# Dependency of Geodynamic Parameters on the GNSS Constellation

S. Scaramuzza, R. Dach, G. Beutler, D. Arnold, A. Jäggi

Astronomical Institute, University of Bern, Switzerland

Session: Plenary #06 — Reference Frame IGS Workshop, 08.–12. February 2016, Sydney, Australia

## Overview

#### Introduction and Motivation

Geocenter Parameters

Earth Rotation Parameters

#### Summary and Conclusion













• The daily NEQs may be setup with ERP and GCC parameters per satellite.

- The daily NEQs may be setup with ERP and GCC parameters per satellite.
- Since GPS week 1842 (May 2015) CODE constructs NEQ-files with
  - plane-wise ERP (6 for GPS and 3 for GLONASS), and
  - satellite-wise GCC parameters.

S. Scaramuzza et al.: Dependency of Geodynamic Parameters on the GNSS Constellation IGS Workshop. 08.–12. February 2016. Sydney. Australia

- The daily NEQs may be setup with ERP and GCC parameters per satellite.
- Since GPS week 1842 (May 2015) CODE constructs NEQ-files with
  - plane-wise ERP (6 for GPS and 3 for GLONASS), and
  - satellite-wise GCC parameters.
- By parameter stacking
  - the IGS solution with one set of ERP and GCC parameters,

#### may be constructed.

- The daily NEQs may be setup with ERP and GCC parameters per satellite.
- Since GPS week 1842 (May 2015) CODE constructs NEQ-files with
  - plane-wise ERP (6 for GPS and 3 for GLONASS), and
  - satellite-wise GCC parameters.
- By parameter stacking
  - the IGS solution with one set of ERP and GCC parameters,
  - system-specific ERP and GCC solutions,

#### may be constructed.

- The daily NEQs may be setup with ERP and GCC parameters per satellite.
- Since GPS week 1842 (May 2015) CODE constructs NEQ-files with
  - plane-wise ERP (6 for GPS and 3 for GLONASS), and
  - satellite-wise GCC parameters.
- By parameter stacking
  - the IGS solution with one set of ERP and GCC parameters,
  - system-specific ERP and GCC solutions,
  - . . .

Dependency of Geodynamic Parameters on the GNSS Constellation ... February 2016. Sydney, Australia

5. Scaramuzza et al.: IGS Workshop, 08.–13 may be constructed.











#### Introduction and Motivation

#### Geocenter Parameters

Earth Rotation Parameters

Summary and Conclusion









#### Formal errors for GCC estimates: Z component



#### Formal errors for GCC estimates: Z component

Astronomical Institute, University of Bern **AIUB** Slide 8 of 20



#### Formal errors for GCC estimates: Z component

Introduction and Motivation

Geocenter Parameters

#### Earth Rotation Parameters

Summary and Conclusion







Formal errors for ERP estimates: X component



S. Scaramuzza et al. IGS Workshop. 08.–1





















Formal errors for ERP estimates: Y component



Formal errors for ERP estimates: Y component































































- The setup of satellite-, plane-, or GNSS-specific ERP- and/or GCC-parameters was implemented.
  - It is enabled for internal purposes in the operational solution since May 2015 and the most recent reprocessing (see Poster by Sušnik et al.).
  - The results from a GNSS-specific setup on the NEQ-level are equivalent to independent GNSS-specific solutions.

- The setup of satellite-, plane-, or GNSS-specific ERP- and/or GCC-parameters was implemented.
- There is almost no contribution from GLONASS to a combined GPS+GLONASS GCC series (Z-component).
  - Meindl et al (2013): due to the inclination of GLONASS satellites (64°) the Sun may be almost perpendicular above the orbital plane, which results in a direct correlation with dynamic orbit parameters.



- The setup of satellite-, plane-, or GNSS-specific ERP- and/or GCC-parameters was implemented.
- There is almost no contribution from GLONASS to a combined GPS+GLONASS GCC series (Z-component).
- The GLONASS contribution to the ERPs is mainly limited by the three-plane constellation.
  - The ERP results from the GLONASS constellation are comparable to solutions with a synthetic three-plane GPS constellation.
  - The geometric effect changes in time due to the regression of the nodes of the satellite's orbital planes.

- The setup of satellite-, plane-, or GNSS-specific ERP- and/or GCC-parameters was implemented.
- There is almost no contribution from GLONASS to a combined GPS+GLONASS GCC series (Z-component).
- The GLONASS contribution to the ERPs is mainly limited by the three-plane constellation.
- Similar limitations may be expected for Galileo and the MEO-constellation of BeiDou.
- With a full multi-GNSS analysis the constellation effect should beheavily reduced, ideally eliminated.

