

BORIS & Swiss EPrints community

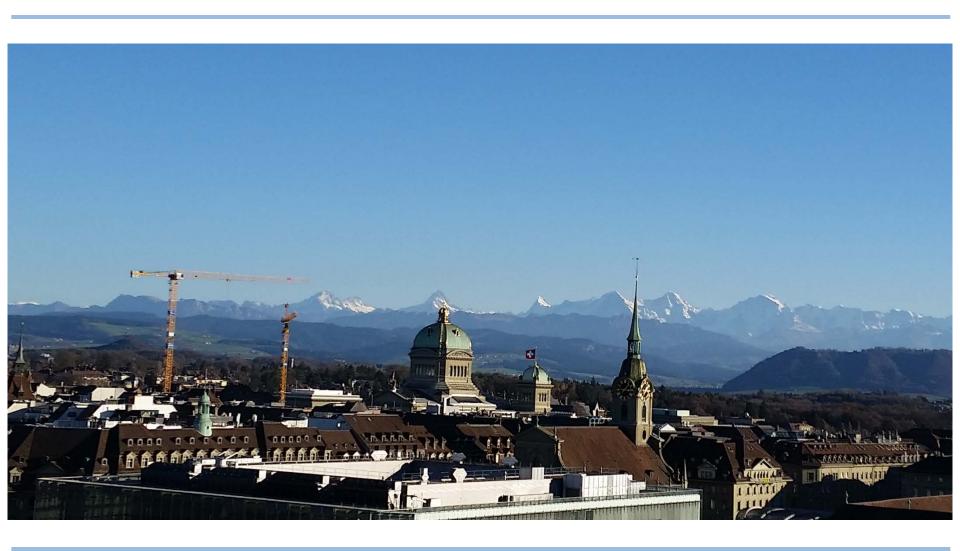
Dirk Verdicchio
Universitätsbibliothek Bern
Fachstelle Open Access & Wissenschaftskommunikation

19.12.2016, EPrints User Group Winter 2016. University of Bath





Bern





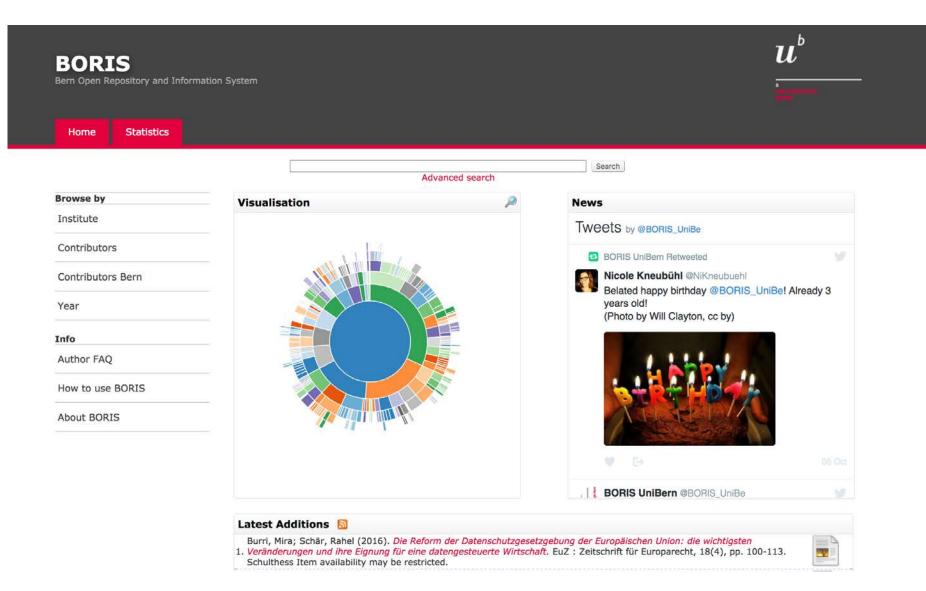
University of Bern





- > Eprints at the University of Bern: BORIS
- Other Eprints repositories in Switzerland: edoc, ZORA, Alexandria
- > Dissatifaction in the German speaking user communities
- > How can we improve?

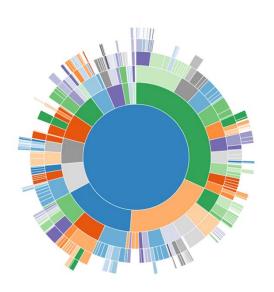
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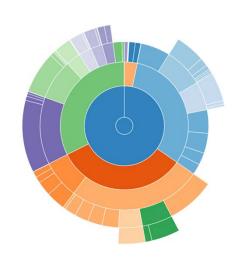


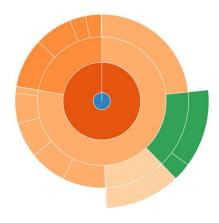


Visualisation

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University of Bern (72332)

06 Faculty of Humanities (12228)

Ancient History and Reception History of the Ancient World (266)



Watermarks

b UNIVERSITÄT BERN

Thema: Geld bewegt Bild.

Heterogenität der Finanzökonomie

DIRK VERDICCHIC

Zur Sexualität in Spielfilmen über die

source: https://doi.org/10.7892/boris.40538

downloaded: 12.12.2016

can be seen as a representation of the financial economy and asks how finance is perceived when it is envisioned by means of sexuality. Referring to George Bataille's concepts of economy, heterogeneity, and erotics he argues that the display of sexuality in these films endangers conventional, bourgoois ideals and values — in Bataille's terms: the financial economy threatens social homogeneity because of an inherent heterogeneity of the stock exchange. According to the analyzed movies, the financial economy is not only the site where the rationality of the economy appears in its purest form, but also the site where this principle collapses and turns into its opposite.

Unsichtbarkeit und Abstraktheit finanzökonomischer Prozesse stellen für Spielilime eine besondere Herausforderung dar. Erstere steht der grundlegenden Eigenschaft photographischer Medien entgegen, die materielle Oberfläche von Objekten aufzuzeichnen und wiederzugeben.

materielle Oberfläche von Objekten aufzuzeichnen und wiederzugeben. [1] Da die Finanzwirtschaft im Wesentlichen eine immaterielle Ökonomie darstellt, sind Filme darauf angewiesen, sicht- und photographierbare Substitute zur Visualisierung der Finanzökonomie zu schaffen. Die Abstraktheit der Finanzökonomie ist dagegen vor allem eine narrative Herausforderung für Spielfilme. Insofern diese meist für ein Publikum produziert werden, das über kein oder nur wenig Expertenwissen von finanzökonomischen Prozessen verfügt, müssen deren Operationen in populäre Erzählungen übersetzt werden, die eine hohe Anschlussfähigkeit besitzen. Versucht man einen Überblick darüber zu erlangen, wie Spielfilme mit diesen Herausforderungen umgehen, wird man an Robert Warshows Beobachtung erinnert, dass Spielfilme, wenn sie dem gleichen Genre zugeordnet werden können oder sich mit ähnlichen Themen befassen, die Tendenz aufweisen. dramatische Muster zu wiederholen - insbesondere wenn diese Muster mit Profiterwartungen verbunden werden können. [2]

Eines dieser sich wiederholenden Elemente sind Szenen, in denen es um bestimmte Formen excueller Aktivitäten gelt und diese entsprechend bebildern. Sexuelle Motive finden sich in den Filmen über die Finanzökonomie so häufig, dass man diese zum konventionellen Repertorie der Filme zählen kann. Dabei handelt es sich um spezifische Ausprägungen der Sexualität, die ich hier als Formen sexueller Zirkulation und Prostitution darnakterisieren möchte – wobei mit Zirkulation der Austausch von Sexualpartnern zwischen verschiedenen finanzökonomischen Akteuren gemeint ist.

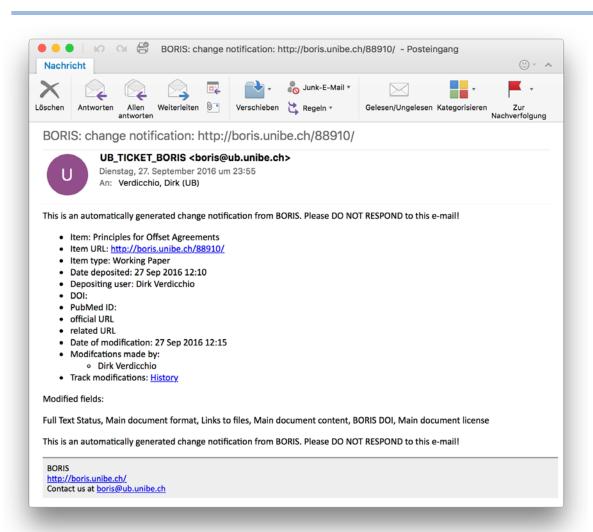
Rheinsprung 11 – Zeitschrift für Bildkritik, © eikones 2013

Ausgabe 05 | Seite 63

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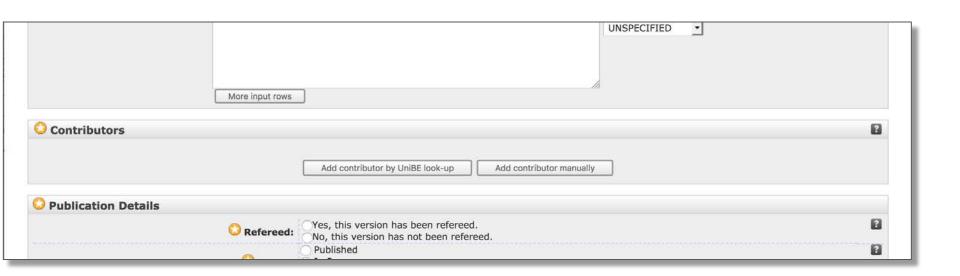


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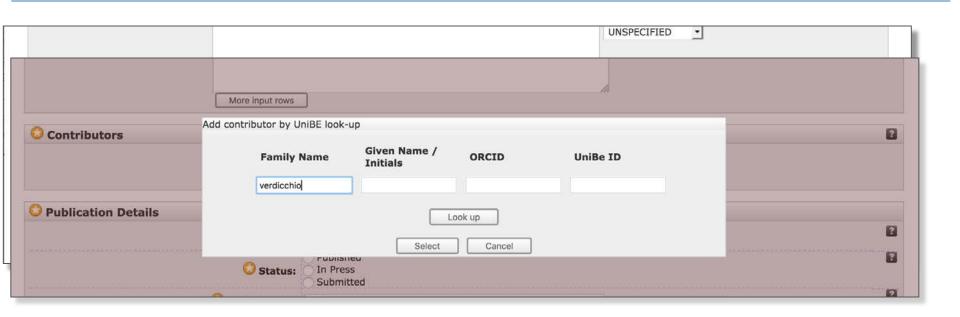


- Identified authors can change items
- Submitter and BORIS team are notified about changes
- Notification service can be switched on and off.

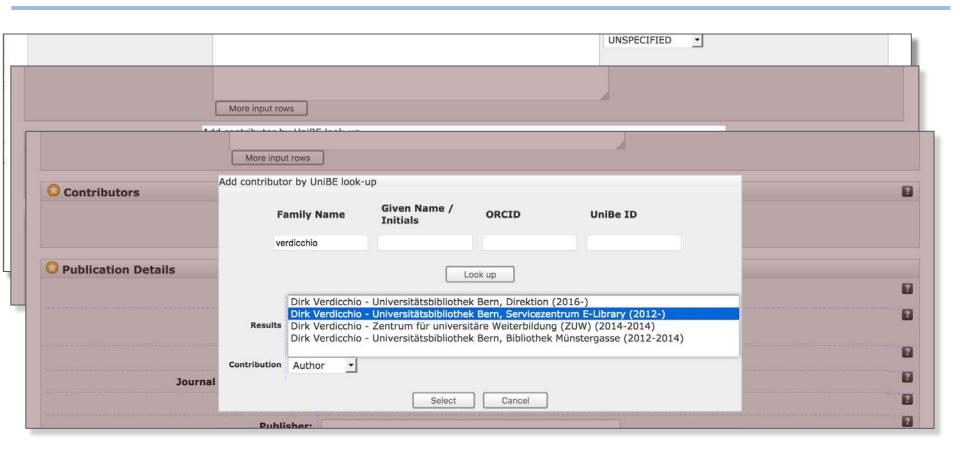




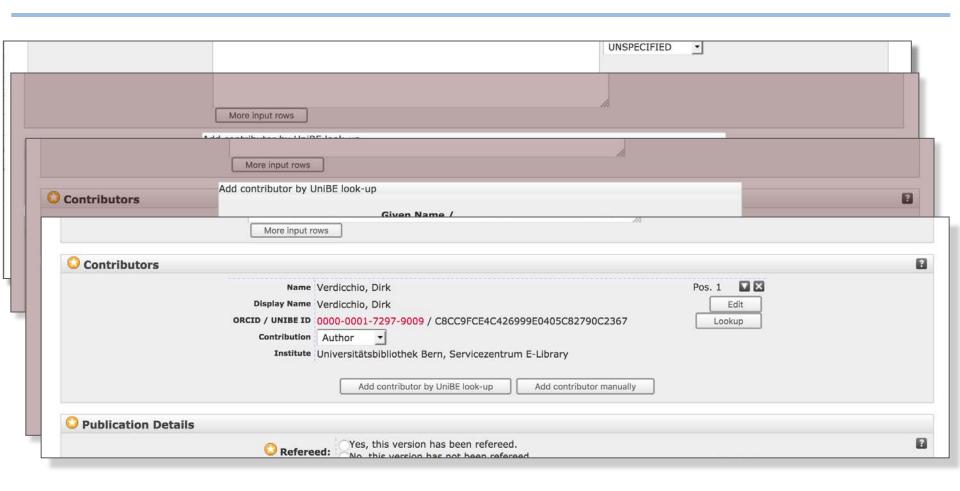














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- Clear identification of members of the university and their affiliations -> bibliographic data can be used for research evaluation without further controls or changes.
- Information is always up-to-date (e.g. when affiliations or names change)
- Other informations systems can use the ORCID from the staff database
- Posibility to automatically match affiliations with ddc classifcations



ORCID

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See also:

- -How to register your ORCiD and link it to BORIS
- -boris-orcid-connect on Vimeo

BORIS (Bern Open Repository and Information System) @

has asked for the following access to your ORCID Record









Update your affiliations

Update your biographical information

Update your works

Update your funding items

Create or update your activities

Read items in your ORCID record

Add a person identifier

Add education or employment

Read your ORCID record

Read your biographical information

Add works

Add funding items

Get your ORCID iD



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As per ORCID's terms and conditions, you may only register for an ORCID iD for yourself.

First name	Dirk	* 0
Last name	Verdicchio	
Email		*
Re-enter email		*
Password		* 2
Confirm password		*

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Weekly summary	~
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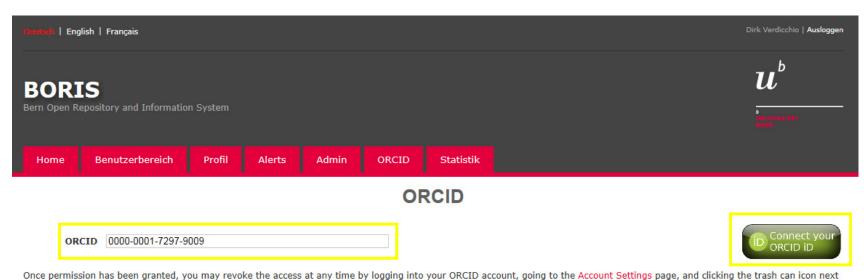
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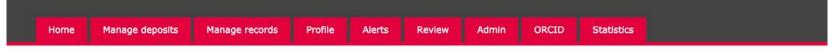




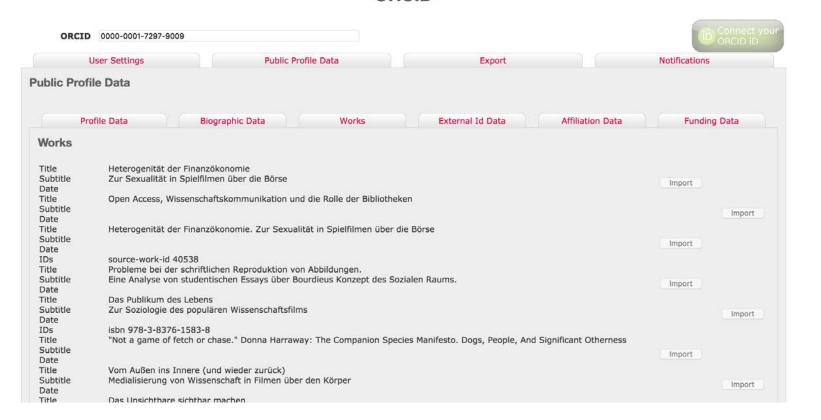


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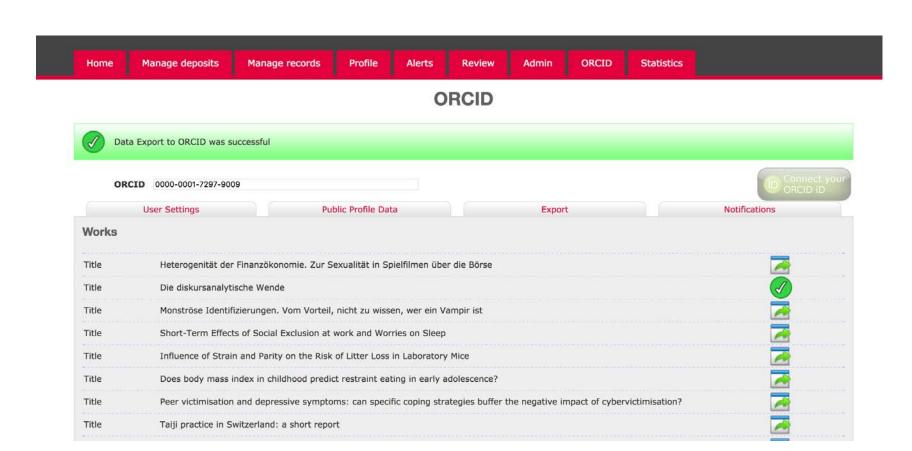




ORCID







Heterogenität der Finanzökonomie. Zur Sexualität in Spielfilmen über die Börse

Rheinsprung 11. Zeitschrift für Bildkritik

2012 | journal-article

SOURCE-WORK-ID: 40538

URL: http://boris.unibe.ch/40538/

Language

URL

German

http://boris.unibe.ch/40538/

Citation (formatted-unspecified)

Rheinsprung 11. Zeitschrift für Bildkritik(5), pp. 63-77. Eikones

Description

In this article, Dirk Verdicchio addresses the display of sexuality in cinematic movies on finance. He argues that the display of sexuality can be seen as a representation of the financial economy and asks how finance is perceived when it is envisioned by means of sexuality. Referring to George Bataille's concepts of economy, heterogeneity, and erotics he argues that the display of sexuality in these films endangers conventional, bourgeois ideals and values – in Bataille's terms: the financial economy threatens social homogeneity because of an inherent heterogeneity of the stock exchange. According to the analyzed movies, the financial economy is not only the site where the rationality of the economy appears in its purest form, but also the site where this principle collapses and turns into its opposite.

Contributor

Created

Verdicchio, Dirk (author, first)

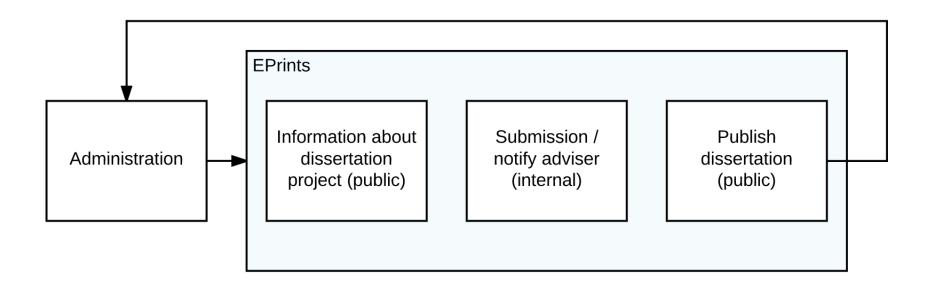
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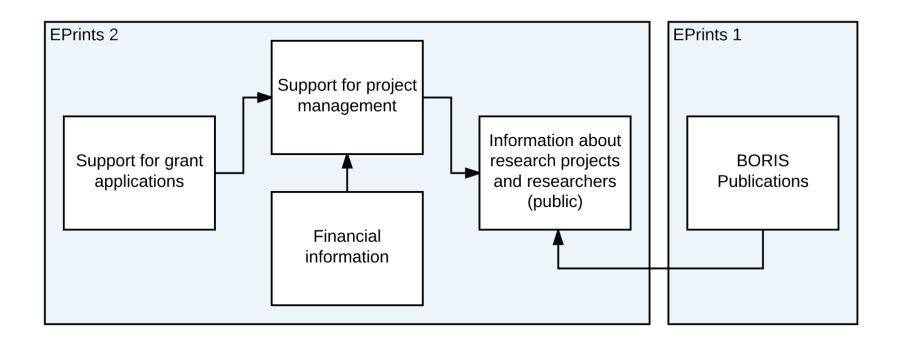


BORIS Theses



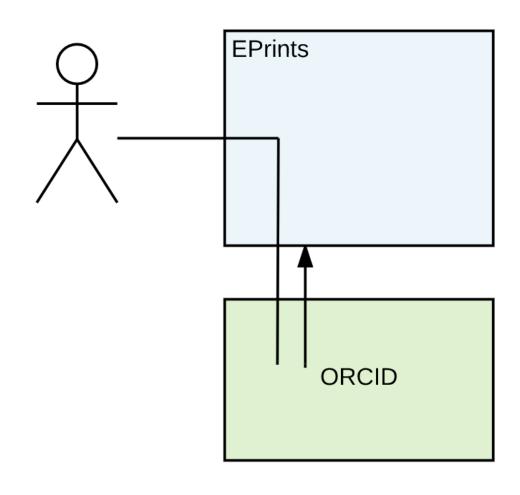


BORIS Projects





BORIS Research Data





University of Basel

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Welcome to edoc

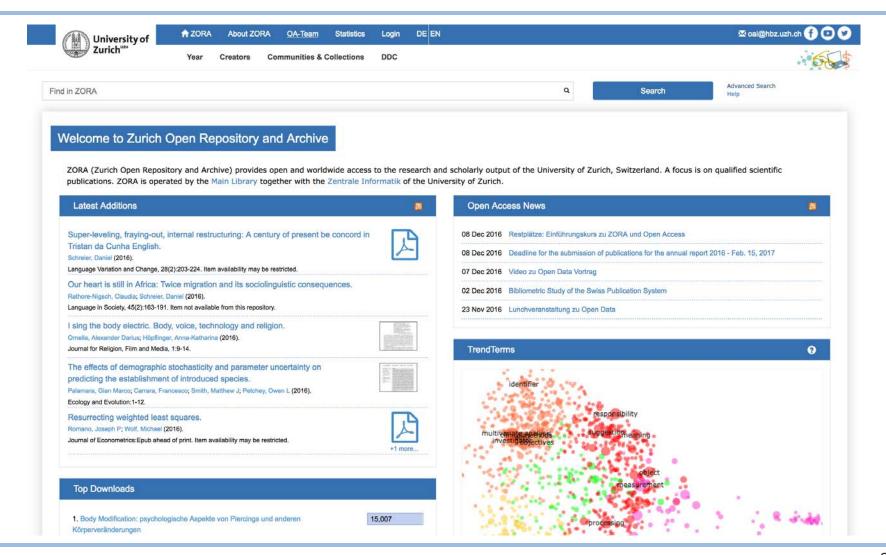
This is the institutional repository of the University of Basel. It provides open access to electronic publications.



edoc supports OAI 2.0 with a base URL of http://edoc.unibas.ch/cgi/oai2



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Forschungsplattform Alexandria

PUBLIKATIONEN

PROJEKTE PERSONEN

Alexandria Blog

ORCID-Integration in die Forschungsplattform

Im Dezember starten wir mit der Entwicklung für die ORCID-Integration in die Forschungsplattform Alexandria. ORCID ist eine eindeutige Identifikation (ID) für Forschende. Alle interessierten... More

Neue Loginpage

Die Loginpage, auf welche man weitergeleitet wird aus der Forschungsplattform Alexandria, erscheint in einem neuen Design: Die neue Seite ist auf mobilen Geräten besser nutzbar. Wie bisher wird die... More

Neue Funktionen: Zitation, Export, alternative Metriken, Newsletter

Das heute veröffentlichte Update der Forschungsplattform enthält neue Funktionen und einige Fehlerkorrekturen: Zitation & Export Auf der Detailseite eines Publikationseintrages erscheint in

Tweets by @HSGResearch

HSGResearch @HSGResearch Competition in the wrong field?

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Lokal, im Ausland oder online? So kaufen die Schweiz, Deutschland und Österreich zu Weihnachten ein unisg.ch/de/wissen/news... #HSG



Universität St.Gallen I Wissen I... Wieviel Geld geben Konsumenten in diesem Jahr für unisg.ch



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Recordings of the 1st Swiss #Research Data Management Day #RDMday16 are online: dlcm.ch/swiss-research... #RDM #OpenData

Egodhack2



Collaboration

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Switzerland

- >Swiss EPrints Interest Group, Regular meetings (OA working group of Swiss libraries) -> exchange of ideas, code, and discussion of collaborations
- >Common meta data scheme (in discussion)
- Collecting APC data (in discussion)

German speaking area (GER, CH, AU)

>Annual German EPrints User Group meetings at Open-Access-Tage

u^{t}

Problems

- > Development is slow. It takes too much time before new features are introduced (e.g. responsive design, ORCID).
- > It's not clear how development is funded. Is there sufficient funding?
- It's not transparent how priorities are set? How are interests outside from the UK included?
- Who can be addressed when there is a need for development? What happens with the code on github? Who will integrate it in an official release?
- It's becoming increasingly difficult to justify the use of Eprints, since there is an impression that Eprints development is discontinued. There are several universities in Switzerland that decided against EPrints because of this (ETHZ, ZHAW), others which are under pressure from university management or are looking for alternatives.
- Communication about developments or plans is poor (at best).

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Questions

- How can the situation be improved?
- How can we contribute in making development faster and communication better?
- How can we make sure that our investments are secured?