarative Memory

Lisa Marshall, Matthias Mölle, Manfred Hallschmid, and Jan Born
Institute of Neuroendocrinology H23a, University of Lübeck, 23538 Lübeck, Germany

nature Vol 444|30 November 2006|doi:10.1038/nature05278

LETTERS

Boosting slow oscillations during sleep potentiates memory

Lisa Marshall[1], Halla Helgadóttir[1], Matthias Mölle[1] & Jan Born[1]

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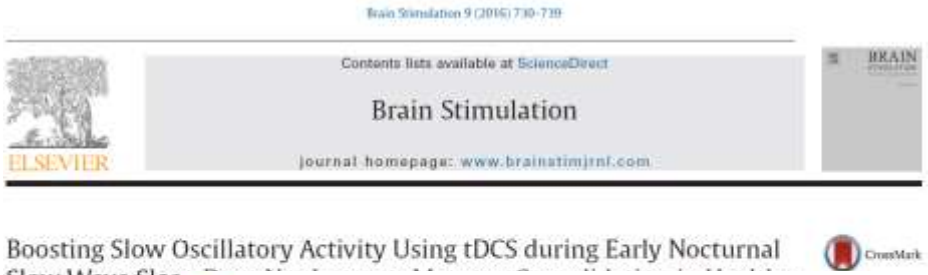
Disillusioning results



Brain Stimulation 9 (2016) 730–739

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Brain Stimulation

journal homepage: www.brainstimjrnl.com

Boosting Slow Oscillatory Activity Using tDCS during Early Nocturnal Slow Wave Slee
Older Adults

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frontiers in Aging Neuroscience

ORIGINAL RESEARCH
published: 14 December 2015
doi: 10.3389/fnagi.2015.00230

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No Significant Effect of Prefrontal tDCS on Working Memory Performance in Older Adults

Jonna Nilsson, Alexander V. Lebedev and Martin Lövdén*

Aging Research Center, Karolinska Institutet and Stockholm University, Stockholm, Sweden

controlled crossover study

Gregory L. Sahlem [a,*], Bashar W. Badran [a,d], Jonathan J. Halford [b], Nolan R. Williams [a,b], Jeffrey E. Korte [c], Kimberly Leslie [a], Martha Strachan [a], Jesse L. Breedlove [d], Jennifer Runion [a], David L. Bachman [b], Thomas W. Uhde [a], Jeffery J. Borckardt [a], Mark S. George [a,b,d,e]

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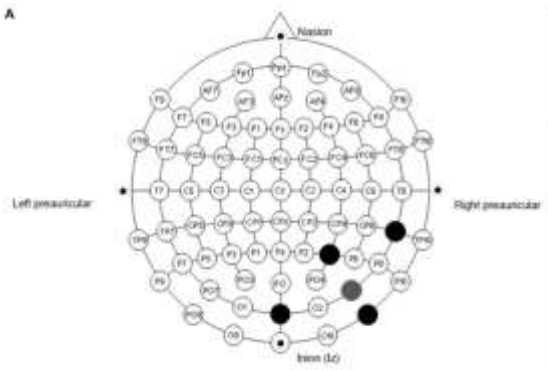
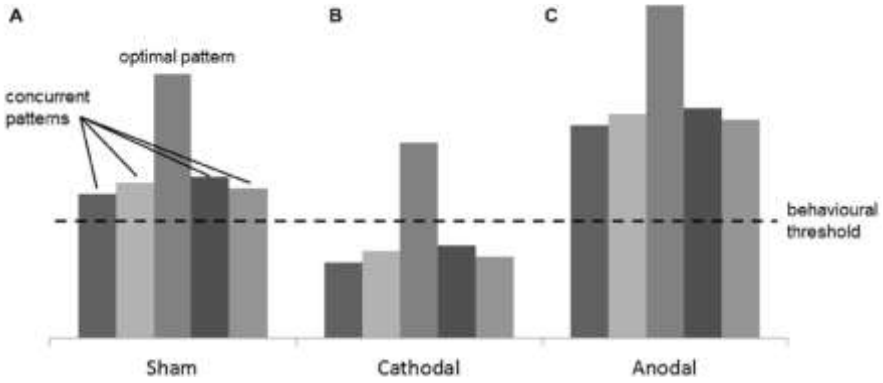
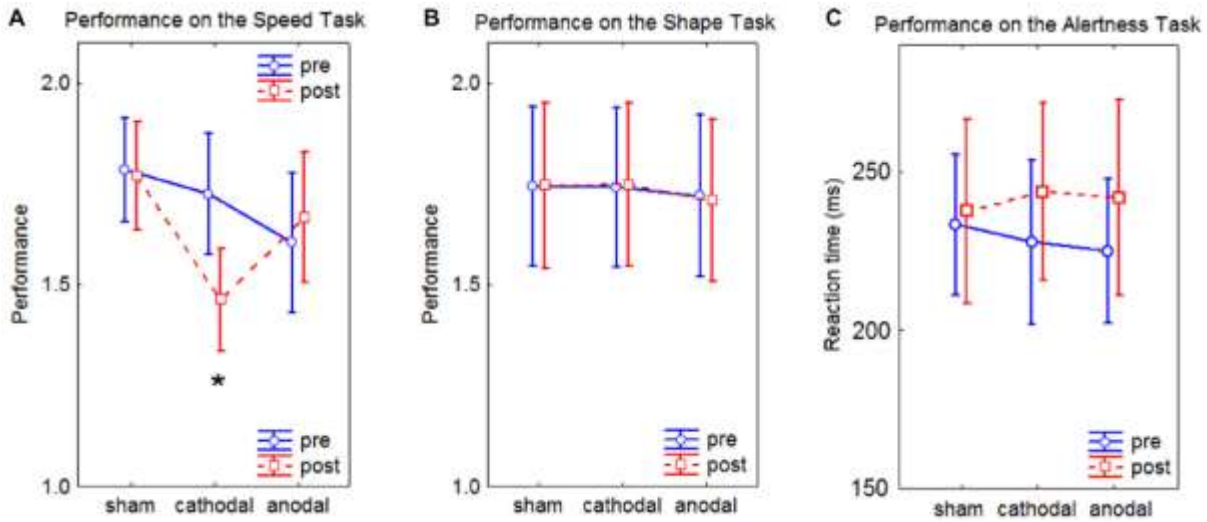
tDCS-induced inhibition as a boost for focused perception?

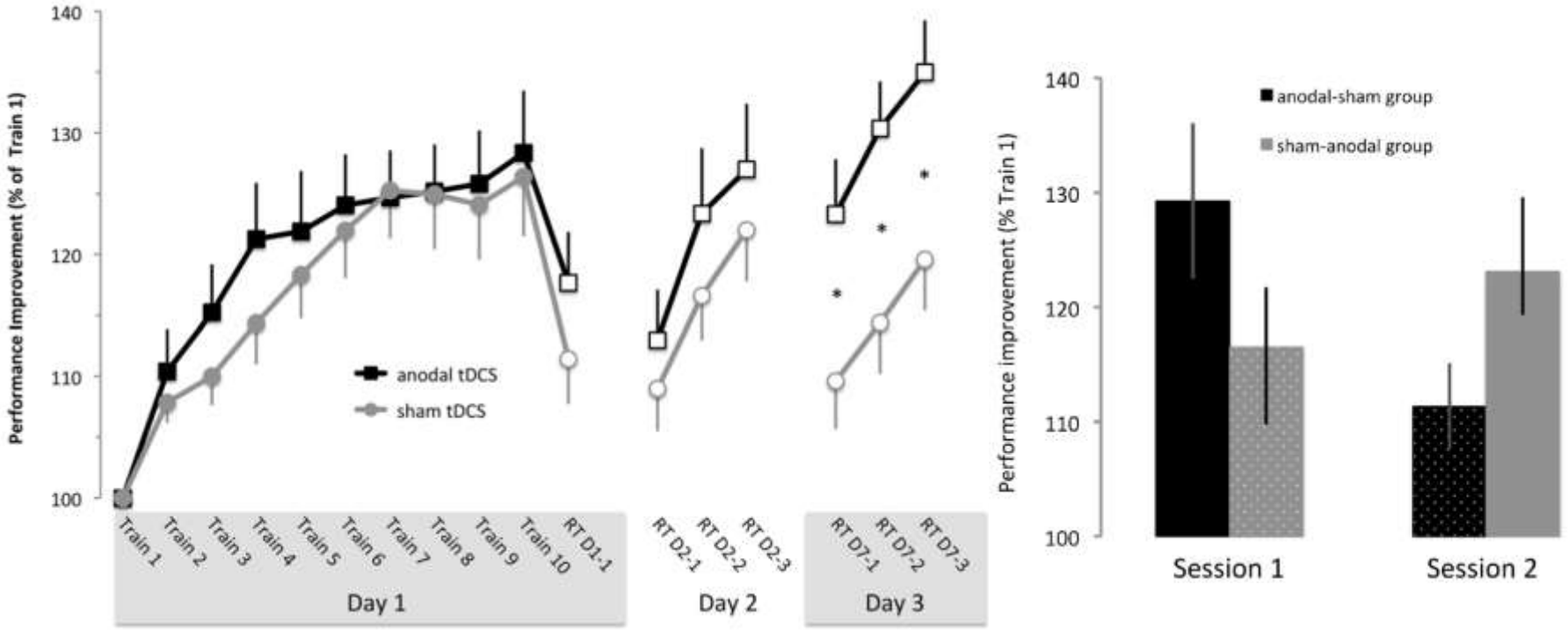






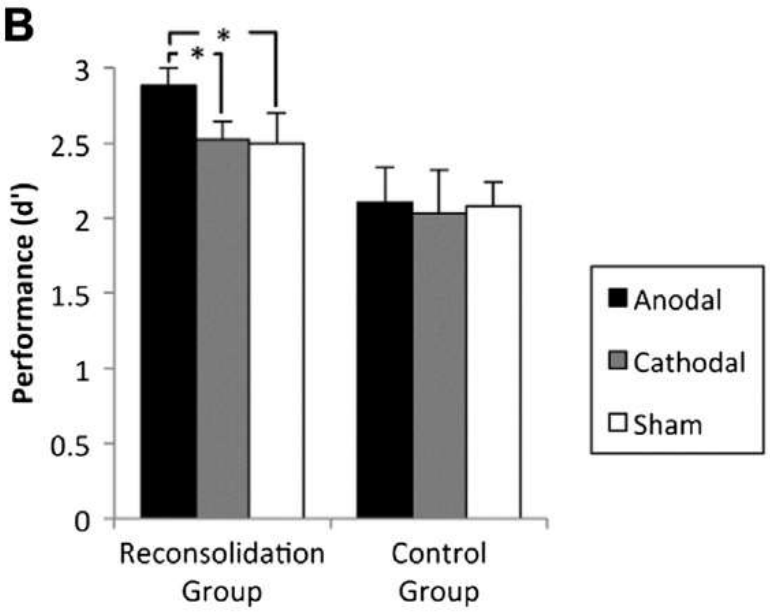
Zito et al. (2015) *Front Behav Neurosci*

tDCS-moderated plasticity



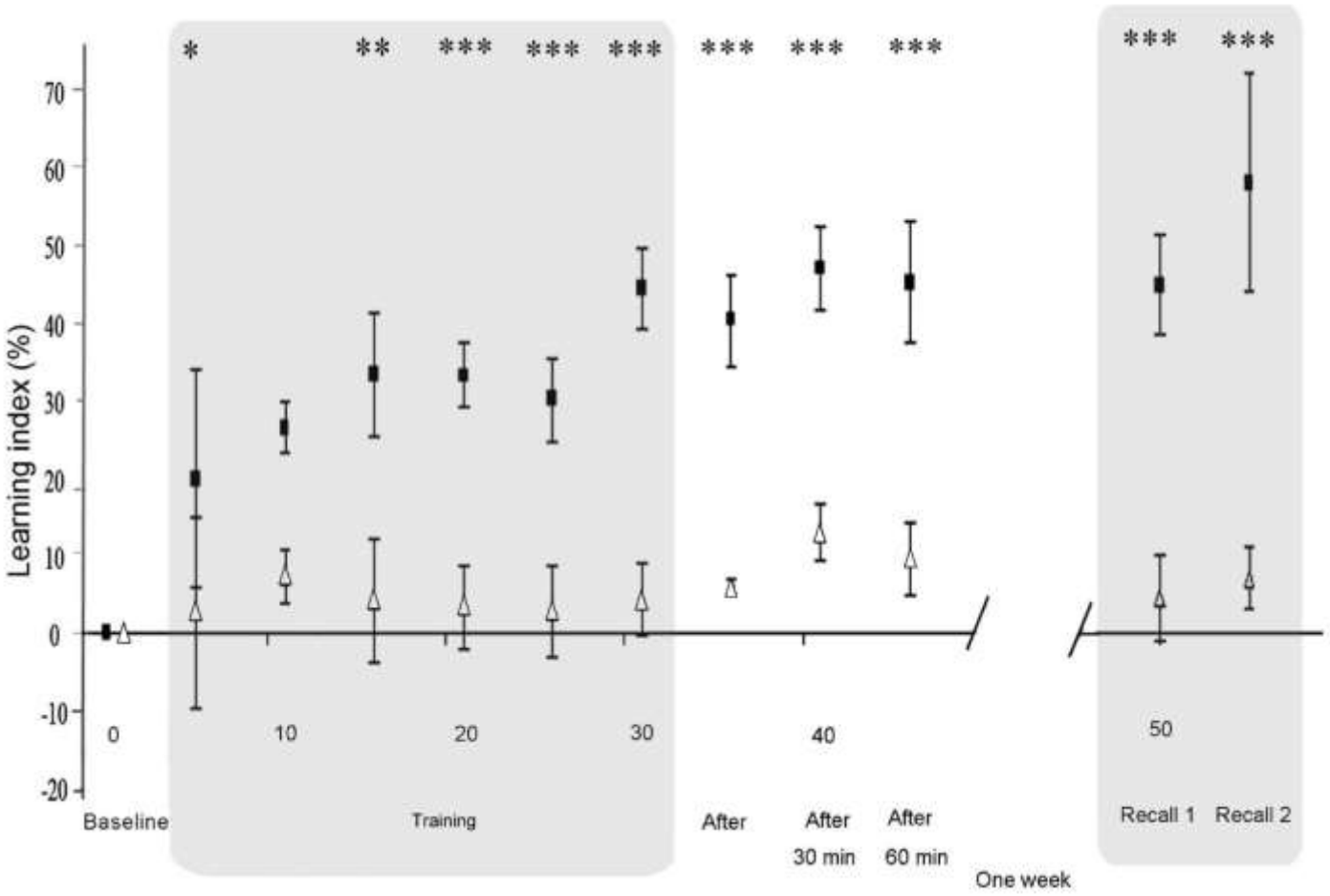
Rroji et al. (2015) *PLoSOne*

tDCS and memory consolidation



Javadi & Cheng (2013) *Brain Stim*

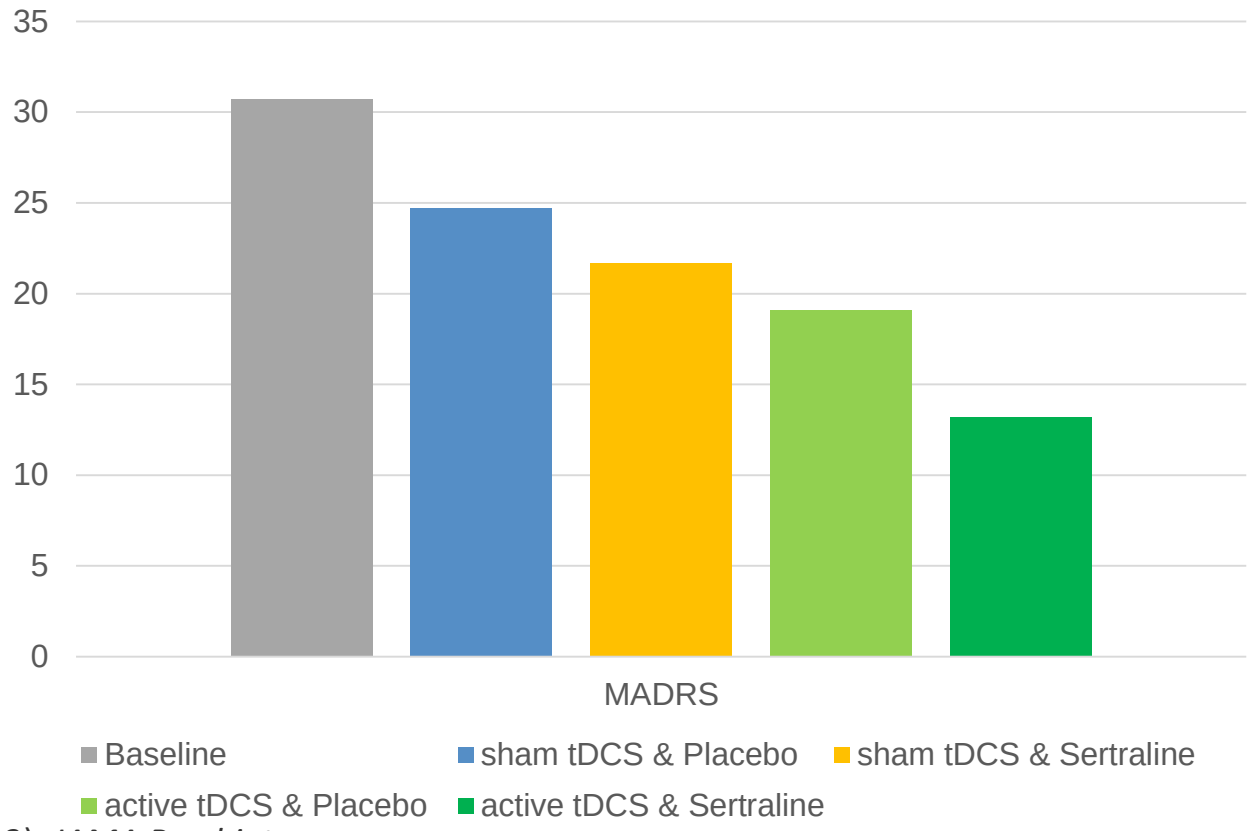
Enhancing motor skills in stroke patients



Lefebvre et al. (2012) *Front Hum Neurosci*

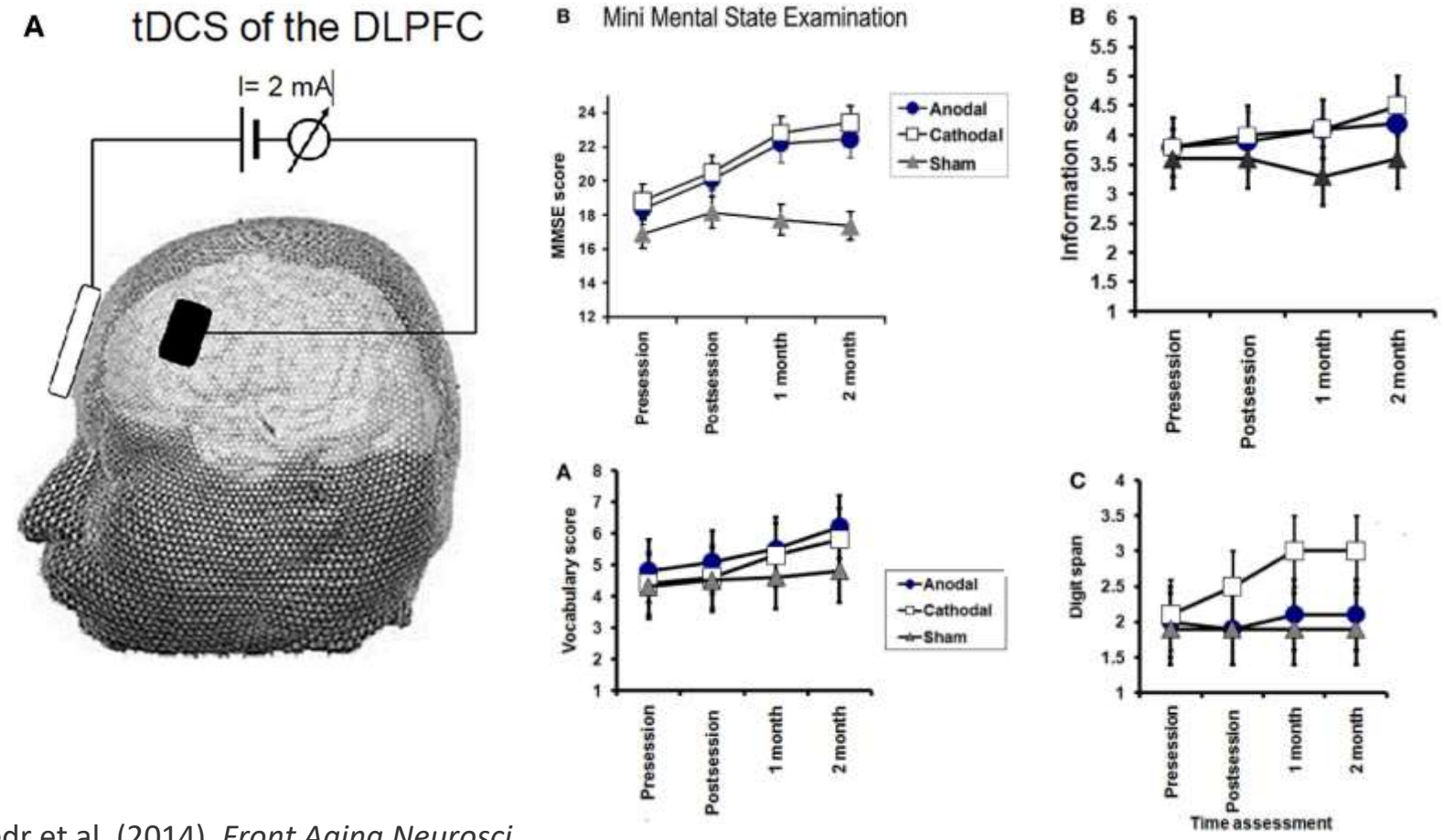
tDCS in depression

> Dependent variable: Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS)



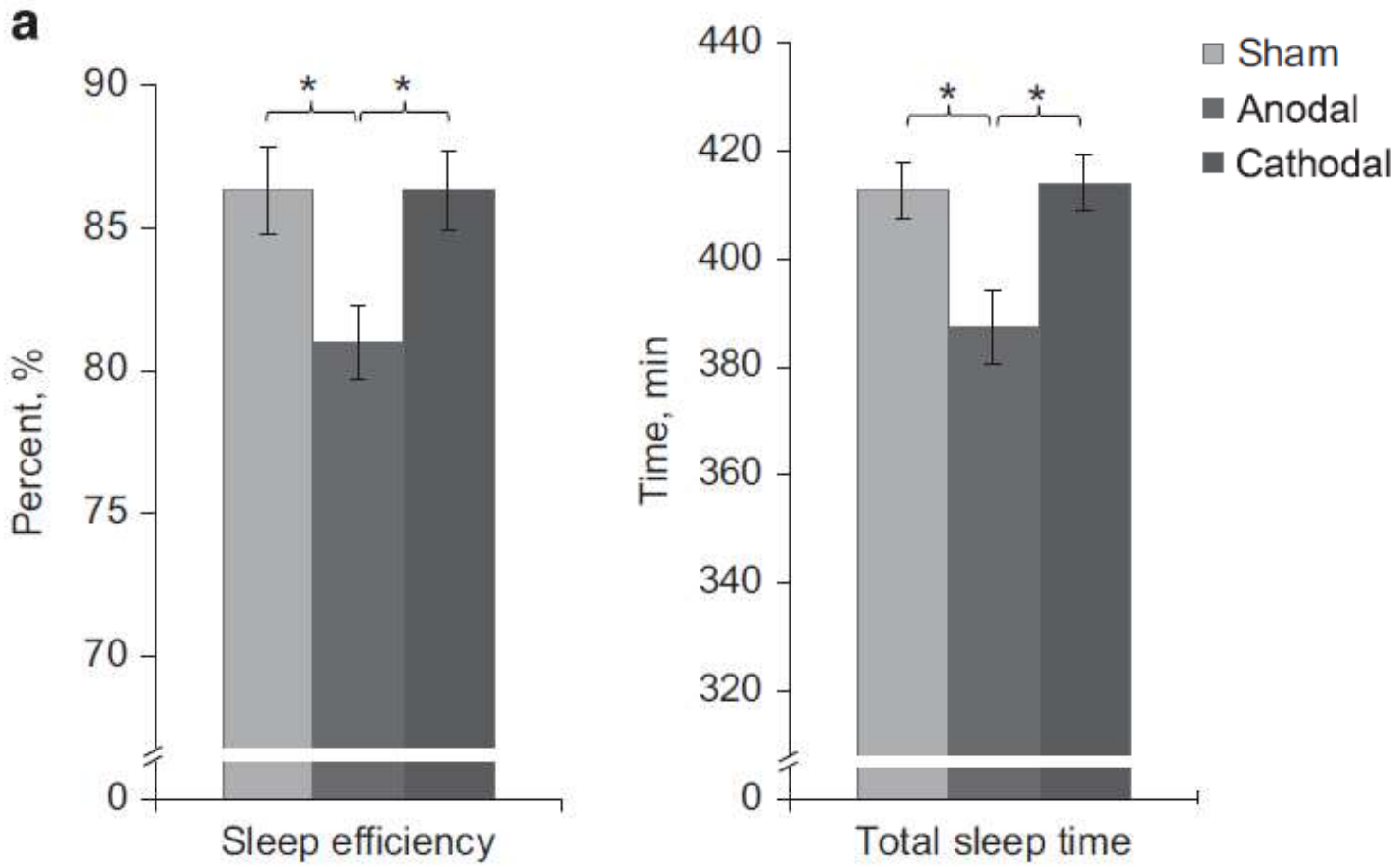
Brunoni et al. (2013) *JAMA Psychiatry*

tDCS and cognition in Alzheimer's disease



Khedr et al. (2014) *Front Aging Neurosci*

tDCS and sleep

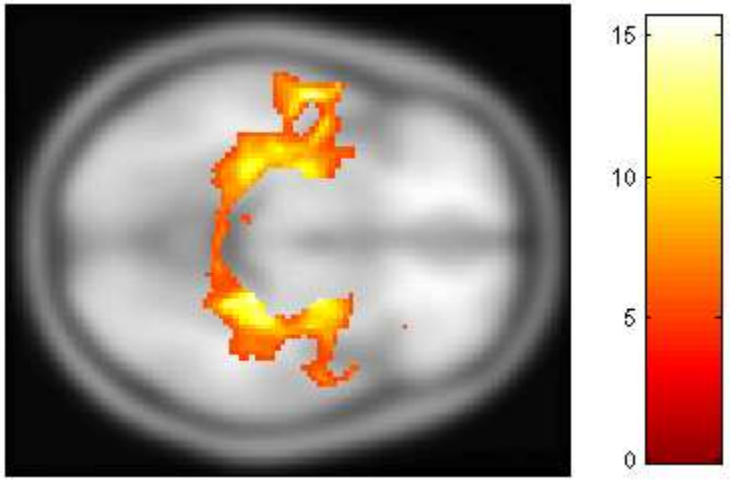


Frase et al. (2016) *Neuropsychopharmacol*

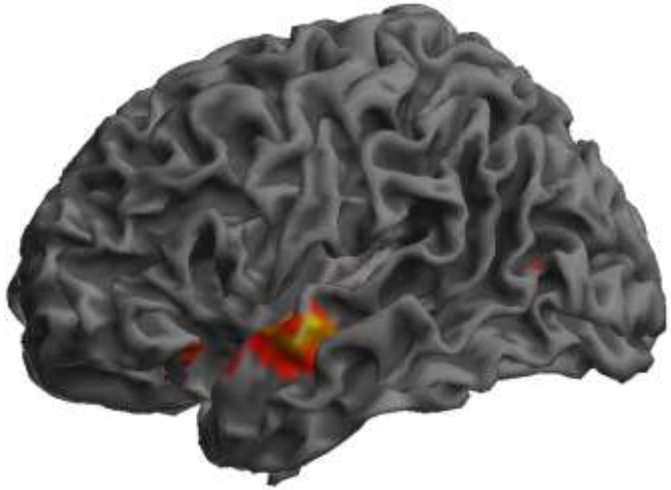
Own study

- Is it possible to enhance sleep-dependent memory consolidation?
- More refined tDCS protocol
- Target the slow waves (and sleep spindles) with tDCS
- Stimulation location based on functional connectivity data

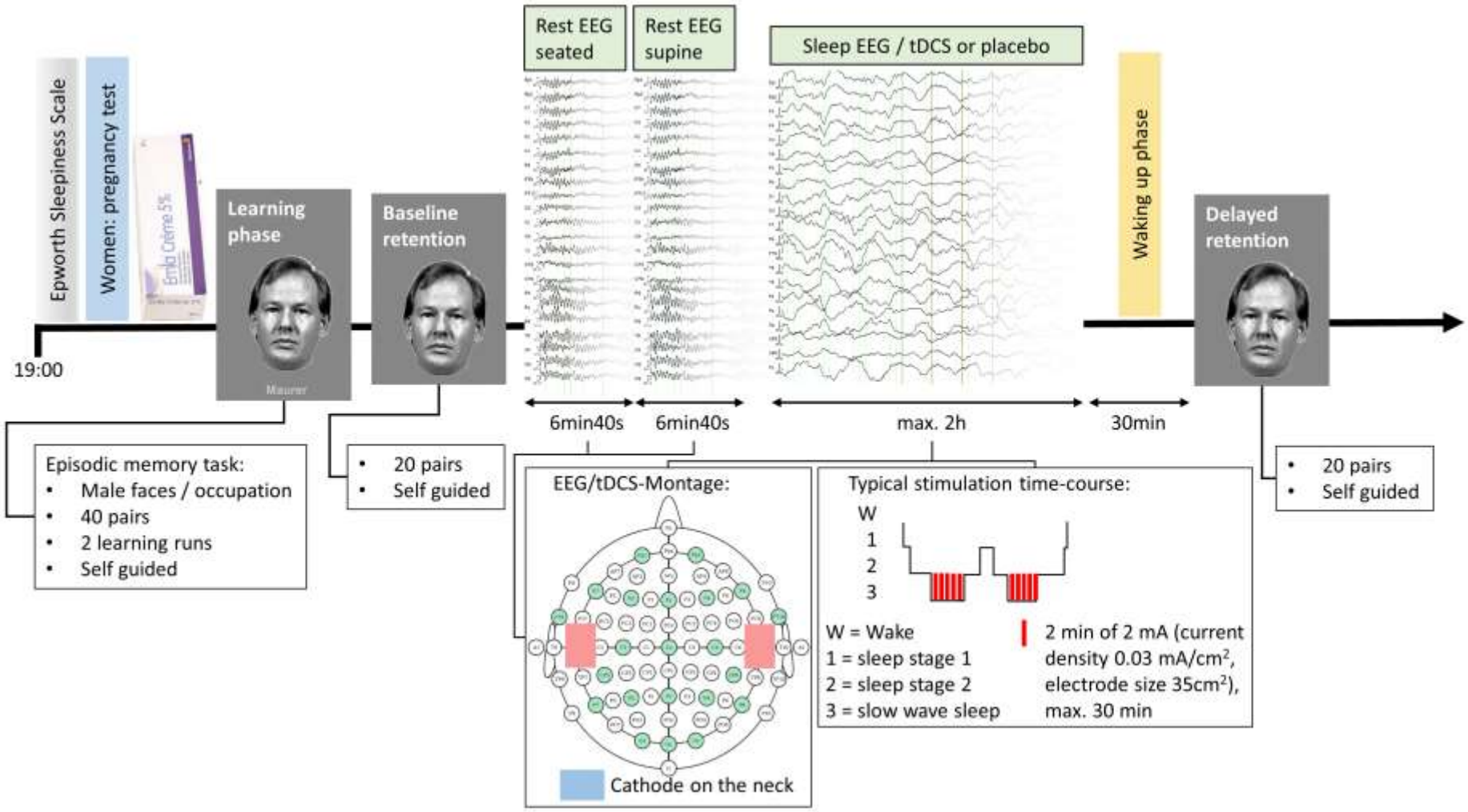
Functional connectivity of hippocampal area



$p < 0.0001$ (uncorr.)



Experimental procedure



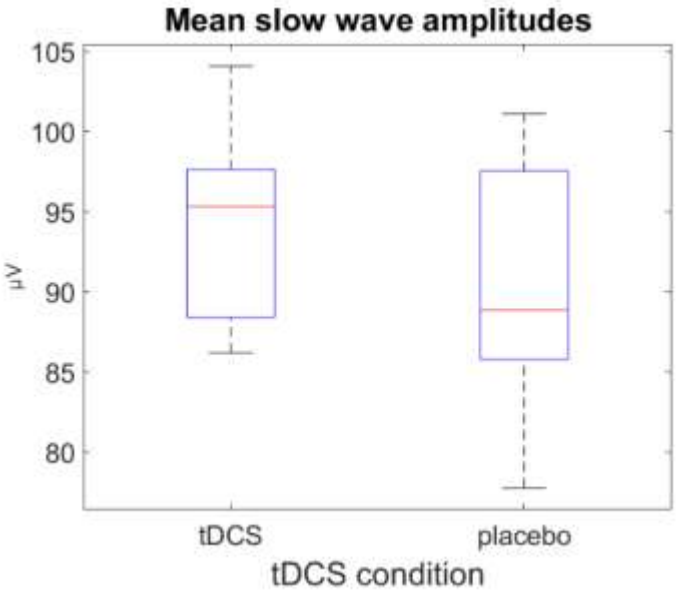
Bilateral temporal anodal tDCS increases slow wave amplitudes

Effect of tDCS during S3 on memory consolidation:

Partial Correlation of tDCS-dependent memory performance and real slow wave stimulation:
tDCS: $r = 0.89$, $p < 0.01$
Sham: $r = -0.22$, $p = 0.56$

→ The more slow waves are stimulated, the better the memory consolidation

Effect of tDCS on slow wave amplitude:



Mean = 93.8 (*SD* = 5.7) *Mean* = 90.4 (*SD* = 6.9)

***T* = 2.2, *p* < 0.05**

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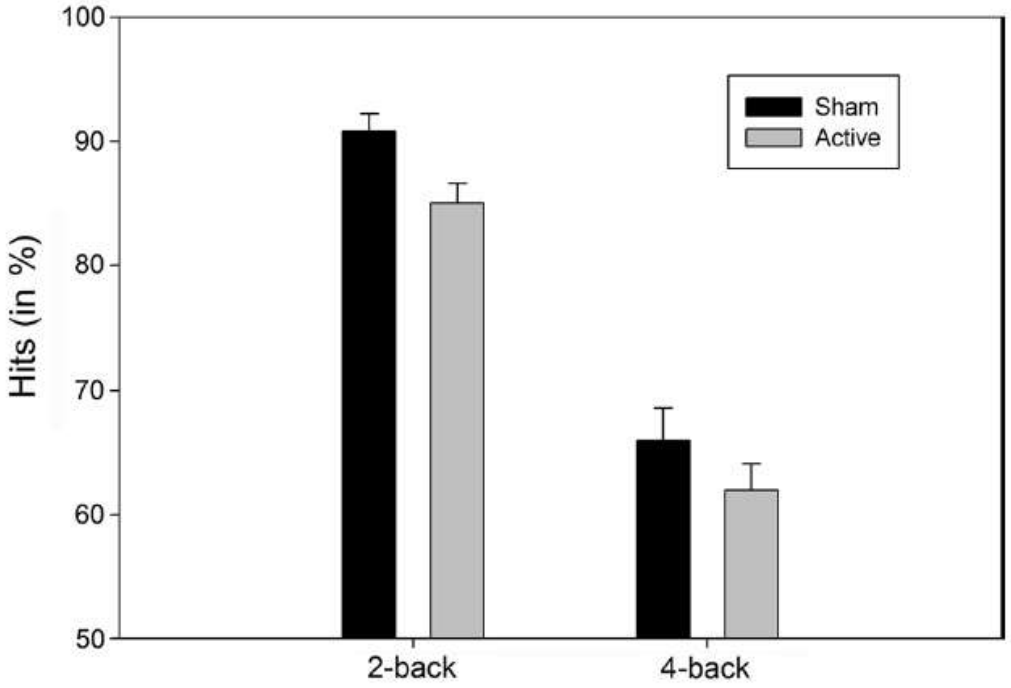

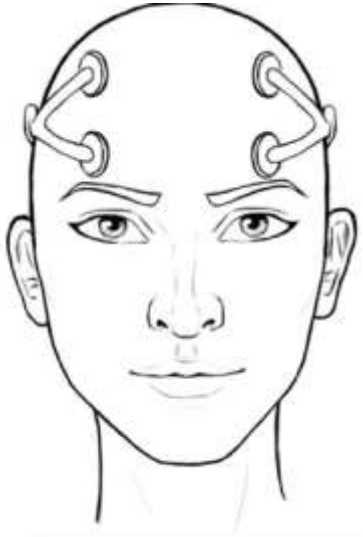

Steenbergen et al. (2016) *Exp Brain Res*

Acknowledgment / Literature

University Hospital of Psychiatry:

- Thomas Dierks
- Yosuke Morishima
- Sarah Müller
- Stephanie Winkelbeiner

Department of Psychology:

- Katharina Henke
- Simon Ruch

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