texdoc 2.0

An update on creating LaTeX documents from within Stata

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Motivation

- As Stata users, we create many documents that include pieces of Stata output, graphs, or other Stata results in one way or the other.
- Manual inclusion of such elements in documents can be tedious and error prone.
- Good—and efficient—practice is to automate such tasks.
- Some candidates for automation:
 - Yearly reports with a given structure but changing results
 - Research articles containing tables and graphs
 - Documentations of datasets or data analyses
 - Stata Journal articles illustrating the use of Stata commands
 - Stata Press books or other textbooks
 - Solutions to Stata exercises
 - Presentations and class notes

Motivation

• There are two main reasons for automation.

1. Efficiency

Do manual work only once.

2. Reproducibility

- As scientists, we want complete documentation of data production and data analysis.
- Automation makes errors less likely (and makes the detection of errors more likely).
- As a side effect, automation leads to standardization, which is usually a good idea for high quality and reliable science.

The texdoc command

- texdoc is a command that supports such automation.
- With texdoc you can maintain a single do-file that contains
 - the Stata code of your data analysis and
 - the text for your report/article/book etc.
- Processing the do-file with texdoc will run the analysis and create the source file of your document, containing text and results.
- texdoc is for use with LATEX.
 - ► LATEX has a somewhat steep learning curve, but is very flexible once you master it.
 - ► The end product usually is a PDF. Hence, texdoc is not a tool, for example, for producing websites.
- texdoc has been around for some time.
 - Earlier versions, however, were only useful for small/simple documents.
 - ▶ The new version has many improvements and additional features.
 - The most important new feature is the possibility to turn Stata code on an off

The texdoc do command

 The basic procedure is to write a do-file including Stata commands and sections of LATEX code and then process the do-file by:

```
texdoc do filename [, options]
```

- The output of texdoc do will be a source file that can then be processed by a LATEX compiler to generate the final document.
- To facilitate the workflow, a good idea is to set up a keyboard shortcut in your text editor, say Ctrl+R, that grabs the current do-file and processes it by texdoc do.
- texdoc do can be nested. In complex documents it may be desirable
 to include parts of the code in separates files. Use texdoc do to call
 these files within your master do-file. This also works if the master
 do-file itself is processed by texdoc do.

Structure of a texdoc do-file

• The basic structure of a do-file to be processed by texdoc do is

```
texdoc init docname [, options]
... Stata commands ...
/***
... LATEX section ...
***/
... Stata commands ...
/***
... LATEX section ...
***/
... etc. ...
texdoc close
```

Structure of a texdoc do-file

The command

```
texdoc <u>i</u>nit docname [, options]
```

initializes the LATEX document and specifies general settings.

- ▶ docname is the name of the LATEX file be written to
- options may be used, e.g., to specify folders for log files and graphs and determine the rules for naming the files. Furthermore, the default behavior of the texdoc stlog (see below) can be set.
- texdoc init can be applied repeatedly within a do-file (omitting docname) to change the settings between different sections of the do-file.
- The command

texdoc close

closes the LATEX document. As texdoc do automatically closes the LATEX document, texdoc close is usually not needed.

Structure of a texdoc do-file

Use

```
/***
... LATEX section ...
***/
```

to included a section of text and LATEX code in the document. You may also type

```
/*tex
... LATEX section ...
tex*/
```

The text within such a section will not be interpreted by Stata. That is, you cannot use Stata macros within such a section.

Including output from Stata commands

The syntax to include output from Stata commands in the LATEX document is

```
texdoc init docname
...

texdoc stlog [name] [, options]
... Stata commands ...

texdoc stlog close
...

texdoc close
```

- ▶ All output form the commands between texdoc stlog and texdoc stlog close will be written to a separate log file that is then included, with proper formatting, in the LATEX document.
- You may provide a stable <u>name</u> for the output section or have texdoc make a name up on the fly.

Including output from Stata commands

- The *options* of texdoc stlog determine what exactly is done with the commands in the output section.
- Some options are:
 - nodo to skip executing the commands. This is an extremely useful option as it allows you to skip rerunning the commands once an output section is all set.
 - cmdstrip to remove the command lines form the output (i.e. only print the output without commands).
 - cmdlog to print only the commands without output.
 - etc.
- All options can also be specified with texdoc init to set the default behavior. Each option has a complementary form so that the chosen defaults can be overridden.
 - For example, specify option nodo with texdoc init to turn all commands off, but then specify option do with texdoc stlog to turn the commands back on in a specific output section.

Including graphs

 Graphs created within a texdoc stlog section can be included in the document as follows:

```
texdoc stlog
... Stata commands creating a graph ...
texdoc stlog close
texdoc graph [, graph_options]
```

- ▶ By default, texdoc graph exports the graph from the topmost graph window and includes code in the LATEX document to display the graph.
- ▶ texdoc graph takes account of the settings of texdoc stlog. For example, if the nodo option has been specified (and, hence, no graph was created), texdoc graph only includes appropriate code in the LATEX document without trying to export the graph.

Including graphs

- graph_options determine how the graph is exported and how it is embedded in the LATEX document. Default graph options can also be specified with texdoc init.
- Some options are:
 - as (fileformats) to set the output format(s). The default is as (pdf).
 - name (name) to specify the name of the graph window to be exported.
 - optargs(args) to pass optional arguments through to the LATEX graph command.
 - figure [(args)] to include the graph in a (floating) figure environment
 - **caption**(*string*) to provide a caption for the figure.
 - ▶ label(*string*) to provide a cross-reference label for the figure.
 - etc.

Some further commands

LATEX:

- ▶ texdoc write textline to write a single line of LATEX code. Stata macros within textline will be interpreted.
- texdoc append *filename* to include LATEX code from an external file.

Output sections:

- texdoc stlog [name] using do-file [, options] to include Stata output from an external do-file.
- texdoc stlog oom command to suppress output from a command and include an output-omitted tag.
- texdoc stlog cnp to include a continued-on-next-page tag.

• Other:

- // texdoc exit to exit a texdoc do-file.
- texdoc strip filename newname to remove all texdoc elements from a do-file.

Examples

Some limitations

- Much effort has been put into making texdoc general and robust (for example, inline comments or commands such as cd or clear all do not disturb texdoc).
- Nonetheless, there are a number of limitations. Some of these limitations are:
 - texdoc commands should always start on a new line, with texdoc being the first (non-comment) word on the line.
 - texdoc only provides limited support for the semicolon command delimiter. Do not use semicolons to delimit texdoc commands.
 - texdoc processes the do-file piece by piece, from one LATEX block to the next. Therefore, local macros will only be available until the next LATEX block.
 - texdoc does not parse the contents of a do-file that is called from the main do-file using the do command. Use texdoc do to include nested do-files.
 - texdoc closes the default log if it is on. Use a named log to log a Stata session in which texdoc is applied.

Paper and Software

- Working paper (forthcoming in the Stata Journal)
 - http://ideas.repec.org/p/bss/wpaper/14.html
- Software (SSC archive)
 - http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s457021.html
- Installation:
 - ▶ In Stata type:
 - . ssc install texdoc
 - . net install sjlatex, from(http://www.stata-journal.com/production)
 - ► To compile a LATEX document containing Stata output you also need to install the Stata LATEX files on your system and load the stata package in your LATEX document (\usepackage{stata}).
 - ▶ In Stata, use the sjlatex install command to download and install the Stata LATEX files (either to the working directory or to the local search tree of your LATEX installation).